



SuperServer[®] SYS-121H-TNR



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.1a

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Preface

About this Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the server. Installation and maintenance should be performed by certified service technicians only.

Please refer to the SYS-121H-TNR server specifications page on our website for updates on supported memory, processors, and operating systems (<http://www.supermicro.com>).

Notes

For your system to work properly, please follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>
- Product drivers and utilities: <https://www.supermicro.com/wdl>
- Product safety info: http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

If you have any questions, please contact our support team at:
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This manual may be periodically updated without notice. Please check the Supermicro website for possible updates to the manual revision level.

Secure Data Deletion

A secure data deletion tool designed to fully erase all data from storage devices can be found on our website: https://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/disclaimer.cfm?url=/wdl/utility/Lot9_Secure_Data_Deletion_Utility/

Warnings

Special attention should be given to the following symbols used in this manual.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered when performing a procedure.



Warning! Indicates hazardous moving parts may be encountered while handling a fan or components near a fan.

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BSMI/RoHS151

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the SuperServer SYS-121H-TNR. The CSE-HS119-R1K24P2 chassis provides up to twelve configurable SAS/SATA/NVMe drive bays with an optional front bezel. An overview of the system is listed below.

System Overview	
Motherboard	X13DEM
Chassis	CSE-HS119-R1K24P2
Processor Support	Supports dual 4th and 5th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors (in Socket E LGA 4677) with four UPIs (maximum 20 GT/s) and a thermal design power (TDP) up to 350 W; SP XCC, SP MCC, and Max Series (HBM) SKUs supported
Memory	Up to 8 TB of 3DS RDIMM/RDIMM DDR5 (288-pin) ECC memory 4 th Gen: Up to 4800 MT/s in 16 DIMM slots (DDR5-4400 MT/s when fully populated) 5 th Gen: Up to 5600 MT/s in 16 DIMM slots (DDR5-4400 MT/s when fully populated)
Chipset	Intel C741
Drive Support	Eight 2.5" SAS/SATA/NVMe drives Optional additional four 2.5" SAS/SATA/NVMe drives (see section 6.3 for options) Two M.2 NVMe PCIe 3.0 x2/SATA3 hybrid ports in the 2280 and 22110 form factors One VROC key header
Expansion Slots	Two PCIe 5.0 x16 FH, 10.5"L One PCIe 5.0 x16 FHHL
I/O Ports	One AIOM (Slim) slot for flexible networking (OCP 3.0 compatible) One RJ45 dedicated BMC LAN port Two rear USB 2.0 and one front USB 3.1 One VGA port (1 rear)
System Cooling	Eight 4-cm heavy duty fans with optimal fan speed control Two air shrouds
Power	Two default redundant power supplies: 1200 W (Titanium Level)
Form Factor	1U rackmount 1.7 x 17.2 x 29.3 in / 43 x 437 x 746 mm (H x W x D)

Notes: A Quick Reference Guide can be found on the [product page](#) of the Supermicro website. The following safety models associated with the SYS-121H-TNR have been certified as compliant with UL or CSA: HS119-R12X13, HS119-R16X13, HS119-R20X13, HS119-R26X13, HS119-R13DX13, HS119-R16DX13, HS119-12, HS119-16, HS119-20, HS119-26, HS119-13D, HS119-16D.

1.2 System Features

The following views of the system display the main features. Refer to [Appendix B](#) for additional specifications.

Front View

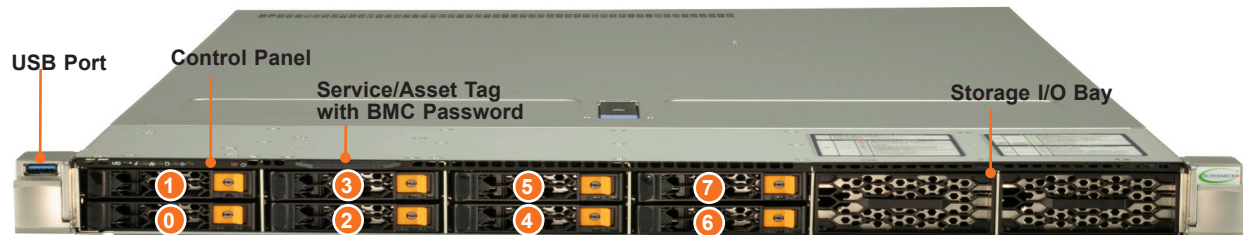


Figure 1-1. Front View

System Features: Front	
Feature	Description
USB	One USB 3.1 port
Control Panel	One control panel
Storage I/O Bay	Additional storage I/O bays
Asset Tag	Service/Asset Tag with BMC Password

Logical Storage Drive Numbers	
Item	Description
0 _ 3	Four hot-swap 2.5" NVMe/SATA3/SAS3 drive bays (NVMe from CPU1)
4 _ 7	Four hot-swap 2.5" NVMe/SATA3/SAS3 drive bays (NVMe from CPU2)

*See [section 6.3](#) for optional configurations and part numbers.

Drive Carriers

Each drive carrier has two LED indicators: an activity indicator and a status indicator. For RAID configurations using a controller, the meaning of the status indicator is described in the table below. For OS RAID or non-RAID configurations, some LED indications are not supported, such as hot spare.

Drive Carrier LED Indicator			
	Color	Blinking Pattern	Behavior for Device
Activity LED	Blue	Solid On	Idle SAS/NVMe drive installed
	Blue	Blinking	I/O activity
	Off		Idle SATA or no drive
Status LED	Red	Solid On	Failure of drive with VROC support
	Red	Blinking at 1 Hz	Rebuild drive with VROC support
	Red	Blinking with two blinks and one stop at 1 Hz	Hot spare for drive with VROC support
	Red	On for five seconds, then off	Power on for drive with VROC support
	Red	Blinking at 4 Hz	Identify drive with VROC support
	Green	Solid On	Safe to remove NVMe device
	Amber	Blinking at 1 Hz	Do not remove NVMe device
	Off		Idle SATA or no drive

Note: Enterprise level disk drives are recommended for use in Supermicro chassis and servers. For information on recommended drives, see the Supermicro website, <http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/files/storage/SBB-HDDCompList.pdf>.

Control Panel

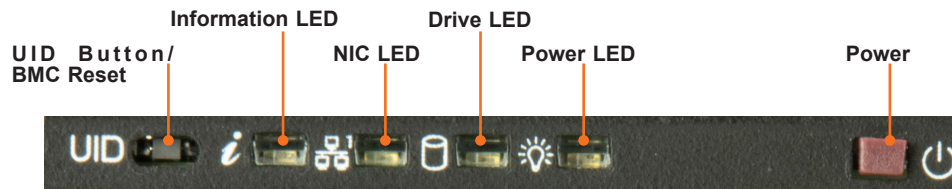


Figure 1-2. Control Panel

Control Panel Features	
Feature	Description
UID button/ BMC reset	The unit identification (UID) button turns on or off the blue light function of the Information LED. This button can also be used to reset the BMC.
Information LED	Alerts operator to several states, as noted in the table below.
NIC LED	Indicates network activity on LANs when flashing.
Drive LED	Indicates activity on the storage drives when flashing.
Power LED	Steady on – Power on Blinking at 4 Hz – Checking BIOS/BMC integrity Blinking at 4 Hz and "i" LED is blue – BIOS firmware updating Two blinks at 4 Hz, one pause 2 Hz and "i" LED blue – BMC firmware updating Blinking at 1 Hz and "i" LED red – Fault detected
Power button	The main power switch applies or removes primary power from the power supply to the server but maintains standby power. Hold for four seconds to force a shut-down.

Information LED	
Color, Status	Description
Red, solid	An overheat condition has occurred.
Red, blinking at 1 Hz	Fan failure, check for an inoperative fan.
Red, blinking at 0.25 Hz	Power failure, check for a non-operational power supply.
Red, solid, with Power LED blinking green	Fault detected
Blue and red, blinking at 10 Hz	Recovery mode
Blue, solid	UID has been activated locally to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blue, blinking at 1 Hz	UID has been activated using the BMC to locate the server in a rack environment.
Blue, blinking at 2 Hz	BMC is resetting
Blue, blinking at 4 Hz	BMC is setting factory defaults
Blue, blinking at 10 Hz with Power LED blinking green	BMC/BIOS firmware is updating

Rear View

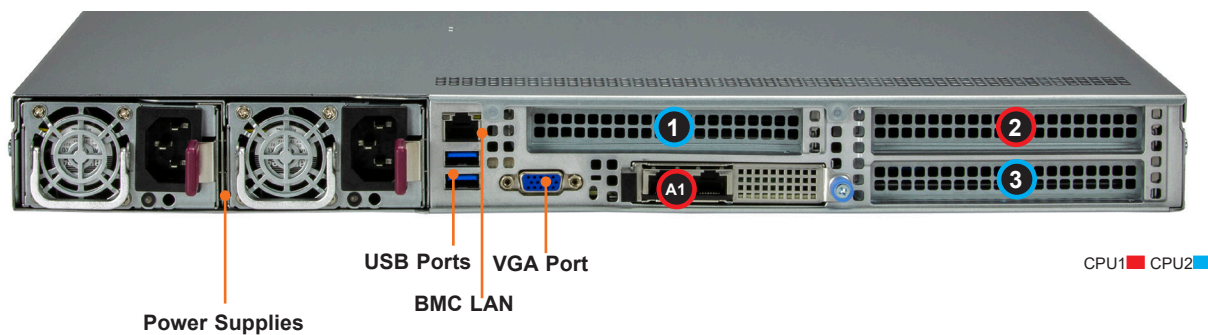


Figure 1-3. System: Rear View

System Features: Rear	
Feature	Description
Power Supplies	Two redundant power supply modules, PWS1 on the left, PWS2 on the right
USB	Two USB 2.0 ports
BMC LAN Port	One RJ45 dedicated BMC LAN port
VGA	VGA Port

Expansion Card Slots	
Item	Description (all PCIe 5.0)
A1	AIOM/OCP NIC 3.0 Slot
1	x16 Slot (FH, 6.6"L)
2	x16 Slot (FH, 10.5"L)
3	x16 Slot (FH, 10.5"L)

*Expansion slot capabilities are affected by the storage drive configurations.

Power Supply Indicators		
Power Supply Condition	Green LED	Amber LED
No AC power to power supply	Off	Off
Power supply critical events causing a shutdown, failure, OCP, OVP, fan fail, OTP, or UVP	Off	On
Power supply warning events where the power supply continues to operate such as high temperature, over voltage, and under voltage	Off	1 Hz Blinking
AC present only 12 VSB on (power supply off)	1 Hz Blinking	Off
Output on and OK	On	Off
AC cord unplugged and in redundant mode	Off	On

1.3 System Architecture

This section covers the locations of the system's main components and a system block diagram.

Main Components

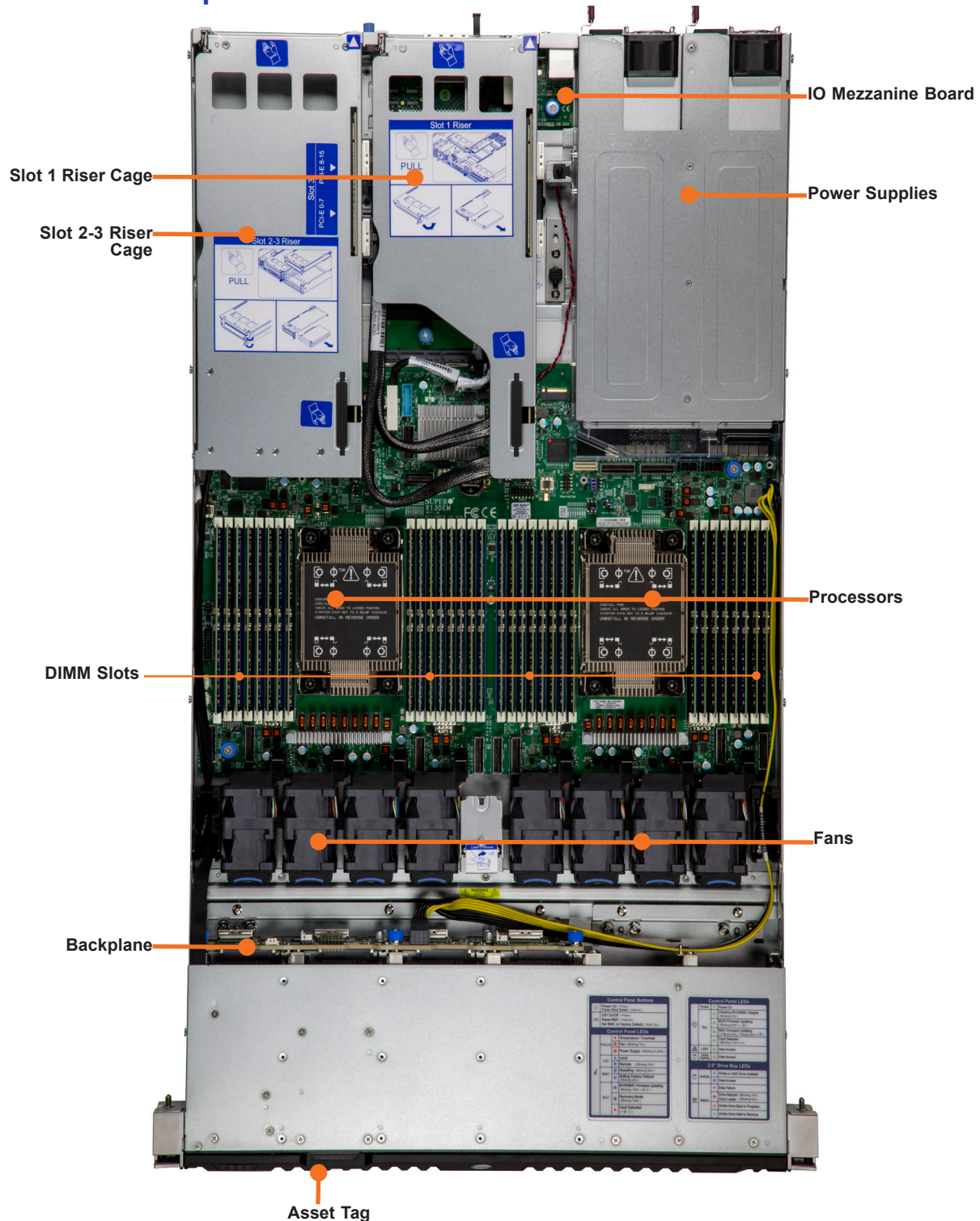


Figure 1-4. Main Component Locations

System Features: Top	
Feature	Description
I/O Mezzanine Board	Mezzanine board providing USB, LAN, and VGA ports
Power Supplies	Dual redundant modules, PWS-1K24A-1R
Processors	Dual Intel Xeon® Scalable Processors with heatsinks, SNK-P0087V
Fans	Eight 4-cm dual counter-rotating PWM fans, FAN-0216L4-1
Slot 1 Riser Cage	Riser Cage for one PCIe slot with riser card RSC-H-6G5L
Slot 2-3 Riser Cage	Riser Cage for two PCIe slots with riser card RSC-H-66G5L
DIMM Slots	32 DIMM memory slots
Backplane	Eight SAS3/SATA3/NVMe4 storage device backplane, BPN-NVME5-HS119N-S8L
Asset Tag	Pull tag with serial number / BMC ADMIN password

System Block Diagram

The block diagram below shows the connections and relationships between the subsystems and major components of the overall system.

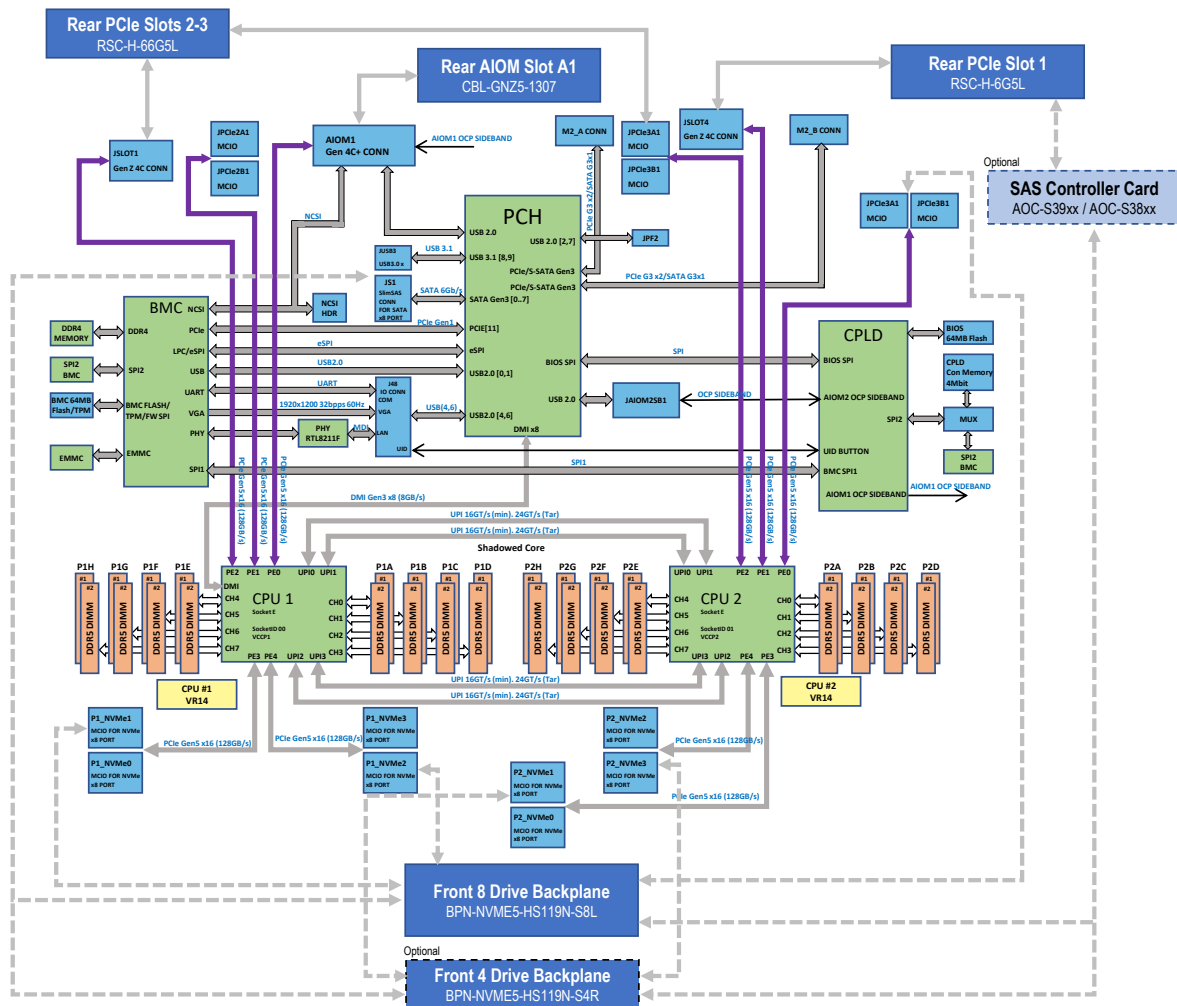


Figure 1-5. System Block Diagram

Quick Reference Table

Jumper	Description	Setting
JBT1	CMOS Clear	Open (Normal)
JRU1	UID LED/System Reset Jumper	Pins 1/2: UID LED (Default), Pins 3/4: System Reset

LED	Description	Status
LED1 (UID-LED)	Unit Identifier (UID) LED	Solid Blue: Unit Identified
LED2 (LEDPWR)	Power LED	LED On: Onboard Power On
LEDBMC (LEDM1)	BMC Heartbeat LED	Blinking Green: BMC Normal (Active), Solid Green: (During BMC Reset or during a Cold Reboot)

Connector	Description
Battery (BT1)	Onboard battery
BMCLAN/USB/VGA (JIO1)	Low-profile (LP) Slim SAS I/O connector used for dedicated BMC LAN/USB/VGA connections
FAN1-FAN8	Eight 6-pin cooling fan headers (FAN1-FAN8)
FAN9-FAN10	Two 4-pin cooling fan headers (FAN9-FAN10)
JAIOM1 (P1_PE0 15-0)	Supermicro Advanced Input/Output Module (AIOM) PCIe 5.0 x16 connector for rear I/O support
JAIOM2SB1	Supermicro Advanced Input/Output Module (AIOM2) sideband connector
JFP1	Front Control Panel header
JFP2	Front Control Panel header with USB and VGA support
JPMW1 - JPMW9	+12 V power connectors 1-9
JPWR1 and JPWR4	6-pin power connectors
PS1/PS2	Power Supply Unit 1/Power Supply Unit 2 for system power use
JIPMB1 (JF3_JIPMB1)	6-pin BMC external I2C header
JL1	Chassis Intrusion header
JNCSI1	NC-SI (Network Controller Sideband Interface) connector
JNVI2C1	NVMe SMBus I2C header used for PCIe SMBus clock and data connections with hot-plug support.
JNVVPP1	NVMe VPP SMBus (System Management Bus) with hot-plug support
JTPM1	Trusted Platform Module/Port 80 connector
JRSI2C1	Auxiliary I ² C header used for PCIe cards to allow the BMC/BIOS to read information from internal drives or FRUs (Field Replaceable Units) effectively

Note: For details on how to configure Network Interface Card (NIC) settings, please refer to the Network Interface Card Configuration User's Guide posted on our website under the link: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>.

M.2-H1/M.2-H2	PCIe 3.0 x2/SATA3 Hybrid M.2 slots (with support of M-Key 2280, and 22110)
MH1/MH9	Mounting holes for built-in thumbscrews used to securely attach the motherboard to the chassis (Refer to the motherboard layout for mounting hole detailed information.)
MH2/MH3/MH4/MH5/ MH10/MH11/MH12	Mounting holes for T-pins used to help lock the motherboard to the proper location in the chassis (Refer to the motherboard layout for mounting hole detailed information.)
MH15 - MH19	Mounting holes for standoffs used for heatsink support (Refer to the motherboard layout for mounting hole detailed information.)
P1_NVME 0-3	(P1) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connectors supported by CPU1 with four NVMe connections (0/1/2/3)
P2_NVME 0-3	(P2) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connectors supported by CPU2 with four NVMe connections (0/1/2/3)
P1_PE0 15-0 (JAIOM1)	PCIe 5.0 x16 AIOM (OCP3.0-compliant) slot supported by CPU1
P1_PE1 7-0 (JPCIE2A1)	(P1) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connector
P1_PE1 15-8 (JPCIE2B1)	(P1) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connector supported by CPU1
P1_PE2 15-0 (JPCIE1)	(P1-SLOT1) PCIe 5.0 x16 slot supported by CPU1
P2_PE0 0-7 (JPCIE5A1)	(P2) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connector supported by CPU2
P2_PE0 8-15 (JPCIE5B1)	(P2) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connector supported by CPU2
P2_PE1 15-0 (JPCIE4)	(P2-SLOT2) PCIe 5.0 x16 slot supported by CPU2
P2_PE2 0-7 (JPCIE3A1)	(P2) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connector supported by CPU2
P2_PE2 8-15 (JPCIE3B1)	(P2) PCIe 5.0 x8 MCIO connector supported by CPU2
SATA 0-7 (JS1)	SlimSAS LP (MCIO) connector with support for eight Intel® PCH SATA 3.0 connections (RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 5, and RAID 10 supported)
USB2/3 (3.2) (JUSB3)	Rear USB header with support for two USB 3.2 Gen1 ports
VROC RAID Key (JRK1)	Intel VROC key header for NVMe RAID support (See the note below.)

Note: For detailed instructions on how to configure VROC RAID settings, please refer to the VROC RAID Configuration User's Guide posted on the webpage under the link: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>.

Chapter 2

Server Installation

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your system in a server rack. If your system is not already fully integrated with processors, system memory, etc., refer to [Chapter 3](#) for details on installing those specific components.

Important: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to PCBs (printed circuit boards), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges and keep them in anti-static bags when not in use.

2.1 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box in which the system was shipped, and note if it was damaged in any way. If any equipment appears damaged, file a damage claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise, and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted or in [Appendix A](#).

2.2 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the system was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Please read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The system should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise, and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (approximately 25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).

- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2 of the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.
- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time - extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

Server Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in [Appendix A](#).
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack *before* you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.
- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations



Warning! Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions. Do not put any load on the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position. Do not leave the slide-rail mounted equipment in the installation position.



Avertissement! Danger d'instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves. Avant d'étendre le rack en position d'installation, lire les instructions d'installation. Ne pas charger l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation. Ne pas laisser l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation.

Important: To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.
- Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a work space.
- Do not pick up the server with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (TMRA).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).

Particulate and Gaseous Contamination Limits

Data centers should meet the following requirements to maintain proper air quality.

Particulate Contamination Specifications

All sources of dust inside data centers should be reduced or eliminated. Dust having a deliquescent relative humidity of less than the maximum allowable relative humidity should be filtered out.

The cleanliness of data centers must adhere to ISO Standard 14644-1 Class 8 (ISO 2015) to be within 95% of the levels specified below:

- Each cubic meter of air should contain no more than 3,520,000 particles that are equal to or greater than 0.5 μm in diameter.
- Each cubic meter of air should contain no more than 832,000 particles that are equal to or greater than 1 μm in diameter.
- Each cubic meter of air should contain no more than 29,300 particles that are equal to or greater than 5 μm in diameter.

This level of cleanliness can generally be achieved by an appropriate filtration scheme, as outlined below:

- The room air should be continuously filtered with MERV 8 filters, as recommended by AHRI Standard 1360 (2017).
- The air entering the data center should be filtered with MERV 11 to MERV 13 filters.

Gaseous Contamination Specifications

The total gaseous contamination, i.e., copper and silver corrosion rates, should not exceed ANSI/ISA Standard 71.04-2013, severity level G1 (mild) as described below:

- A copper reactivity rate of less than 300 Å/month.
- A silver reactivity rate of less than 200 Å/month.

2.3 Installing the Rails

This section provides information on installing the chassis into a rack unit with the rails provided. There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may mean that the assembly procedure will differ slightly from the instructions provided. You should also refer to the installation instructions that came with the rack unit you are using.

Note: This rail will fit a rack between 26.8" and 36.4" deep.

Identifying the Rails

The chassis package includes two rail assemblies. Each assembly consists of three sections: An inner rail that secures directly to the chassis, an outer rail that secures to the rack, and a middle rail which extends from the outer rail. These assemblies are specifically designed for the left and right side of the chassis and labeled.

Important: Do not pick up the server by the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

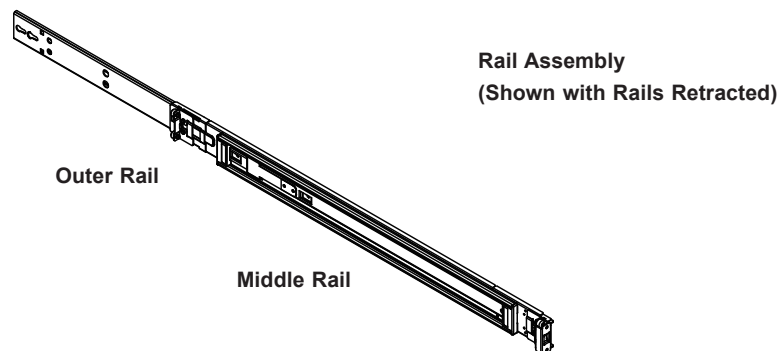


Figure 2-1. Identifying the Outer Rail, Middle Rail and Inner Rail
(Left Rail Assembly Shown)

Note: Both front chassis rails and the rack rails have a locking tab, which serves two functions. First, it locks the chassis into place when installed and pushed fully into the rack (its normal operating position). In addition, these tabs lock the chassis in place when fully extended from the rack. This prevents the chassis from coming completely out of the rack when pulled out for servicing.

Releasing the Inner Rail

Each inner rail has a locking latch. This latch prevents the chassis from coming completely out of the rack when the chassis is pulled out for servicing.

To mount the rail onto the chassis, first release the inner rail from the outer rails.

1. Pull the inner rail out of the outer rail until it is fully extended as illustrated below.
2. Press the locking tab down to release the inner rail.
3. Pull the inner rail all the way out.

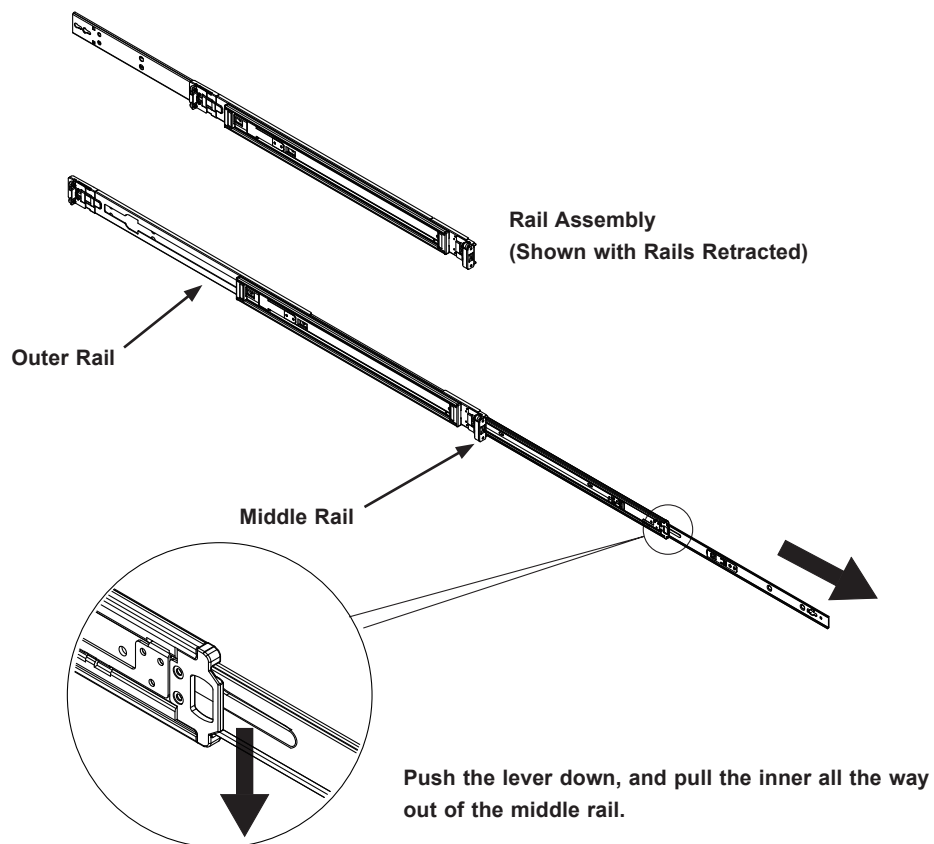


Figure 2-2. Extending and Releasing the Inner Rail

Installing the Inner Rails

Begin the rack mounting procedure by installing the inner rails to the chassis.

Important: Do not pick up the chassis with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

1. Identify the left and right inner rails. They are labeled.
2. Place the inner rail firmly against the side of the chassis, aligning the hooks on the side of the chassis with the holes in the inner rail.
3. Slide the inner rail forward toward the front of the chassis and under the hooks until the quick release bracket snaps into place, securing the rail to the chassis.
4. Optionally, you can further secure the inner rail to the chassis with a screw.

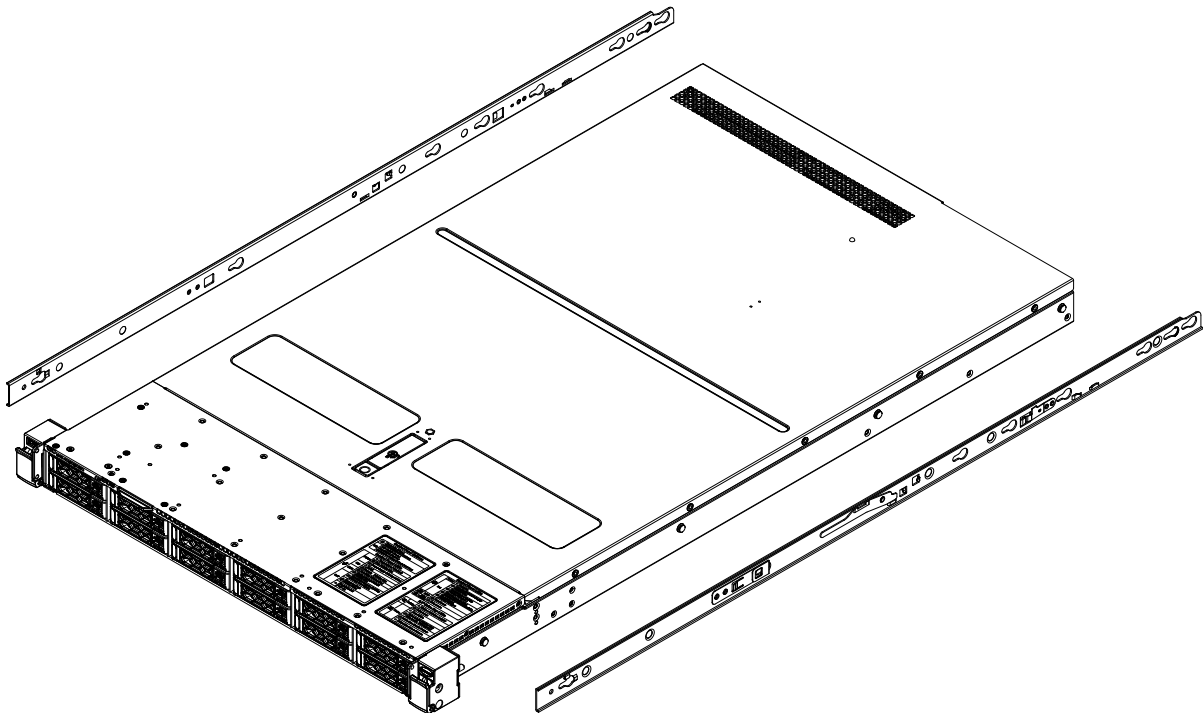


Figure 2-3. Installing the Rails

Installing the Outer Rails onto the Rack

Installing the Outer Rails

1. Press upward on the locking tab at the rear end of the middle rail.
2. Push the middle rail back into the outer rail.
3. Hang the hooks on the front of the outer rail onto the square holes on the front of the rack. If desired, use screws to secure the outer rails to the rack.
4. Pull out the rear of the outer rail, adjusting the length until it just fits within the posts of the rack.
5. Hang the hooks of the rear section of the outer rail onto the square holes on the rear of the rack. Take care that the proper holes are used so the rails are level. If desired, use screws to secure the rear of the outer rail to the rear of the rack.
6. Repeat for the other outer rail.

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

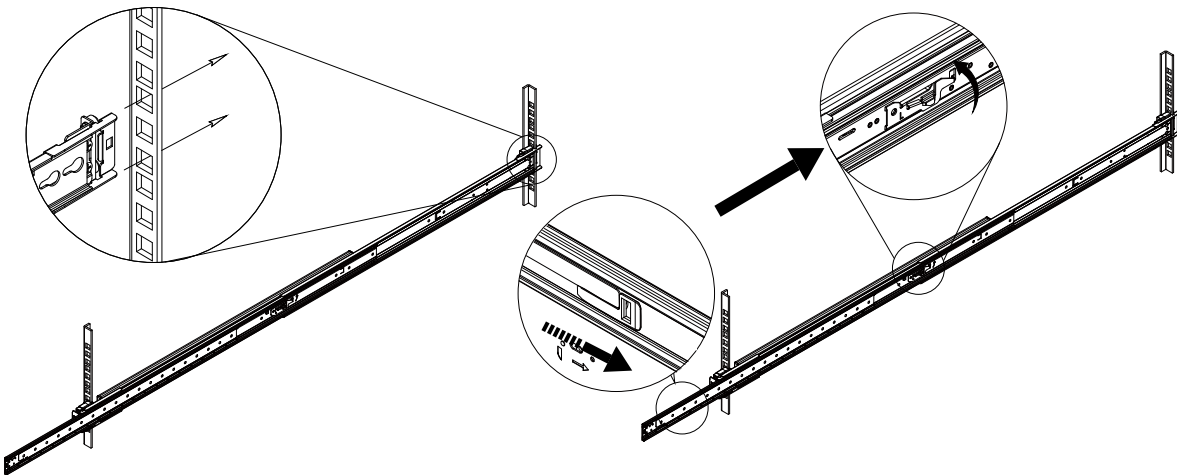


Figure 2-4. Extending and Mounting the Outer Rails

2.4 Installing the Server into a Rack

Once rails are attached to the chassis and the rack, you can install the chassis.

Important: Use caution when mounting or removing the system from the rack. For large systems, at least one other person must assist during installation or removal. Follow the safety recommendations printed on the rails. Depending on the size of the system, you might need to use a lift.

1. Pull the middle rail out of the front of the outer rail and make sure that the ball bearing shuttle is locked at the front of the middle rail.
2. Align the rear of the chassis rails with the middle rails and then push evenly on both sides of the chassis until it clicks into the fully extended position.
3. Depress the locking tabs on both sides of the chassis and push it fully into the rack. The locking tabs should "click".
4. Optional screws may be used to hold the front of the chassis to the rack.

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

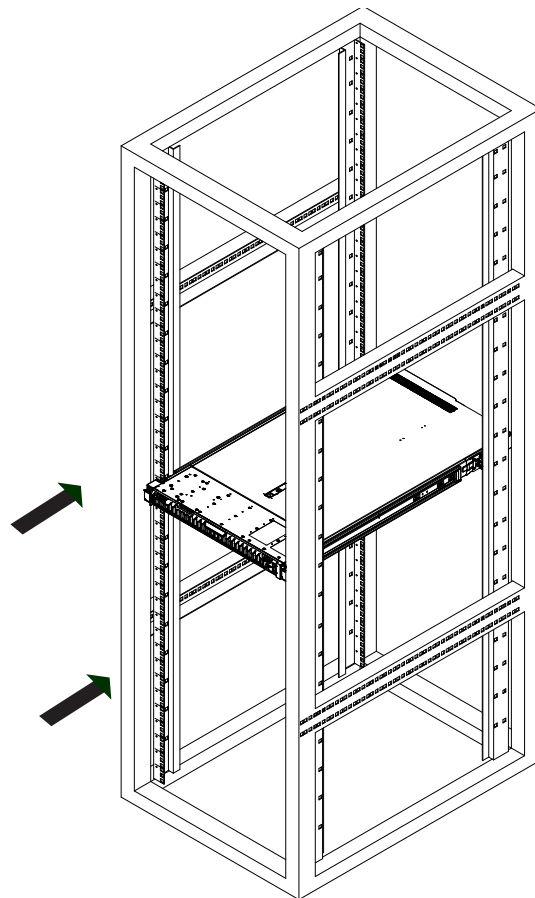


Figure 2-5. Installing the Server into the Rack

Note: Keep the ball bearing shuttle locked at the front of the middle rail during installation.

Removing the Server from the Rack

Important: Use caution when mounting or removing the system from the rack. For large systems, at least one other person must assist during installation or removal. Follow the safety recommendations printed on the rails. Depending on the size of the system, you might need to use a lift.

1. Pull the chassis forward out the front of the rack until it stops.
2. Press the release latches on each of the inner rails downward simultaneously and continue to pull the chassis forward and out of the rack.

Important: This figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

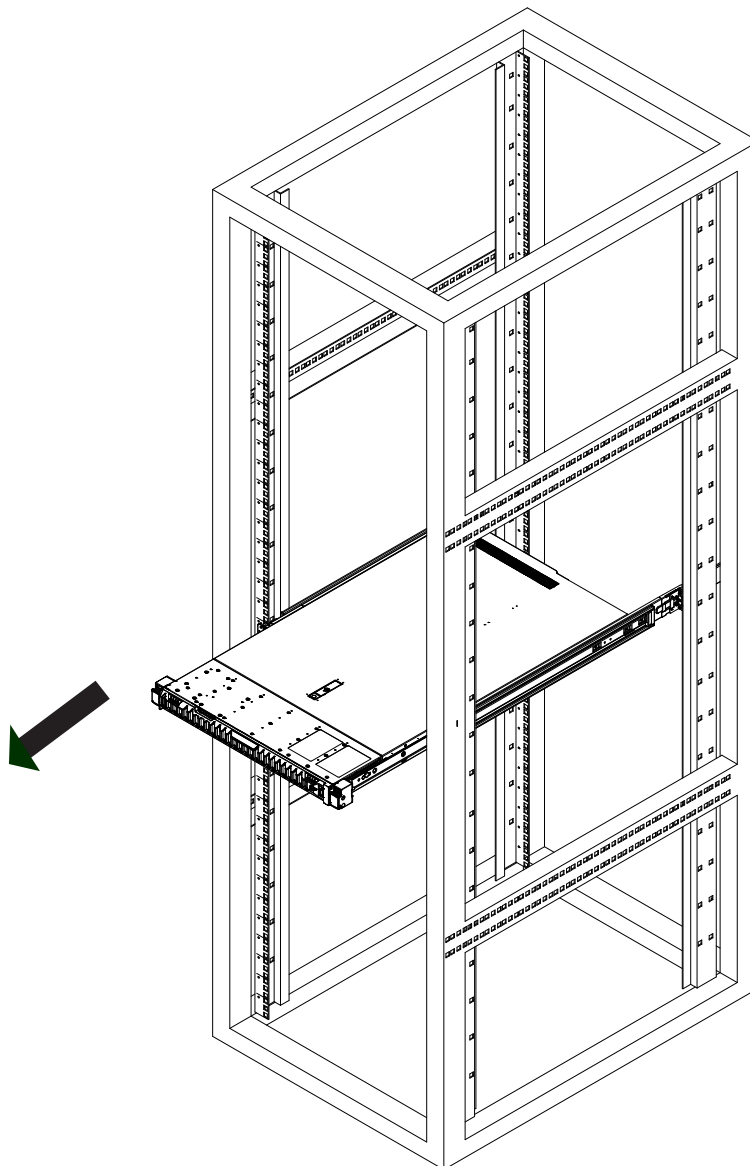


Figure 2-6. Removing the Server from the Rack

Chapter 3

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components requires that power first be removed from the system. Please follow the procedures given in each section.

3.1 Removing Power

Use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the system. This step is necessary when removing or installing non-hot-swap components or when replacing a non-redundant power supply.

1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cord(s) from the power strip or outlet. (If your system has more than one power supply, remove the AC power cords from all power supply modules.)
3. Disconnect the power cord(s) from the power supply module(s).

3.2 Accessing the System

The CSE-HS119-R1K24P2 chassis features a removable top cover, which allows easy access to the inside of the chassis.

Important: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.

Removing the Top Cover

1. Press the release button and slide the cover toward the rear.
2. Lift the top cover up.

Check that all ventilation openings on the top cover and the top of the chassis are clear and unobstructed.

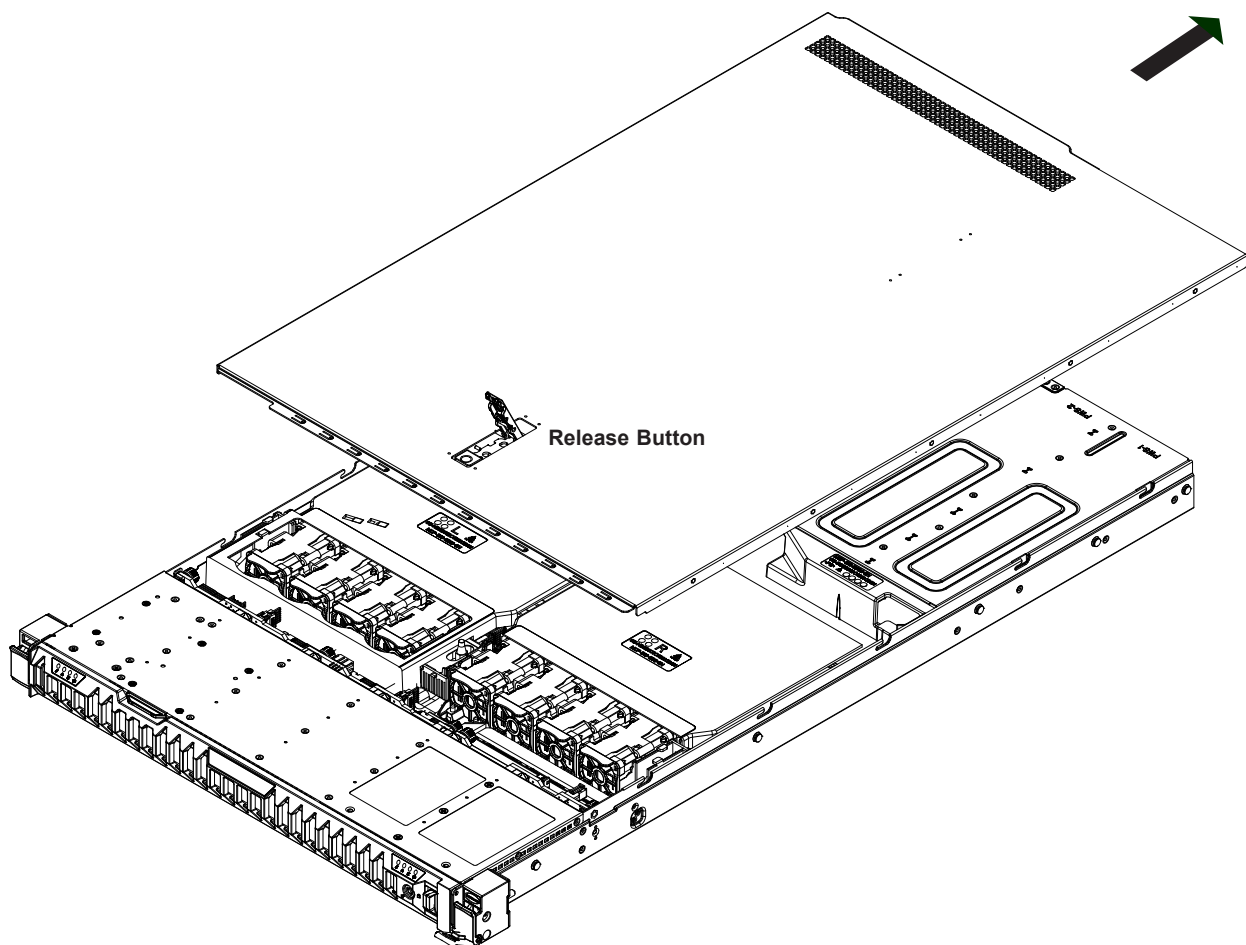


Figure 3-1. Removing the Chassis Cover



Figure 3-2. Front Bezel

Removing the Bezel

1. Unlock the bezel with a key.
2. Press the red release lever and remove the bezel from the chassis.

Installing the Bezel

1. Align the bezel with the pins at the left of the chassis.
2. Hold the release lever while pushing the bezel onto the chassis front.
3. Release the hold on the lever.
4. Lock the bezel with a key.

3.3 Static-Sensitive Devices

Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To avoid damaging your motherboard, it is important to handle it very carefully. The following measures are generally sufficient to protect your equipment from ESD.

Precautions

- Use a grounded wrist strap designed to prevent static discharge.
- Touch a grounded metal object before removing the board from the antistatic bag.
- Handle the motherboard by its edges only. Do not touch its components, peripheral chips, memory modules, or gold contacts.
- When handling chips or modules, avoid touching their pins.
- Put the motherboard and peripherals back into their antistatic bags when not in use.
- For grounding purposes, make sure that your computer chassis provides excellent conductivity between the power supply, the case, the mounting fasteners, and the motherboard.
- Use only the correct type of onboard CMOS battery. Do not install the onboard battery upside down to avoid possible explosion.

3.4 Processor and Heatsink Installation

The processor (CPU) and processor carrier should be assembled together first to form the processor carrier assembly. This assembly will be then attached to the heatsink to form the processor heatsink module (PHM) before being installed into the CPU socket. Before installation, be sure to perform the following steps below:

- Please carefully follow the instructions given on the previous page to avoid ESD-related damages.
- Unplug the AC power cords from all power supplies after shutting down the system.
- Check that the plastic protective cover is on the CPU socket, and none of the socket pins are bent. If they are, contact your retailer.
- When handling the processor, avoid touching or placing direct pressure on the LGA lands (gold contacts). Improper installation or socket misalignment can cause serious damage to the processor or CPU socket, which may require manufacturer repairs.
- When installing the processor and heatsink, ensure a torque driver set to the correct force is used for each screw.
- Thermal grease is pre-applied on a new heatsink. No additional thermal grease is needed.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for updates on processor and memory support.
- All graphics in this manual are for illustrations only. Your components may look different.

Note: The 4th Gen Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor comes with three CPU SKUs, and each SKU supports a distinct carrier. The SP XCC CPU supports Carrier E1A; HBM CPU supports Carrier E1C, and SP MCC, Carrier E1B.

CPU Carrier

The following CPU carrier has been successfully tested in our labs and is available from Supermicro. Please order the CPU carrier with the CPU heatsink.

XCC carrier	SKT-1333L-0000-FXC
MCC carrier	SKT-1424L-001B-FXC
HBM carrier	SKT-1245H-001C-FXC

Installation Overview

After preparing the system and following ESD precautions, there are four steps to installing the processor and heatsink onto the motherboard.

1. Attach the processor to a plastic carrier to create the processor carrier assembly.
2. Attach the processor carrier assembly to the heatsink to create the processor heatsink module (PHM).
3. Prepare the socket for PHM installation.
4. Install the PHM.

Removal Overview

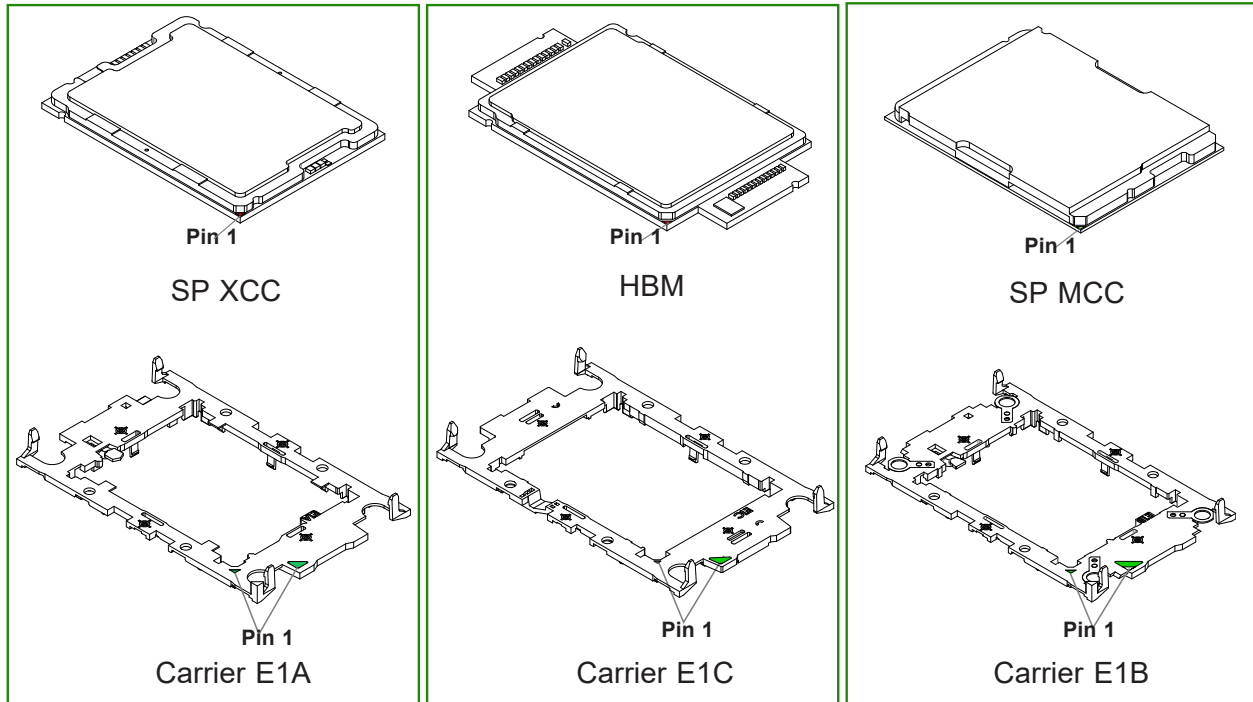
After preparing the system and following ESD precautions, there are three steps to removing the processor and heatsink from the motherboard.

1. Remove the PHM from the motherboard.
2. Remove the processor carrier assembly from the heatsink.
3. Remove the processor from the carrier.

Creating the Processor Carrier Assembly

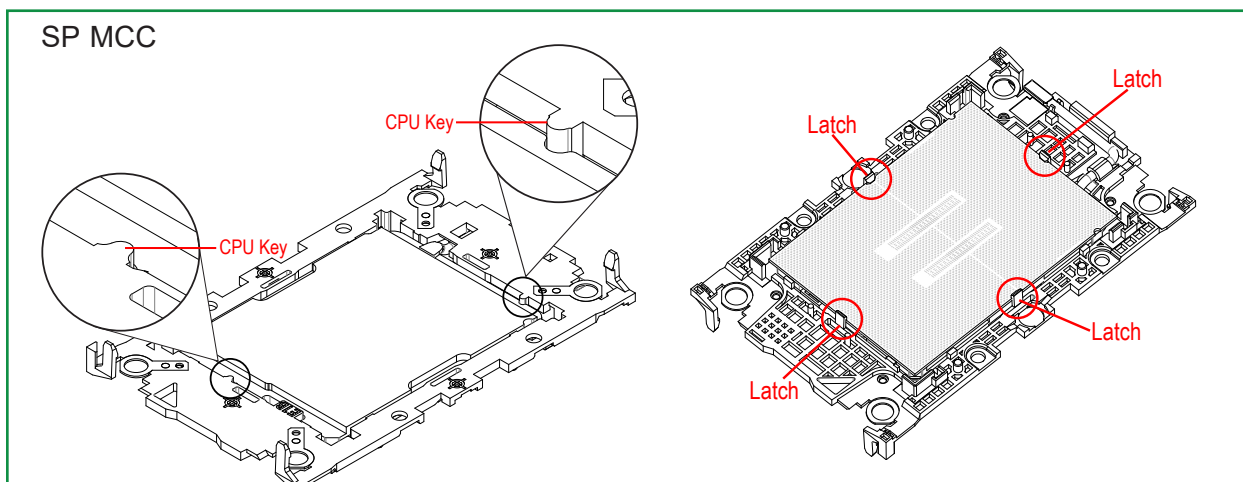
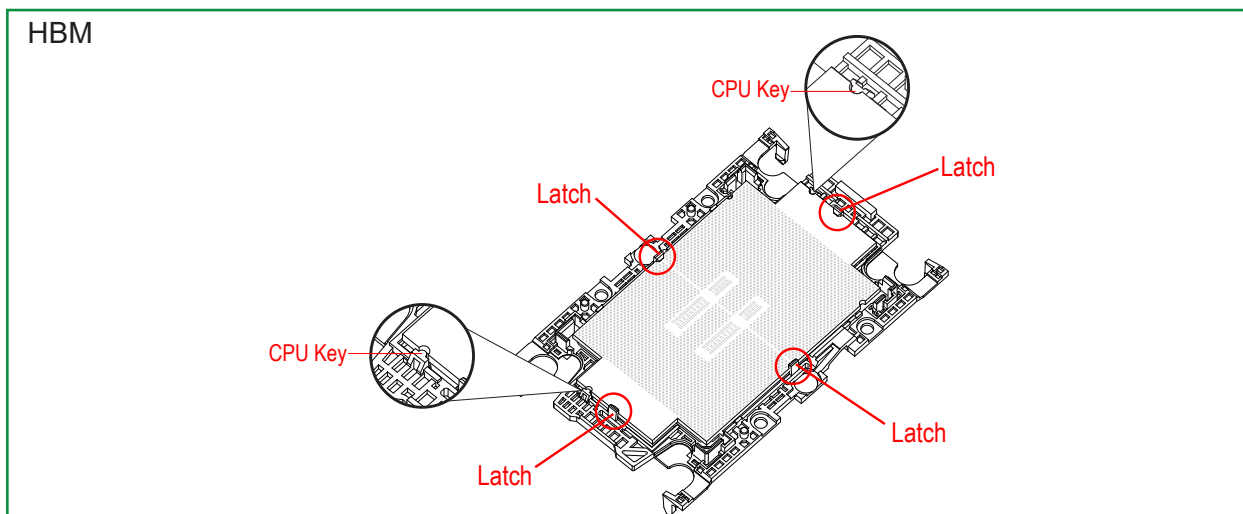
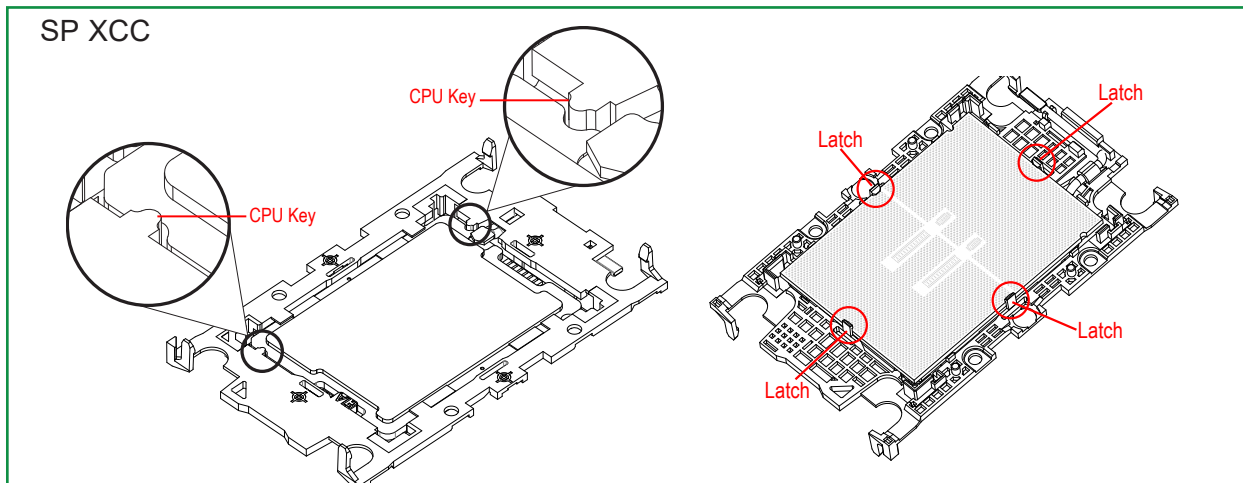
Process Carrier Assembly

1. Hold the processor with the gold pins (LGA lands) facing down. Locate the gold triangle at the corner of the processor and the corresponding hollowed triangle on the processor carrier as shown below. These triangles indicate the location of pin 1.

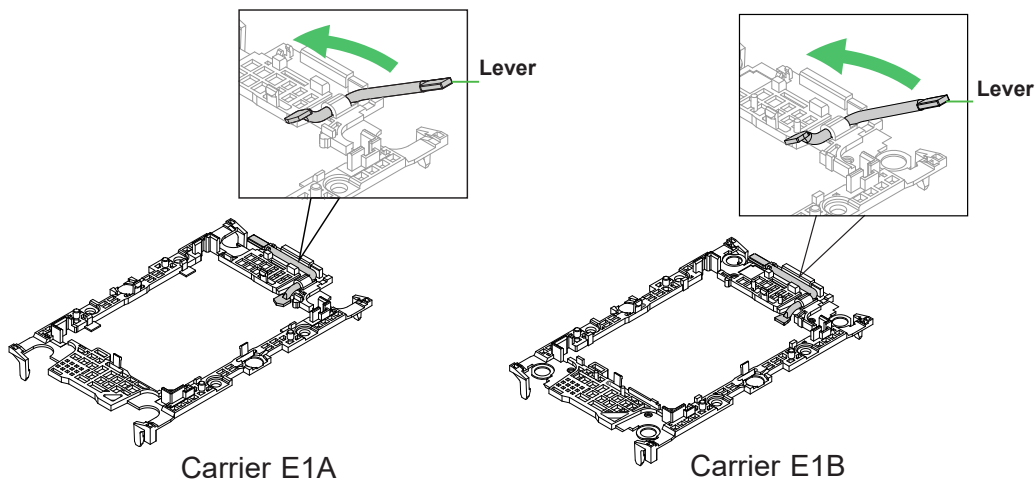


The Processor with its Matching Carrier

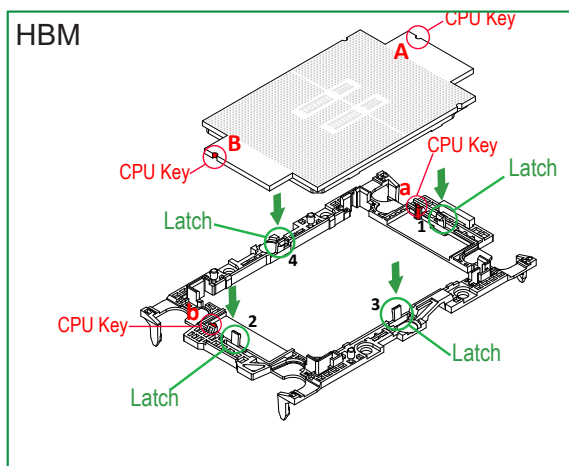
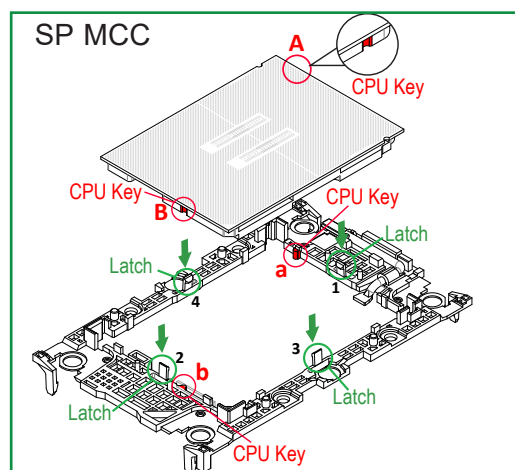
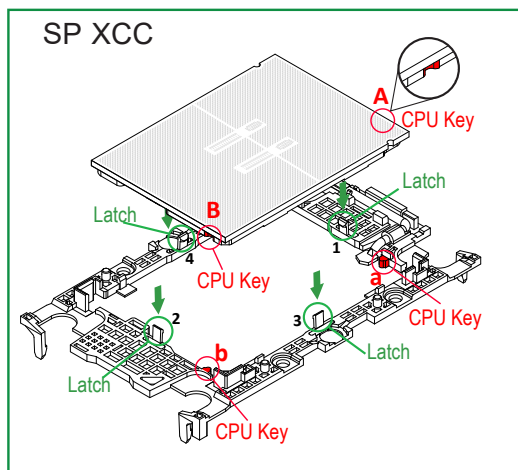
2. Turn the processor over (with the gold pins up). Locate the CPU keys on the processor and the four latches on the carrier as shown below.



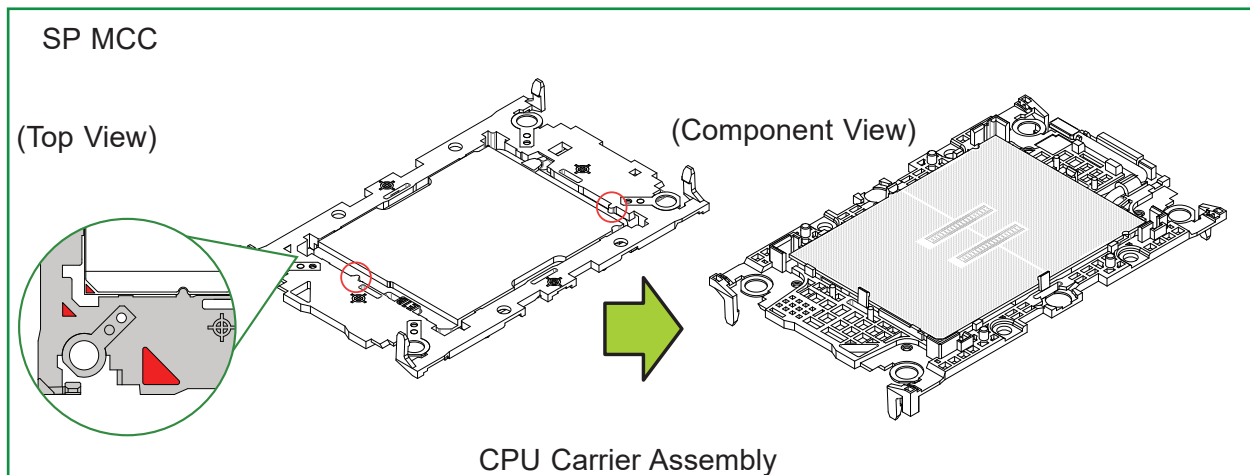
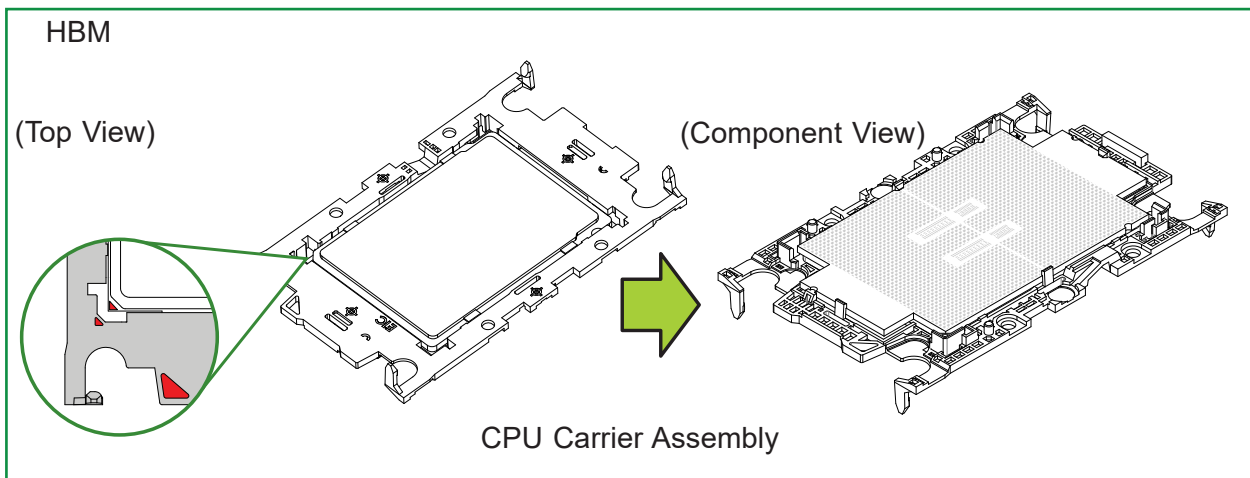
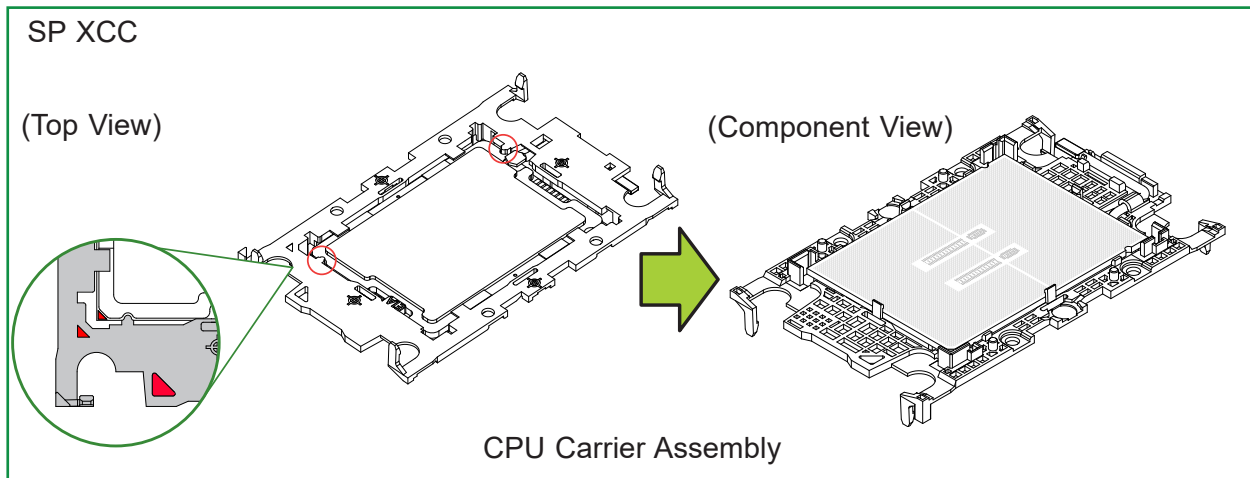
3. Locate the lever on the CPU socket and press it down as shown below.



4. Using Pin 1 as a guide, carefully align the CPU keys (A and B) on the processor against the CPU keys on the carrier (a and b) as shown in the drawing below.
5. Once they are properly aligned, carefully insert the CPU into the carrier, making sure that the CPU is properly secured by latches 1, 2, 3, and 4.



6. After the processor is placed inside the carrier, examine the four sides of the processor, making sure that the processor is properly seated on the carrier.



Creating the PHM

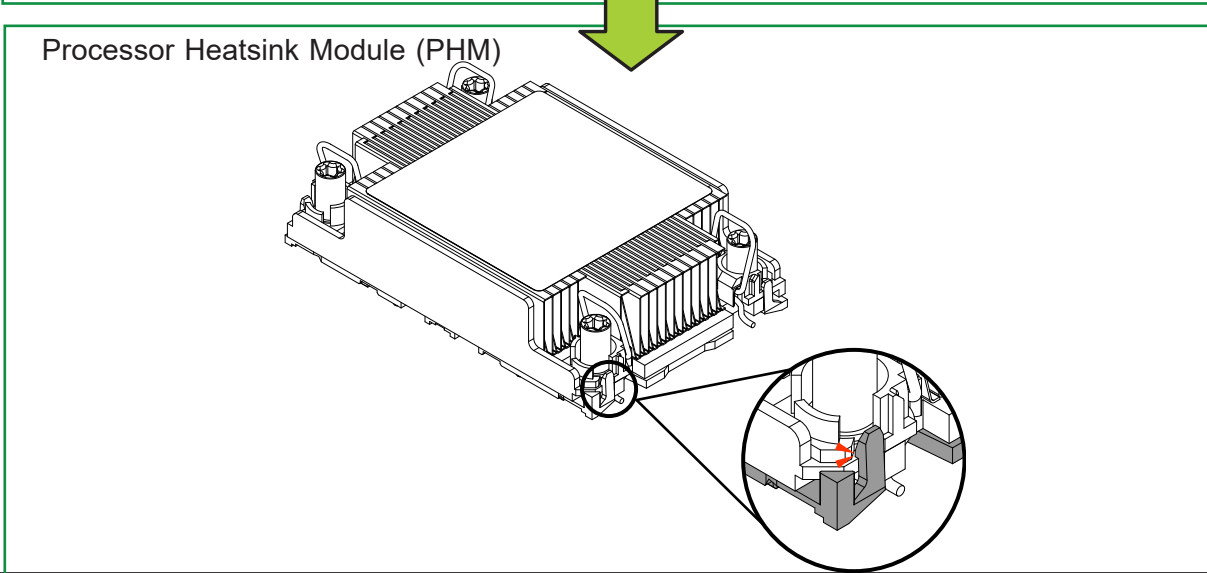
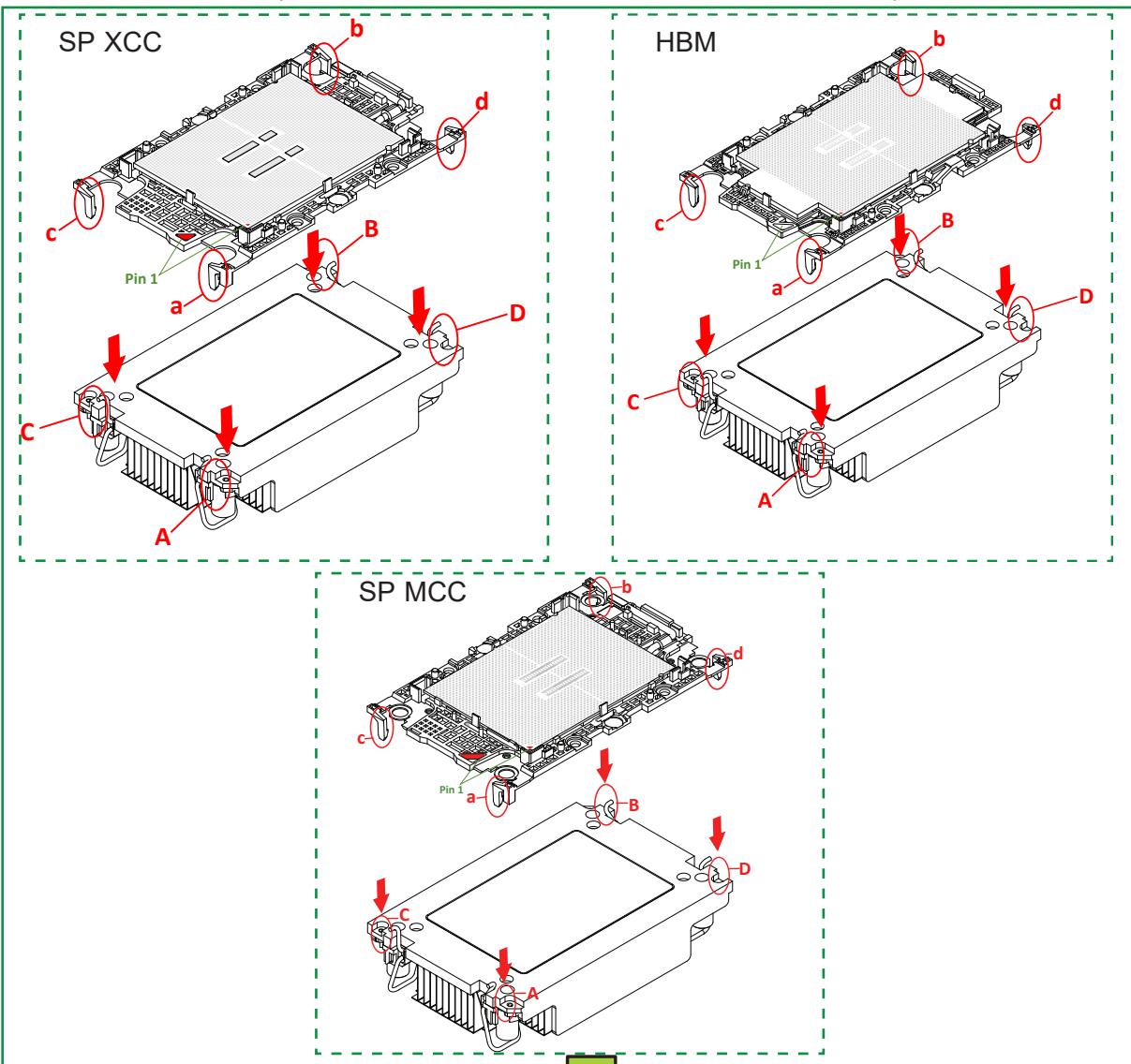
After creating the processor carrier assembly, please follow the instructions below to mount the processor carrier into the heatsink to form the PHM.

Note: If this is a new heatsink, the thermal grease has been pre-applied on the underside. Otherwise, apply the proper amount of thermal grease.

1. Turn the heatsink over with the thermal grease, which is on the reverse side of the heatsink, facing up. Pay attention to the two triangle cutouts (A, B) located at the diagonal corners of the heatsink as shown in the drawing below.
2. Hold the processor carrier component side facing up, and locate the triangle on the CPU and the triangle on the carrier. (Triangle indicates Pin 1.)
3. Using Pin 1 as a guide, turn the processor carrier assembly over with the gold contacts facing up. Locate Pin 1 (A) on the processor and Pin 1 (a) on the processor carrier assembly.
4. Align the corner marked a on the processor carrier assembly against the triangle cutout A on the heatsink, and align the corners marked b, c, and d on the processor assembly against the corners marked B, C, and D on the heatsinks.
5. Once they are properly aligned, place the corners marked a, b, c, and d on the processor carrier assembly into the corners of the heatsink marked A, B, C, and D making sure that all plastic clips are properly attached to the heatsink.

CPU Carrier Assembly

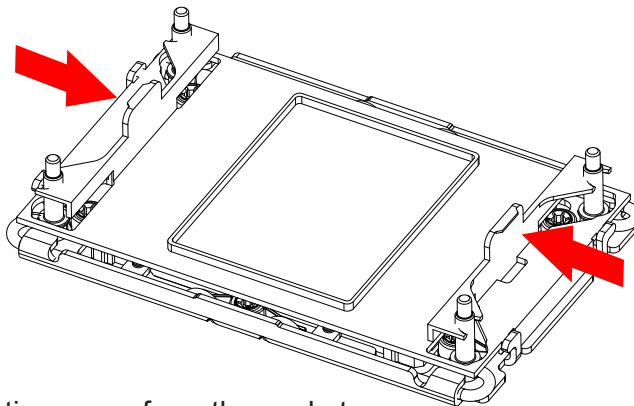
(CPU Component Side and Heatsink Bottom Side)



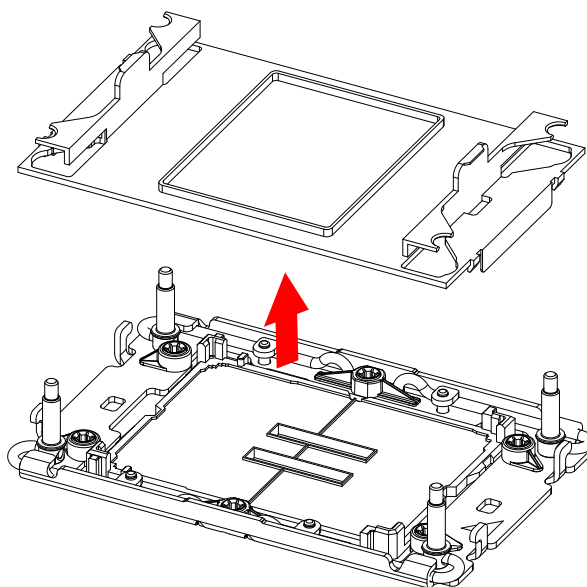
Preparing the CPU Socket for Installation

This motherboard comes with a plastic protective cover installed on the CPU socket. Remove it from the socket by following the instructions below:

1. Press the tabs inward.

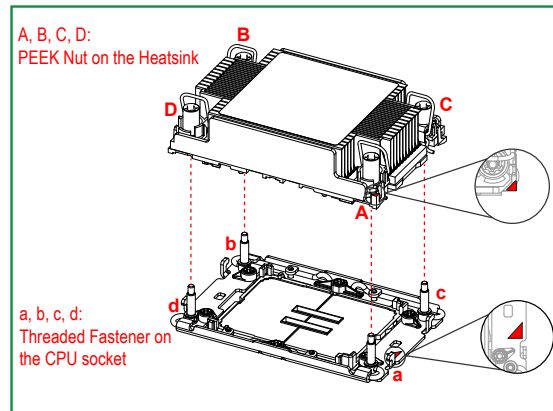


2. Pull up the protective cover from the socket.

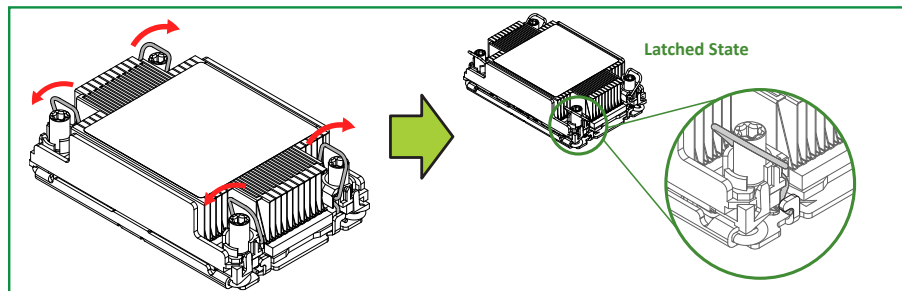


Installing the PHM into the CPU Socket

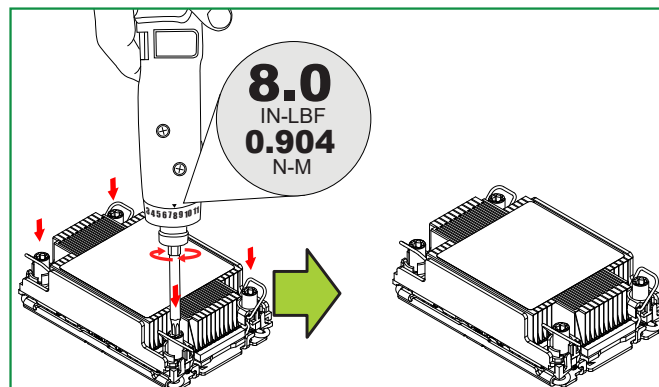
1. Locate four threaded fasteners (a, b, c, d) on the CPU socket.
2. Align PEEK nut A, which is next to the triangle (Pin 1) on the heatsink, against threaded fastener a on the CPU socket. Then align PEEK nuts B, C, and D on the heatsink against threaded fasteners b, c, and d on the CPU socket, making sure that all PEEK nuts on the heatsink are properly aligned with the correspondent threaded fasteners on the CPU socket.



3. Once they are aligned, gently place the heatsink on top of the CPU socket, making sure that each PEEK nut is properly attached to its corresponding threaded fastener.



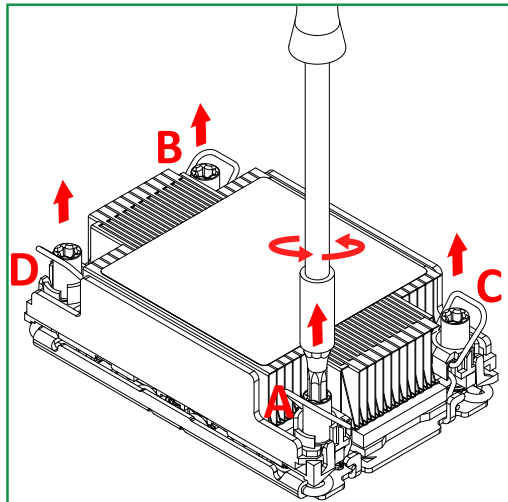
4. Press all four rotating wires outwards and make sure that the heatsink is securely latched onto the CPU socket.
5. With a T30 screwdriver, tighten all PEEK nuts in the sequence of A, B, C, and D with even pressure. To avoid damaging the processor or socket, do not use excessive force when tightening the PEEK nuts. (For best durability, 8in-lbf torque is recommended.)
6. Examine all corners of the heatsink to ensure that the PHM is firmly attached to the CPU socket.



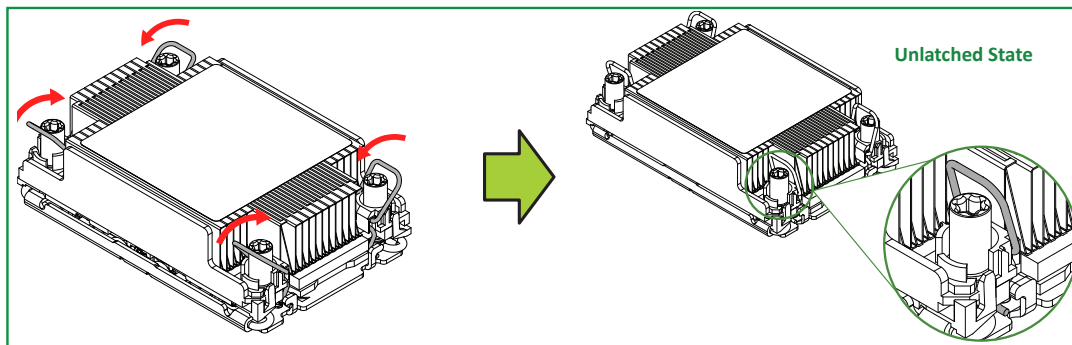
Removing the PHM from the CPU Socket

Before removing the PHM from the motherboard, be sure to shut down the system and unplug the power cables from the power supply. Then follow the steps below:

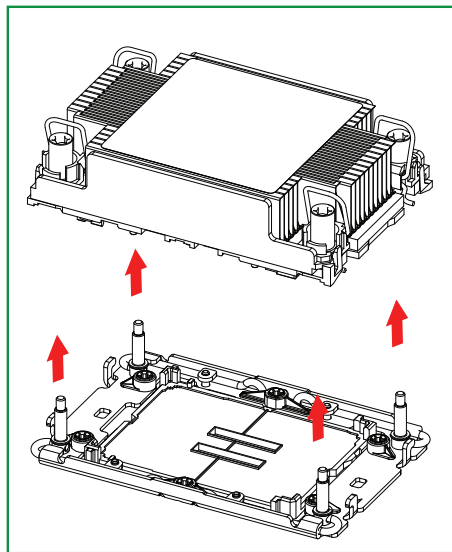
1. Use a T30 screwdriver to loosen the four PEEK nuts on the heatsink in the sequence of A, B, C, and D.



2. Once the PEEK nuts are loosened from the CPU socket, press the rotating wires inwards to unlatch the PHM from the socket as shown in the drawings below.



3. Gently pull the PHM upwards to remove it from the CPU socket.

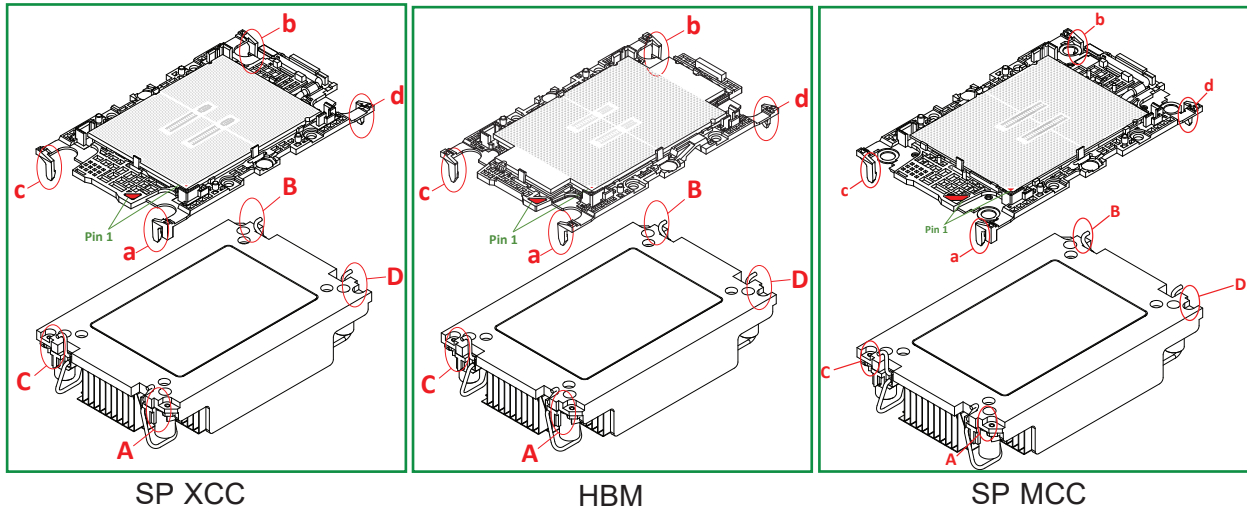


Removing the Processor Carrier Assembly from the PHM

To remove the processor carrier assembly from the PHM, please follow the steps below:

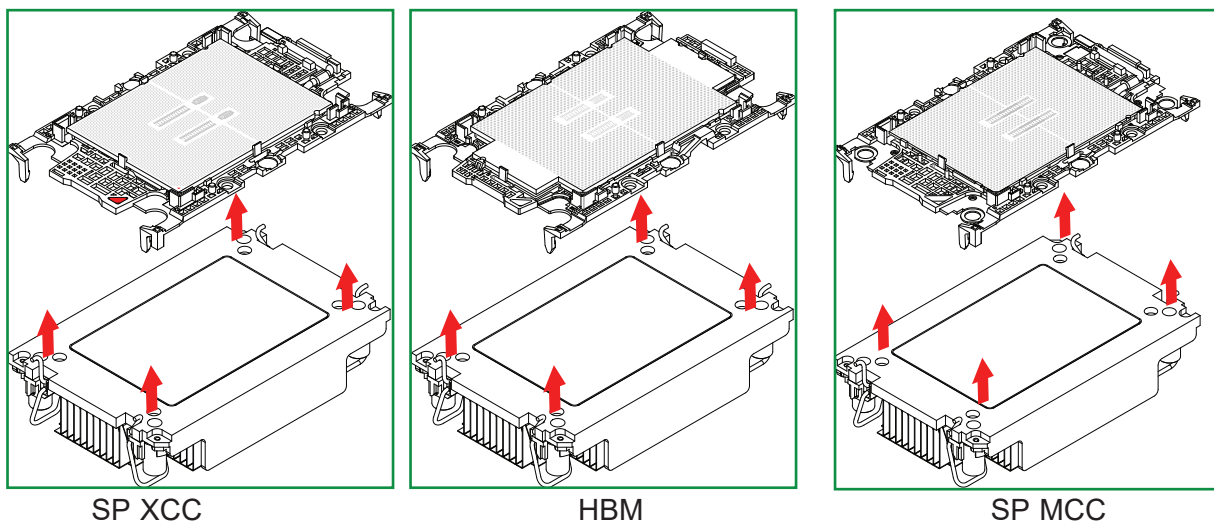
1. Detach the four plastic clips (marked a, b, c, d) on the processor carrier assembly from the four corners of the heatsink (marked A, B, C, D) as shown in the drawings below.

1U Heatsink (View of Component Side and Heatsink Bottom Side)



2. When all plastic clips are detached from the heatsink, remove the processor carrier assembly from the heatsink.

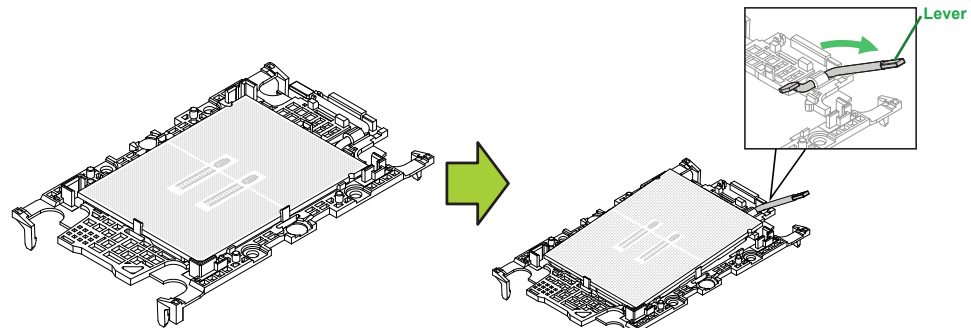
1U Heatsink (View of Component Side and Heatsink Bottom Side)



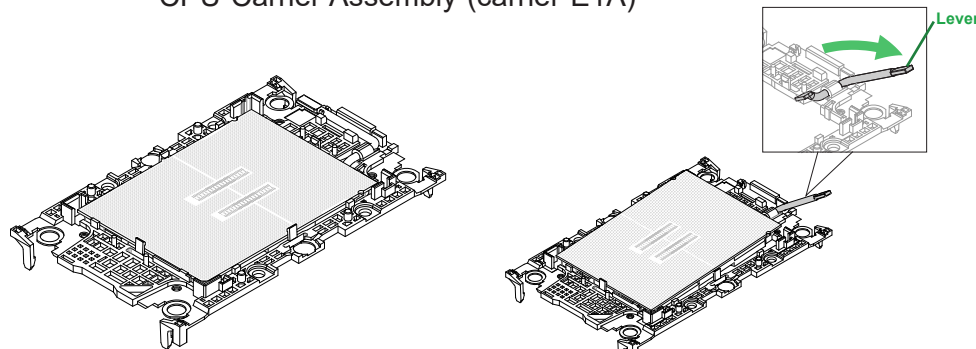
Removing the Processor from the Processor Carrier Assembly

Once you have removed the processor carrier assembly from the PHM, you are ready to remove the processor from the processor carrier by following the steps below.

1. Unlock the lever from its locked position and push the lever upwards to disengage the processor from the processor carrier as shown in the drawing on the right below.



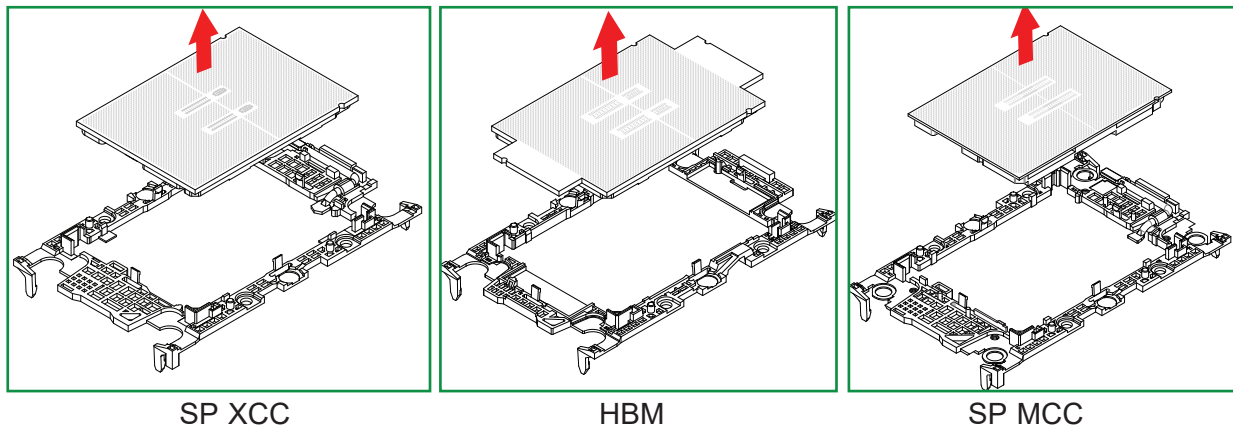
CPU Carrier Assembly (carrier E1A)



CPU Carrier Assembly (carrier E1B)

2. Once the processor is loosened from the carrier, carefully remove the processor from the processor carrier.

Note: Please handle the processor with care to avoid damaging the processor and its pins.



3.5 Memory Support and Installation

Important: Exercise extreme care when installing or removing DIMM modules to prevent any possible damage.

Note: Check the Supermicro website for recommended memory modules.

Memory Support

This motherboard supports up to 8 TB of 3DS RDIMM/RDIMM DDR5 (288-pin) memory. (See the note below). To enhance memory performance, do not mix memory modules of different speeds and sizes. Please follow all memory installation instructions given below.

Note: Memory speed and capacity support depends on the processors used in the system. The 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processor supports DDR5 memory with speeds up to 4800 MT/s (or up to 4400 MT/s in 32-DIMM configuration). The 5th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processor supports DDR5 memory with speeds up to 5600 MT/s (or up to 4400 MT/s in 32-DIMM configuration).

DDR5 Memory Support for 4th/5th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors

DDR5 Memory Support for the 4th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors					
Type	Ranks Per DIMM & Data Width (Stack)	DIMM Capacity (GB)		Speed (MT/s)	
		Memory Density 16 Gb	Memory Density 24 Gb ²	One DIMM per Channel ¹	Two DIMMs per Channel
				1.1V	
RDIMM	SRx8 (RC D)	16 GB	24 GB	4800*	4400*
	SRx4 (RC C)	32 GB	48 GB		
	SRx4 (RC F) 9x4	32 GB	N/A		
	DRx8 (RC E)	32 GB	48 GB		
	DRx4 (RC A)	64 GB	96 GB		
	DRx4 (RC B) 9x4	64 GB	N/A		
RDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R) x4 (RC A)	2H-128 GB 4H-256 24 GB	N/A		
LRDIMM/LRDIMM-3DS	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not Supported	Not Supported

*Memory speed and capacity support depends on the processors used in the system.

Note 1: 1DPC applies to 1SPC or 2SPC implementations (SPC - sockets per channel).

Note 2: 24 Gb XCC only with limited configs: 1DPC all DIMM types, 2DPC 96 GB only. Only 8 and 16 DIMM configs, no fallbacks.

DDR5 Memory Support for the 5th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors					
Type	Ranks Per DIMM & Data Width (Stack)	DIMM Capacity (GB)		Speed (MT/s)	
				One DIMM per Channel ¹	Two DIMMs per Channel
		Memory Density 16 Gb	Memory Density 24 Gb ²	1.1V	
RDIMM	SRx8 (RC D)	16 GB	24 GB	5600*	4400*
	SRx4 (RC C)	32 GB	48 GB		
	SRx4 (RC F) 9x4	N/A	N/A		
	DRx8 (RC E)	32 GB	48 GB		
	DRx4 (RC A)	64 GB	96 GB		
	DRx4 (RC B) 9x4	N/A	N/A		
RDIMM 3DS	(4R/8R) x4 (RC A)	2H-128 GB 4H-256 24 GB	N/A		
LRDIMM/LRDIMM-3DS	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not Supported	Not Supported

*Memory speed and capacity support depends on the processors used in the system.

Note 1: 1DPC applies to 1SPC or 2SPC implementations (SPC - sockets per channel).

Note 2: 24 Gb XCC only with limited configs: 1DPC all DIMM types, 2DPC 96 GB only. Only 8 and 16 DIMM configs, no failbacks.

Note 3: Memory speed will be 5600 MT/s 1DPC or 4400 MT/s 2DPC.

Note 4: For 1DPC 5600 MT/s speed, DDR5-5600 DIMMs are required.

Note 5: Mixing DRAM density (16 Gb/24 Gb) and frequency is not allowed.

DDR5 Memory Population Table (with SPXCC & MCC CPUs and 32 DIMMs Installed)	
1 CPU:	Memory Population Sequence
1 CPU & 1 DIMM	P1-DIMMA1 P1-DIMME1 P1-DIMMB1 P1-DIMMF1
1 CPU & 2 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMG1 P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1
1 CPU & 4 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMG1
1 CPU & 6 DIMM	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMH1 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1
1 CPU & 8 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1
1 CPU & 12 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMME2/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMG2/P1-DIMMH1 P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMF2/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1/P1-DIMMH2
1 CPU & 16 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMME2/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMF2/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMG2/P1-DIMMH1/P1-DIMMH2
2 CPUs: (Recommended)	Memory Population Sequence
2 CPUs & 2 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1, CPU2: P2-DIMMA1 CPU1: P1-DIMME1, CPU2: P2-DIMME1 CPU1: P1-DIMMB1, CPU2: P2-DIMMB1 CPU1: P1-DIMMF1, CPU2: P2-DIMMF1
2 CPUs & 4 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMG1, CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMG1 CPU1: P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1, CPU2: P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMME1
2 CPUs & 8 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMG1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMG1
2 CPUs & 10 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMG1
2 CPUs & 12 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1 CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMH1 CPU1: P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMH1 CPU2: P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMH1 CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMH1
2 CPUs & 16 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMH1
2 CPUs & 22 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMME2/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMF2/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMG2/P1-DIMMH1/P1-DIMMH2 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1
2 CPUs & 24 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMME2/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMF2/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMG2/P1-DIMMH1/P1-DIMMH2 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMH1
2 CPUs & 32 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMME2/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMF2/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMG2/P1-DIMMH1/P1-DIMMH2 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMA2/P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMB2/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMC2/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMMD2/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMME2/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMF2/P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMG2/P2-DIMMH1/P2-DIMMH2

DDR5 Memory Population Table (with Max Series ((HBM)) CPUs and 32 DIMMs Installed)	
1 CPU:	Memory Population Sequence
1 CPU & 1 DIMM	P1-DIMMA1 P1-DIMME1
1 CPU & 2 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMG1 P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1
1 CPU & 4 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMG1
1 CPU & 8 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1
1 CPU & 16 DIMMs	P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMME2/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMF2/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMG2/P1-DIMMH1/P1-DIMMH2
2 CPUs: (Recommended)	Memory Population Sequence
2 CPUs & 2 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1, CPU2: P2-DIMMA1 CPU1: P1-DIMME1, CPU2: P2-DIMME1
2 CPUs & 4 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMG1, CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMG1 CPU1: P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1, CPU2: P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMME1
2 CPUs & 8 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMG1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMG1
2 CPUs & 16 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMH1 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMH1
2 CPUs & 32 DIMMs	CPU1: P1-DIMMA1/P1-DIMMA2/P1-DIMMB1/P1-DIMMB2/P1-DIMMC1/P1-DIMMC2/P1-DIMMD1/P1-DIMMD2/P1-DIMME1/P1-DIMME2/P1-DIMMF1/P1-DIMMF2/P1-DIMMG1/P1-DIMMG2/P1-DIMMH1/P1-DIMMH2 CPU2: P2-DIMMA1/P2-DIMMA2/P2-DIMMB1/P2-DIMMB2/P2-DIMMC1/P2-DIMMC2/P2-DIMMD1/P2-DIMMD2/P2-DIMME1/P2-DIMME2/P2-DIMMF1/P2-DIMMF2/P2-DIMMG1/P2-DIMMG2/P2-DIMMH1/P2-DIMMH2

Notes:

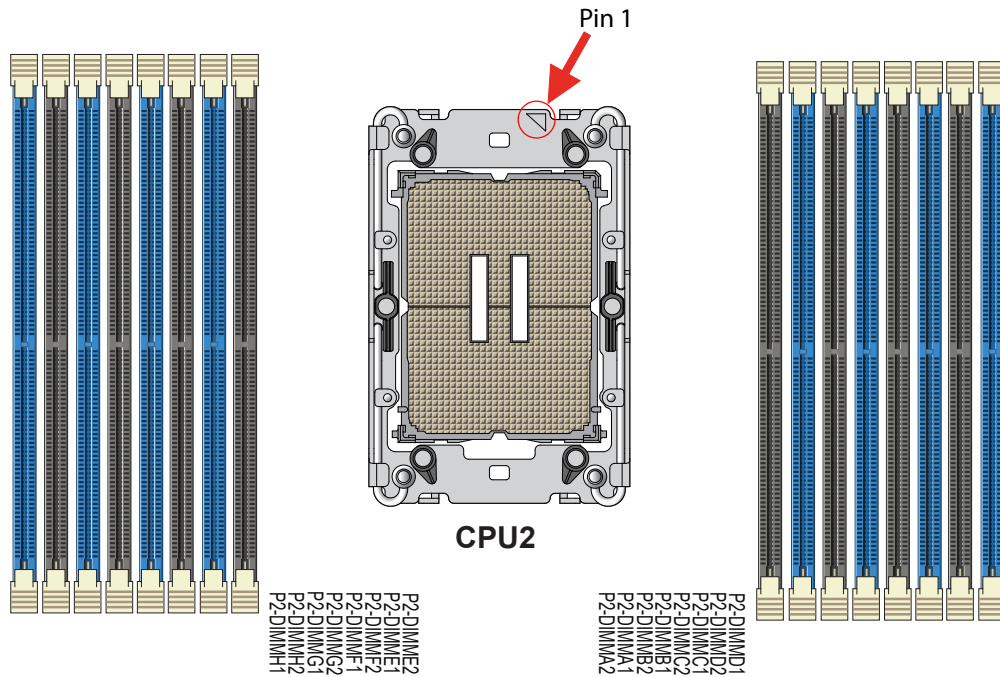
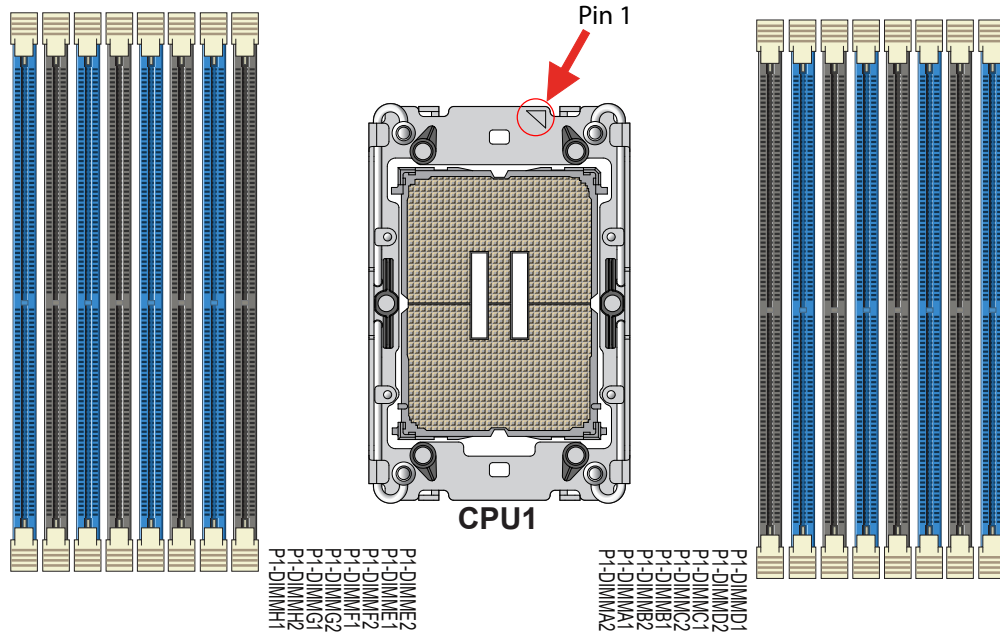
1. Max Series (HBM) CPU supports 1DPC (4800 MT/s) / 2DPC (4400 MT/s) to optimize the memory bandwidth. Max Series (HBM) CPU supports 1, 2, 4, 8, or 16 DIMMs in Flat Mode as well as Cache Mode, and 0 DIMMs in HBM-Only mode. HBM-Only mode runs exclusively using HBM memory.
2. For the best memory performance in Flat mode and Cache mode, use 4, 8, or 16 DIMM configurations, at least one DIMM per memory controller for balanced configuration.

4 DIMMs -> populate 1 DIMM/iMC (Integrated Memory Controller)

8 DIMMs -> populate 1 DIMM/Channel, 2 DIMM/iMC

16 DIMMs -> populate 2 DIMM/Channel, 4 DIMM/iMC

3. All other configurations not listed above are not supported.
4. For the 2-socket design, each socket has to be populated identically.



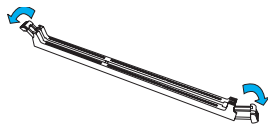
Memory Population on X13DP Motherboards with 32 DIMMs Installed

Note: All graphics shown in this user document are for illustration only. The components installed in your system may look different from the graphics shown here.

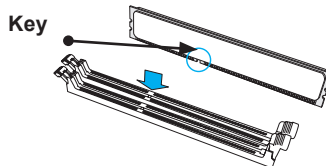
DIMM Installation

Important: Do not use excessive force when pressing the release tabs on the ends of the DIMM socket to avoid causing any damage to the memory module or the DIMM socket. Handle memory modules with care. Carefully follow all the instructions given in ["Static Sensitive Devices"](#) to avoid ESD-related damages done to your memory modules or components.

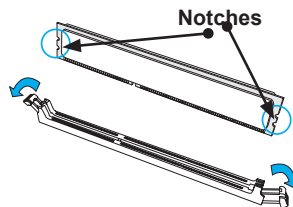
1. Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots. See [Memory Support](#) for details on memory population guidelines.
2. Push the release tabs on both ends of the DIMM slot outwards to unlock it.



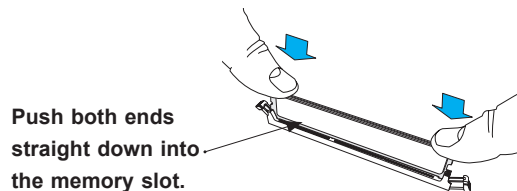
3. Align the key of the DIMM module with the receptive point on the memory slot.



4. Align the notches on both ends of the module with the receptive points on the ends of the slot.



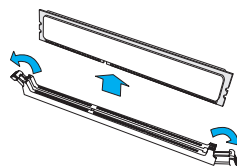
5. Push both ends of the module straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.



6. Press the release tabs to the lock positions to secure the DIMM module into the slot.

DIMM Removal

Press both release tabs on the ends of the DIMM module to unlock it. Once the DIMM module is loose, remove it from the memory slot.



3.6 Motherboard Battery

The motherboard uses non-volatile memory to retain system information when system power is removed. This memory is powered by a lithium battery residing on the motherboard.

Battery Removal

To remove the onboard battery, follow the steps below:

1. Power off your system and unplug your power cable.
2. Locate the onboard battery as shown below.
3. Using a tool such as a pen or a small screwdriver, push the battery lock outwards to unlock it. Once unlocked, the battery will pop out from the holder.
4. Remove the battery.

Proper Battery Disposal

Important: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

Battery Installation

To install an onboard battery, follow steps 1 and 2 above and continue below:

Important: When replacing a battery, be sure to only replace it with the same type.

1. Identify the battery's polarity. The positive (+) side should be facing up.
2. Insert the battery into the battery holder and push it down until you hear a click to ensure that the battery is securely locked.

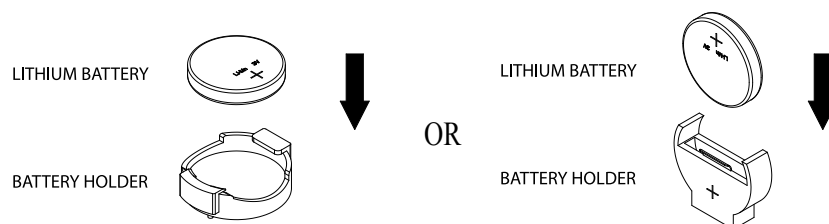


Figure 3-3. Installing the Onboard Battery

3.7 Storage Drives

The storage drives are mounted in tool-less drive carriers that simplify their removal from the chassis. These carriers also help promote proper airflow. For compatible storage drives, see the [SYS-121H-TNR](#) product page.

Installing Drives

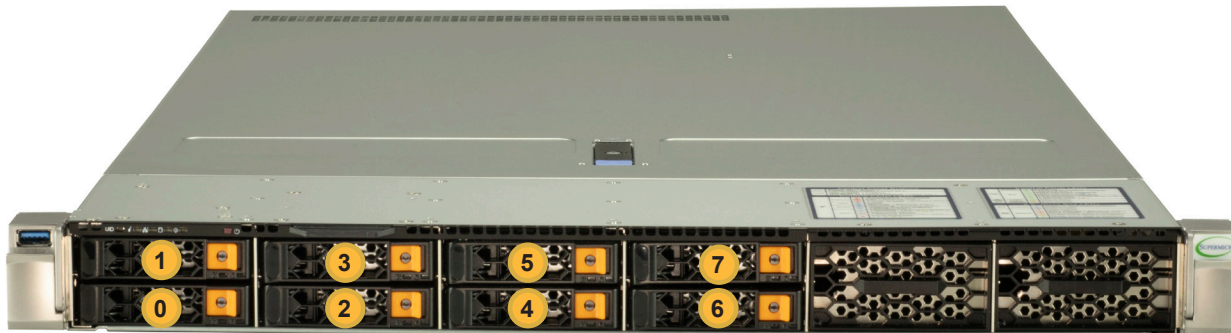


Figure 3-4. Logical Drive Number

Removing a Hot-Swap Drive Carrier from the Chassis

1. Press the release button on the drive carrier, which will extend the drive carrier handle.
2. Use the drive carrier handle to pull the drive out of the chassis.

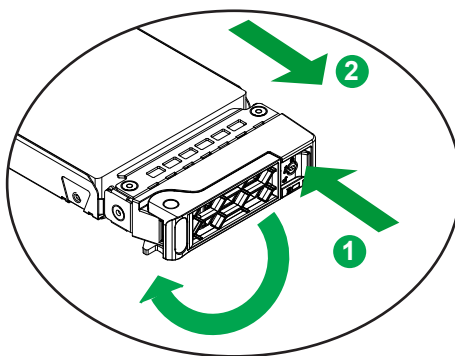


Figure 3-5. Removing a Drive Carrier

Installing a Drive

1. Position the drive above the carrier with the PCB side facing down and the connector end toward the rear of the carrier.
2. Tilt the drive to insert it onto the two posts on the right inside of the carrier.

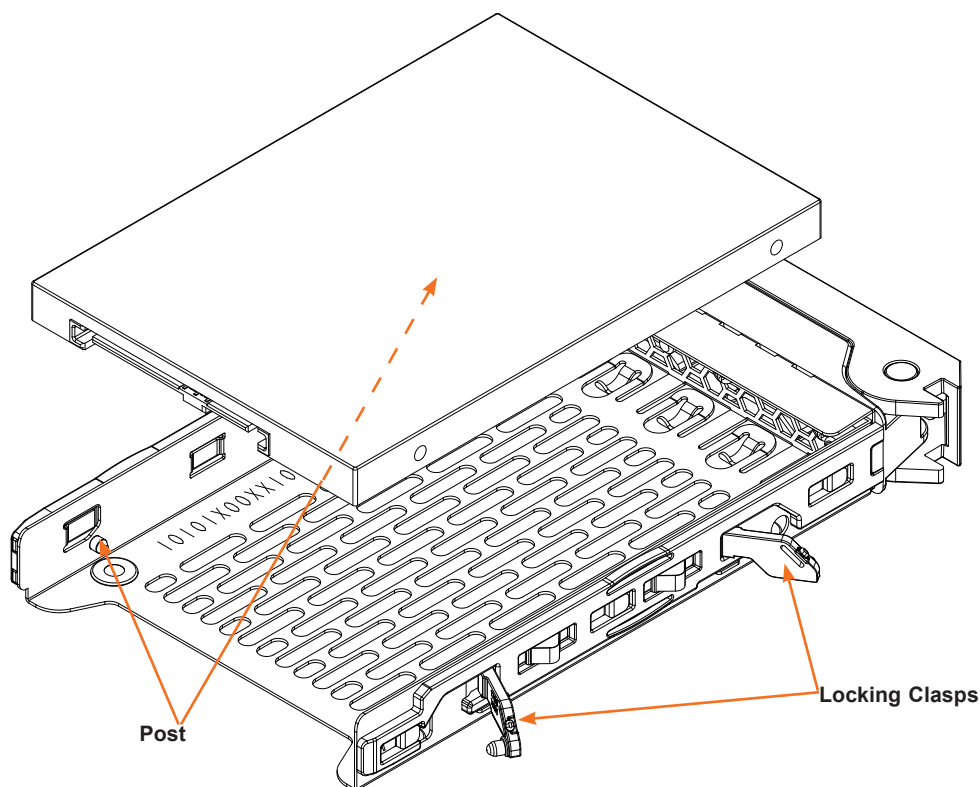


Figure 3-6. Installing a Drive into a Carrier

3. Pull out the two spring locking clasps and allow the drive to sit fully in the carrier, then close them to secure the drive.
4. Insert the drive carrier into its bay, keeping the release button on the right. When the carrier reaches the rear of the bay, the release handle will retract.
5. Push the handle in until it clicks into its locked position

Hot-Swap for NVMe Drives

Supermicro servers support NVMe surprise hot-swap. For even better data security, NVMe *orderly* hot-swap is recommended. NVMe drives can be ejected and replaced remotely using BMC.

Note: If you are using VROC, see the VROC appendix in this manual instead.

Ejecting a Drive

1. **BMC > Server Health > NVMe SSD**
2. Select Device, Group, and Slot, and click **Eject**. After ejecting, the drive Status LED indicator turns green.
3. Remove the drive.

Note that *Device* and *Group* are categorized by the CPLD design architecture.

A *Slot* is the slot number on which the NVMe drives are mounted.

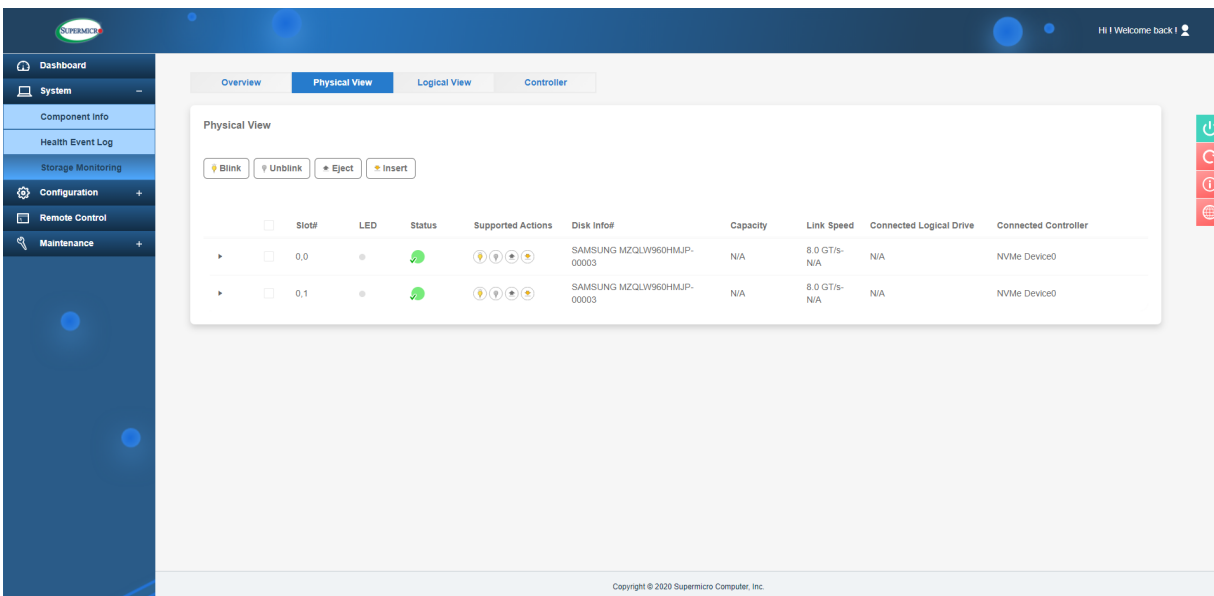


Figure 3-7. BMC Screenshot

Replacing the Drive

1. Insert the replacement drive.
2. **BMC > System > Storage Monitor > Physical View**
3. Select Device, Group, and slot and click **Insert**. The drive Status LED indicator flashes red, then turns off. The Activity LED turns blue.

3.8 Boot Drives

The X13DEM motherboard has two hybrid PCIe 3.0 and NVMe or SATA M.2 slots (M.2-H1, M.2-H2). M.2 allows for a variety of card sizes, increased functionality, and spatial efficiency. The M.2 slot on the motherboard supports PCIe 3.0 x2 or SATA 3.0 devices in the 2280 and 22110 form factors.

Installing M.2 Solid State Drives

Important: M.2 slots are intended to be used for boot devices only. Any write intensive workloads may result in thermal issues and the M.2 SSD overheating.

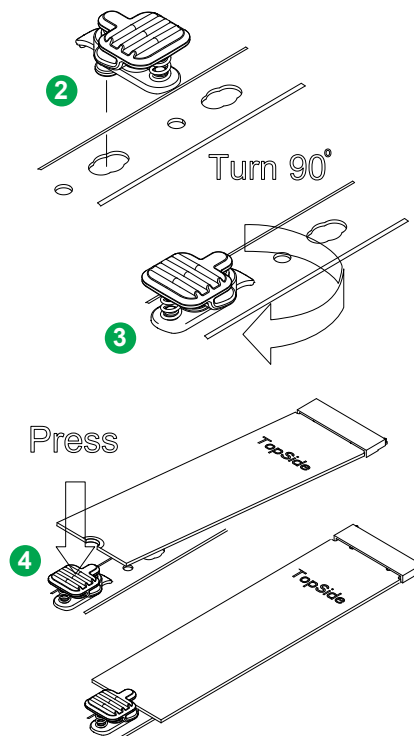


Figure 3-8. Installing an M.2 SSD

Installing M.2 SSDs

1. Remove power and the top cover as described in Sections 3.1 and 3.2.
2. Refer to the motherboard layout image and locate the M.2 slot. Insert the plastic clip into the hole on the M.2 bracket corresponding to the M.2 slot on the motherboard and the length of the M.2 module.
3. Turn the plastic clip by 90° degrees.
4. Insert the M.2 sideways into the connector so that it lays flat, then secure it to the motherboard with the plastic clip.
5. Repeat as necessary for more M.2 drives.
6. Finish by replacing the cover and restoring power to the system.

3.9 System Cooling

Fans

Eight 4-cm heavy-duty fans provide cooling for the system. Fans are hot-swapped and can be replaced without powering down the system. The electrical connections are automatically made when a fan is inserted into its slot.

Make sure the chassis cover is only off for a short time and makes a good seal when replaced for the cooling air to circulate properly through the system.

Changing a System Fan

1. Determine which fan is failing using BMC if possible. If not, remove the chassis cover while the power is on and examine the fans to determine which one has failed.
2. Squeeze the fan tabs of the failed fan and lift the fan housing up and out of the chassis.
3. To install a fan, push it into the proper location until it clicks.
4. Finish by fully closing the cover and pushing the system back into the rack.

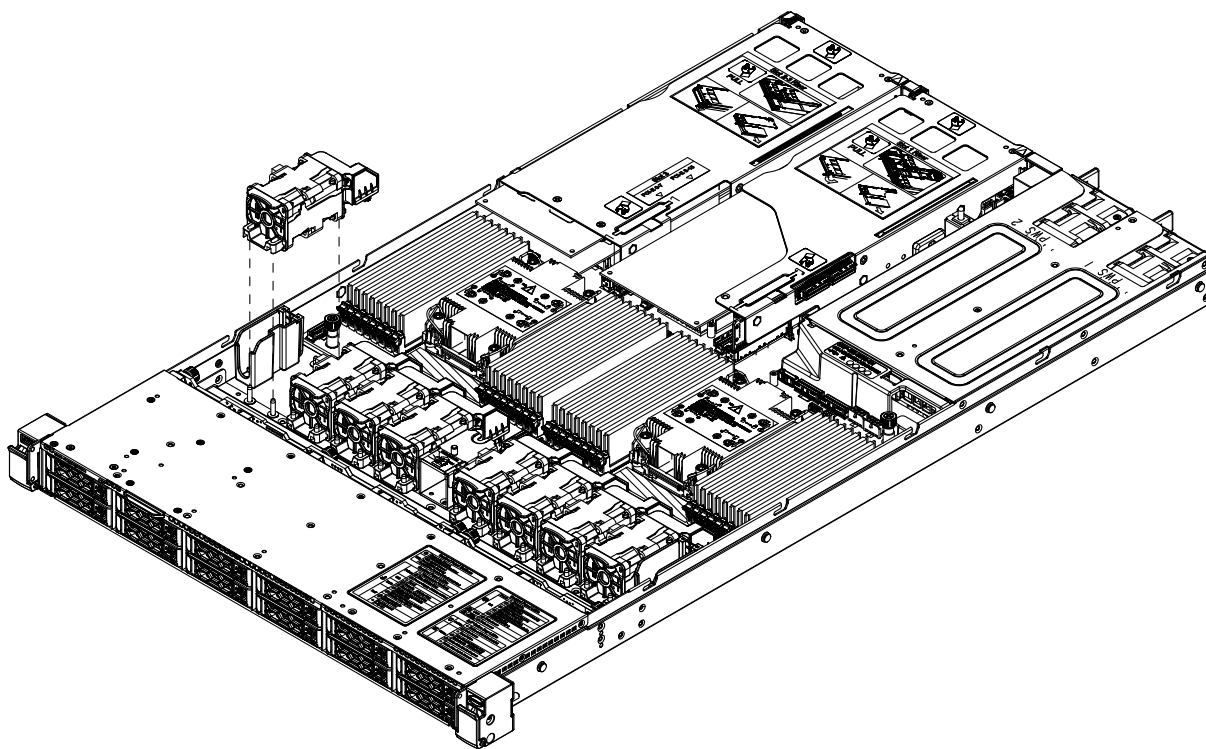


Figure 3-9. Installing a Fan

Air Shrouds

Air shrouds concentrate airflow to maximize fan efficiency. The SYS-121H-TNR includes one air shroud for each CPU.

Air Shroud for Memory (CPU1/2)

Two air shrouds cool the DIMM slots controlled by CPUs 1 and 2 (see figure below).

1. Remove the system from the rack and remove the cover as described [previously](#).
2. Place each air shroud over sixteen DIMM slots at a time for both CPU1 and CPU2-controlled DIMM slots, as illustrated below.
3. Close the cover and push the system back into the rack.

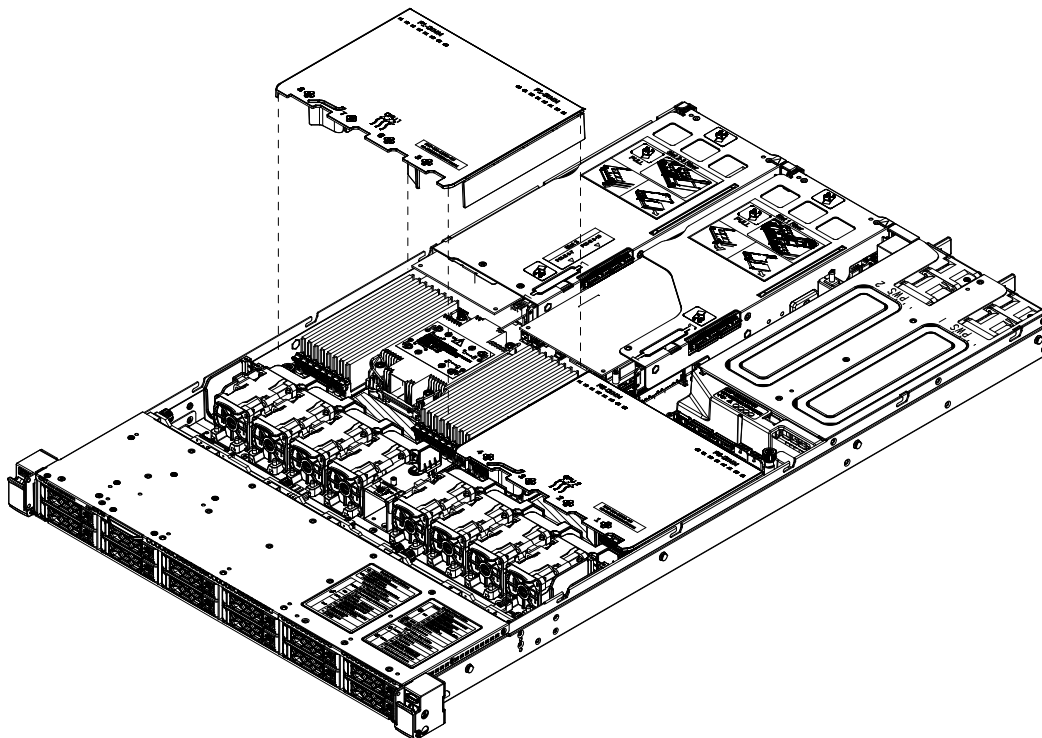


Figure 3-10. Installing Air Shrouds for CPU1/2 DIMMS

3.10 Expansion Cards

The SYS-121H-TNR includes two riser cards to support the use of expansion (add-on) cards.

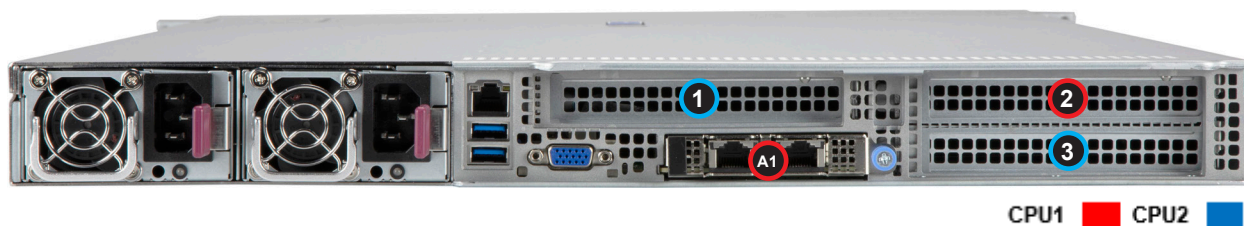


Figure 3-11. Expansion Card Chassis Slots

Riser Cards

This system include riser cards that provide PCIe capabilities.

PCIe Slots per Riser Card			
Riser Card	Part Number	Slot	Description (all PCIe 5.0)
Right (from rear)	RSC-H-66G5L	2	x16 FH, 10.5"L (CPU1)
		3	x16 FH, 10.5"L (CPU2)
Left (from rear)	RSC-H-6G5L	1	x16 FH, 6.6"L (CPU2)

Full-height = 4.2", Low-profile = 2.5", Full-length = 10.5", Half-length = 6.6"

Before following the procedure below to install expansion cards, first turn off and remove power from the system as described in section 3.1 then remove the top cover.

Installing Expansion Cards

1. Open any clips next to the slots and remove the PCI shield.
2. Install the riser card to the riser bracket, if necessary.
3. Install one or two expansion cards into the riser card. See the next page for M.2 SSD installation.
4. Insert the riser card bracket with the expansion cards into the chassis rear and connect cables.
5. Close any opened clips to secure the riser card bracket.

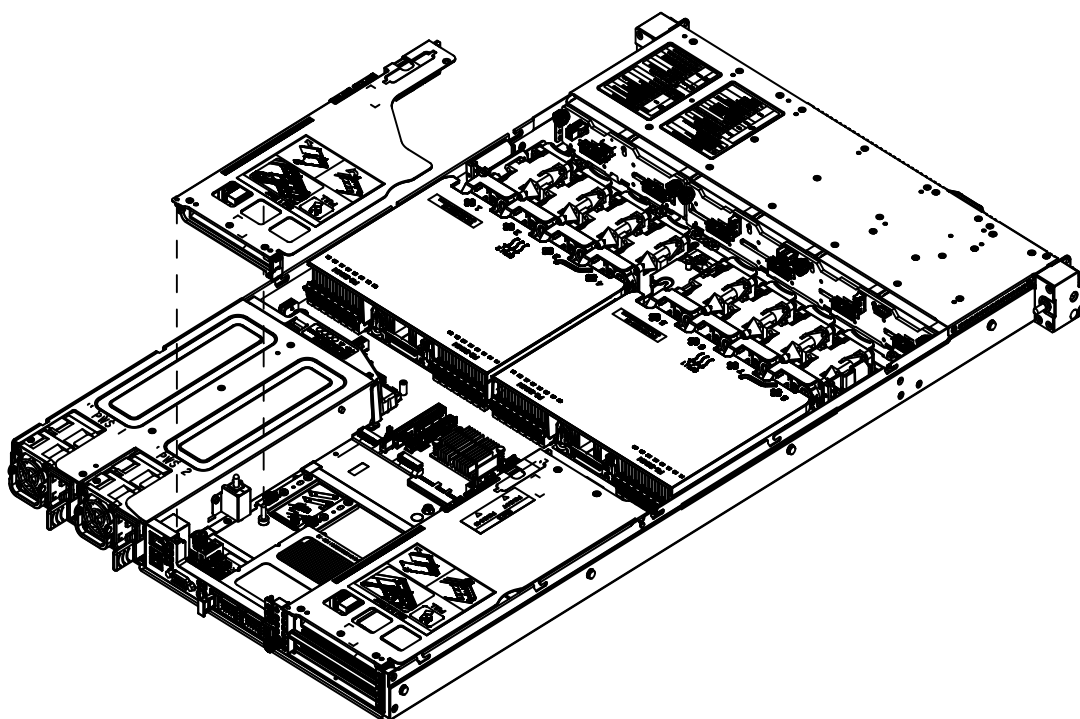


Figure 3-12. Installing Expansion Cards

3.11 AIOM Cards

The system supports up to one AIOM/OCP NIC 3.0 network port card.

AIOM Configuration			
Slot	Mechanical	Electrical	Slot Power
A1	Small Form Factor, OCP 3.0	x16 (CPU1)	Up to 50 W (see note below)

Note: AIOM cards exceeding the 15 W slot class may require restricted conditions to meet thermal specifications of the AIOM card. Contact your Supermicro account representative for more information.



Figure 3-13. AIOM Chassis Slot

Installing AIOM

1. Remove the blank cover plate (A1), unscrewing the thumbscrew.
2. Slide the AIOM card in the opening until it seats in the motherboard slot.
3. Secure with the thumbscrew.

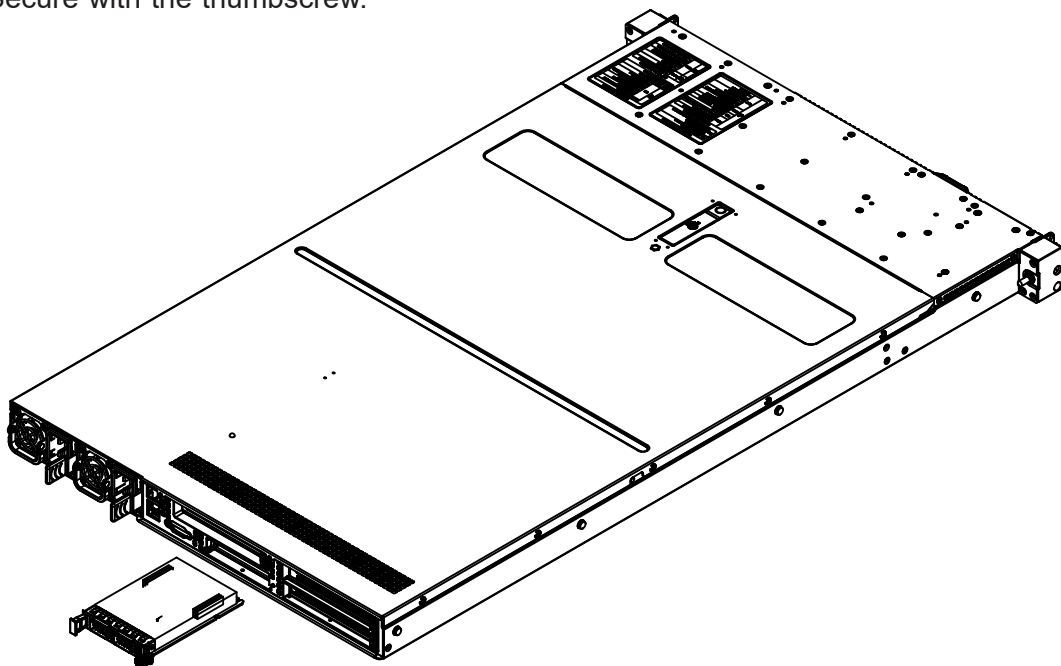


Figure 3-14. Installing AIOM

3.12 Power Supply

The system includes two hot-plug power supply modules. These modules will automatically sense and operate at an input voltage between 100 V to 240 V. Note that different input voltages will result in different maximum power output levels.

In the event of a power module failure, the other power module will continue to power the system on its own. Failed power supply modules can be replaced without powering down the system. Replacement modules can be ordered directly from Supermicro.

An amber light on the power supply is illuminated when the power is switched off. A green light indicates that the power supply is operating.

Replacing the Power Supply

1. Unplug the AC power cord from the failed power supply module.
2. Push and hold the release tab on the back of the power supply.
3. Grasp the handle of the power supply and pull it out of its bay.
4. Push the new power supply module into the power bay until it clicks into the locked position.
5. Plug the AC power cord back into the power supply module.

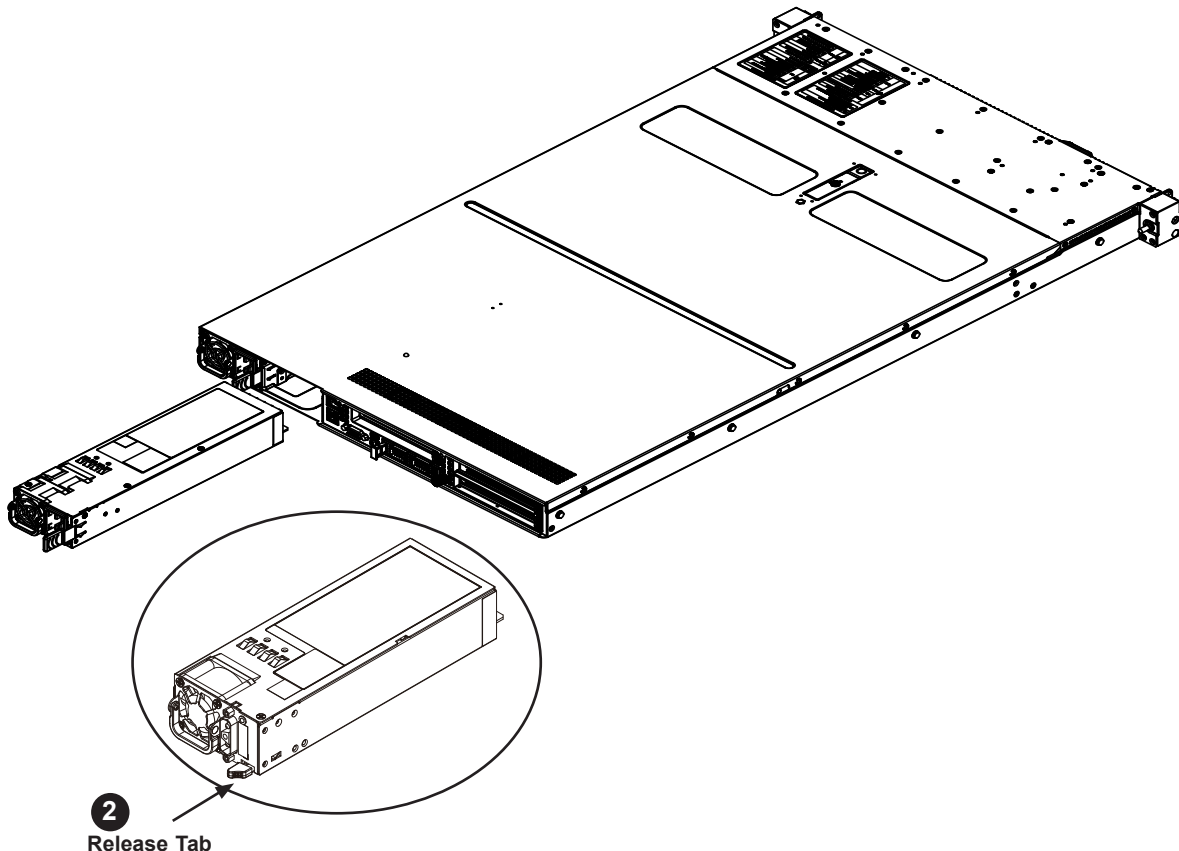
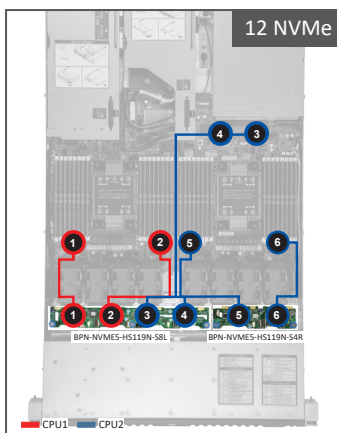


Figure 3-15. Installing a Power Supply Module

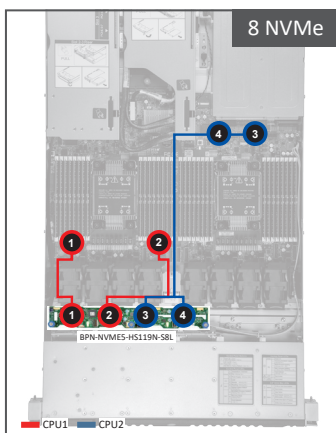
3.13 Cable Routing Diagrams

Refer to the storage cable diagrams below. When disconnecting cables to add or replace components, refer to the diagrams so you can reroute them in the same manner.

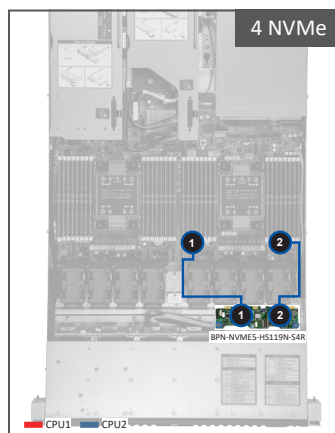
NVMe Drive Bay Cable Routing



#	Description	SMC Part Number
1	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1216M5FD1
2	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1220M5FD2
3	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1244M5FD3
4	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1239M5FD4
5	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1233M5FF5
6	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1225M5FF6

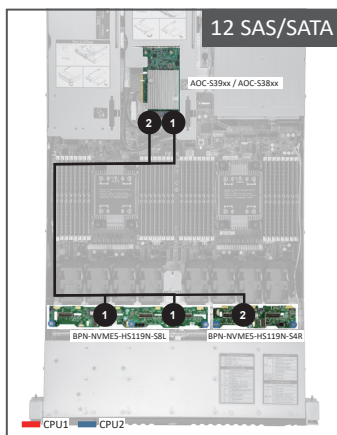


#	Description	SMC Part Number
1	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1216M5FD1
2	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1220M5FD2
3	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1244M5FD3
4	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1239M5FD4

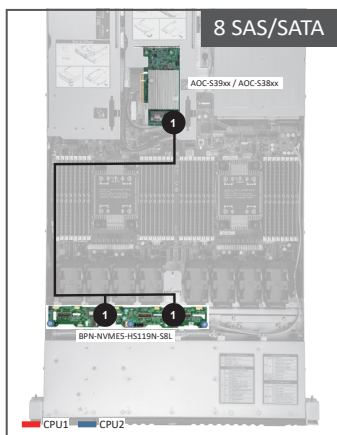


#	Description	SMC Part Number
1	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1233M5FF5
2	NVMe	CBL-MCIO-1225M5FF6

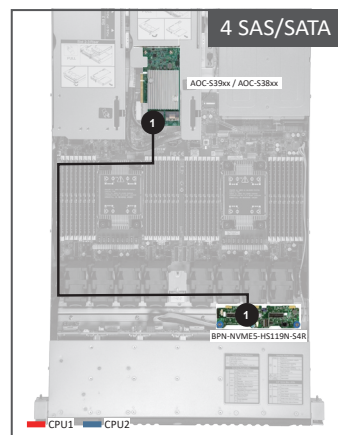
Storage AOC Drive Bay Cable Routing



#	Description	SMC Part Number
1	SAS	CBL-SAST-1273LP-100
2	SAS	CBL-SAST-1262LP-100



#	Description	SMC Part Number
1	SAS	CBL-SAST-1273LP-100



#	Description	SMC Part Number
1	SAS	CBL-SAST-1262LP-100

Figure 3-16. Cable Routing Diagrams

Chapter 4

Motherboard Connections

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in [Chapter 1](#). More detail can be found in the [Motherboard Manual](#). Please review the Safety Precautions in [Appendix A](#) before installing or removing components.

4.1 Power Connections

Power Supply Connectors

Two power supply connections, located at PSU1/PSU2, provide main power to your system, and five 8-pin power connectors (JPMW1~ JPMW5) are used for +12 V devices. Another two 6-pin power connectors (JPWR1 and JPWR4) provide additional power for system use. All these power connectors meet the ATX SSI EPS 12V specification and must be connected to your power supply to provide adequate power to your system.

Important: To provide adequate power to your system, be sure to connect the main power supplies (PSU1/PSU2), five 8-pin PWR connectors (JPMW1 ~ JPMW5), and additional two 6-pin power connectors (JPWR1 and JPWR4) to the power supply. Failure to do so may void the manufacturer warranty on your power supply and motherboard.

12 V 8-pin Power Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1 - 4	Ground
5 - 8	+12 V

Required Connection

4.2 Headers and Connectors

Fan Headers

There are eight 6-pin fan headers (FAN1-FAN8) and two 4-pin fan headers (FAN9/FAN10) on the motherboard. These fan headers are used for the cooling fans for your system. Fan speed control for these fans is supported by Thermal Management via the BMC 2.0 interface.

TPM/Port 80 Header

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80, which is available from Supermicro (optional). A TPM/Port 80 connector is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It allows the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system. Please go to the following link for more information on the TPM: <http://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/TPM.pdf>.

Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
1	+3.3V	2	SPI_CS#
3	RESET#	4	SPI_MISO
5	SPI_CLK	6	GND
7	SPI_MOSI	8	NC
9	+3.3V Stdby	10	SPI_IRQ#

6-pin BMC External I²C Header

A System Management Bus header for the BMC is located at JIPMB1. Connect the appropriate cable here to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system.

NC-SI Connector

The NC-SI (Network Controller Sideband Interface) connector is located at (JNCSI1). This connector is used to connect a Network Interface Card (NIC) to the motherboard to allow the onboard BMC (Baseboard Controller) to communicate with a network.

PCIe I²C Header

A PCIe I²C (SMBus) header is located at JRSI2C1 on the motherboard. The PCIe SMBus connector is used for PCIe cards to allow the BMC or the BIOS to read disk drive information or FRUs more effectively.

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to inform you when the chassis is opened. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Intrusion Input
2	Ground

Control Panel

The front control panel header (JFP1) contains header pins for various buttons and indicators that are normally located on a control panel at the front of the chassis. These connectors are designed specifically for use with Supermicro chassis. See the figure below for the descriptions of the front control panel buttons and LED indicators.

JFP1	
1	Power Button
2	Reset/UID Button
3	UID LED_N
4	Fail LED_N (OH/FF/PF)
5	LAN-2 Activity LED
6	LAN-1 Activity LED (Aggregate all LAN)
7	Drive Activity LED
8	Standby LED_N
9	Power/RoT LED_N
10	P3V3_STBY
11	Ground
12	I2C Data
13	I2C Clock
14	Ground
15	Power Fail LED_P
16	P5V_USB
17	P5V_USB
18	P5V_USB
19	Power Fail LED_N
20	Ground

Power On and BMC/BIOS Status LED Button

The Power On and BMC/BIOS Status LED button is located on Pin 1 of the front control panel header located at JFP1. Momentarily contacting Pin 1 of JFP1 will power on/off the system or display BMC/BIOS status. Refer to the table below for more information.

Power Button BMC/BIOS Status LED Indicator	
Status	Event
Green: solid on	System power on
BMC/BIOS blinking green at 4 Hz	BMC/BIOS checking
BIOS blinking green at 4 Hz	BIOS recovery/update in progress
BMC blinking red x2 (2 blinks red) at 4 Hz, 1 pause at 2 Hz (on-on-off-off)	BMC recovery/update in progress
BMC/BIOS blinking green at 1 Hz	Flash not detected or golden image checking failure

System Reset Button/Front UID Switch

The System Reset Button/Front UID switch connection is located on Pin 2 of JFP1, which is used in conjunction with the Reset Button/UID Switch Select Jumper located at JRU1. To configure Pin 2 of JFP1 for front UID switch use in a chassis that supports front UID connection, close Pin 1 and Pin 2 of jumper JRU1. To set Pin 2 of JFP1 for BMC Reset, close Pin 3 and Pin 4 of jumper JRU1. Please refer to the jumper section for more information on JRU1.

UID LED

The unit identifier LED connection is located on Pin 3 of JFP1.

Fail LED (Information LED for OH/FF/PF)

The Fail LED (Information LED for OH/Fan Fail/PWR Fail) connection is located on Pin 4 of JFP1. The LED provides warnings of overheating, power failure, or fan failure.

Fail LED (Information LED) (OH/Fan Fail/PWR Fail) LED States	
Status	Description
Solid red (on)	An overheat condition has occurred.
Blinking red (1 Hz)	Fan failure: check for an inoperative fan.
Blinking red (0.25 Hz)	Power failure: check for a non-operational power supply
Blinking red (10 Hz) (FP red LED)	CPLD recovery mode error(s)
Solid blue	UID has been activated locally. Use this function to locate a unit in a rack mount environment that might be in need of service.
Blinking blue (1 Hz)	Local UID has been activated locally on. Use this function to identify a unit that might be in need of service.
BIOS/BMC blinking blue (10 Hz)	BIOS/BMC: recovery and/or update in progress
Red Info LED blinking (10 Hz) and MB UID LED blue blinking (10 Hz)	CPLD: recovery and/or update in progress

LAN1/LAN2 (NIC1/NIC2)

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED connection for LAN Port 1 is located on Pin 6 of JFP1, and LAN Port 2 is on Pin 5. Refer to the table below.

LAN1/LAN2 LED	
Color	State
NIC 2: Blinking green	LAN 2: Active
NIC 1: Blinking green	LAN 1: Active

Drive Activity LED

The HDD activity LED connection is located on Pin 7 of JFP1. When this LED is blinking green, it indicates HDD activity. Refer to the table below.

Drive Activity LED State	
Color	State
Blinking Green	Drive Active

Standby Power LED

The LED indicator for standby power is located on Pin 8 of JFP1. If this LED is on, standby power is on.

RoT (Root of Trust) Power LED

The Power LED for RoT (Root of Trust) connection is located on Pin 9 of JFP1. If this LED is on, power for the RoT chip is on.

Standby Power

A Standby Power (I²C) connection is located on Pin 10 ~ Pin 14 of JFP1 to provide power to the system when it is in standby mode. Refer to the table below for Pin definitions.

3.3 V Standby PWR Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
10	P3V3 Standby
11	Ground
12	I ² C Data
13	I ² C Clock
14	Ground

Power Fail LED Indicators

Power Failure LED Indicators are located on Pin 15 and Pin 19 of JFP1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

FP Power LED Pin Definitions (JFP1)	
Pin#	Definition
15	PWR Failure LED-Positive
19	PWR Failure LED-Negative

FP USB Power

Front Panel USB power connections are located on Pin 16 ~ Pin 18 of JFP1 to provide power to front USB devices. Refer to the table below for Pin definitions.

FP USB PWR Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
16	
17	+5 V USB PWR
18	

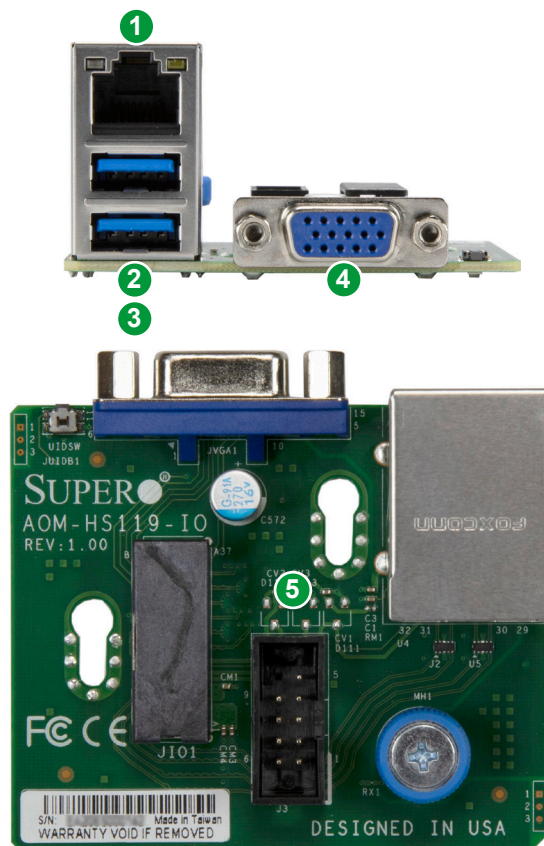
Front Control Panel Header 2

In addition to Front Control Panel header 1 (JFP1), Front Control Panel header 2 (JFP2), also located on the front side of the chassis, provides additional functions, including USB and VGA support to the system.

4.3 Input/Output Ports

I/O Ports

The low-profile slimSAS I/O connector, located at JIO1, is used to connect the motherboard to an I/O mezzanine board, AOM-HS119-IO, to provide VGA/COM/BMC/USB connections.



I/O Ports from AOM-HS119-IO	
#	Description
1	BMC_LAN Port
2	USB 0 (2.0)
3	USB 1 (2.0)
4	VGA Port
5	COM Port Header

AIOM Sideband Connector (JAIOM2SB1)

A Supermicro proprietary Advanced I/O Module (AIOM) sideband connector is located at JAIOM1 on the motherboard. This AIOM slot provides support for AIOM sideband connections.

Advanced I/O Module (AIOM) for Rear I/O Support (JAIOM1)

An Supermicro proprietary Advanced I/O Module (AIOM) connector used for a PCIe 5.0 x16 add-on module is located at JAIOM1. This AIOM connector (P1_PE0 15-0), supported by CPU1, provides input/output connections on the rear side of your system.

VGA Connections

There are two VGA connections in your system. The rear VGA connection is located on the BMCLAN/USB/VGA slot (JIO1) on the rear side of the motherboard. The front VGA header is located on the Front Panel Control Module (JFP2). These VGA connections provide analog interface support between the computer and the video displays.

Universal Serial Bus (USB) 3.2 Header

A USB header that supports two USB 3.2 Gen 1 ports (USB2/3) is located at JUSB3 on the rear side of the motherboard. These USB ports can be used for USB support via USB cables (not included).

Rear I/O Panel USB 2/3 (3.2 Gen 1) Pin Definitions			
Pin#	Definition	Pin#	Definition
A1	VBUS	B1	Power
A2	D-	B2	USB_N
A3	D+	B3	USB_P
A4	GND	B4	GND
A5	Stda_SSRX-	B5	USB3_RN
A6	Stda_SSRX+	B6	USB3_RP
A7	GND	B7	GND
A8	Stda_SSTX-	B8	USB3_TN
A9	Stda_SSTX+	B9	USB3_TP

BMC_LAN/USB/VGA/COM Slot (JIO1)

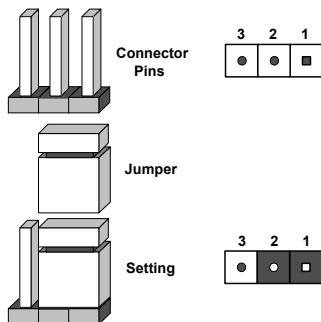
The low-profile slimSAS I/O connector, located at JIO1, is used to connect an I/O mezzanine board to the motherboard. This connector provides dedicated BMC LAN, VGA, and COM port header connections for rear side access. Please also refer to the LED Indicator section for LAN LED information.

4.4 Jumpers

Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers can be used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function of the connector. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the diagram below for an example of jumping pins 1 and 2. Refer to the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On two-pin jumpers, "Closed" means the jumper is on, and "Open" means the jumper is off the pins.



BMC and PCH I²C/SDA to VRM/BMC and PCH I²C/SCI to VRM Select Jumper

Use jumper JVRM1 to select between BMC and PCH I²C/SDA for VRM support or BMC and PCH I²C/SCI for VRM support. Connect a cable to JVRM1 to enable BMC and PCH I²C/SDA for VRM support. See the table below for jumper settings.

BMC and PCH I ² C/SDA to VRM and BMC and PCH I ² C/SCL to VRM Select Jumper Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Closed	BMC and PCH I ² C/SDA for VRM support (Default)
Open	BMC and PCH I ² C/SCI for VRM support

UID LED and BMC_Reset Button Select Jumper

Jumper JRU1 is used in conjunction with Pin 2 of Front Control Panel header 1 (JFP1) to function as a BMC_Reset button or a UID LED button. To configure Pin 2 of JFP1 for front UID button use in a chassis that supports front UID connection, close Pins 1 and 2 of jumper JRU1. To set Pin 2 of JFP1 for BMC reset support, close Pins 3 and 4 of jumper JRU1. Please refer to the table below for more information on JRU1.

Front UID Switch/Reset Button Select Jumper (JRU1) Jumper Settings	
State	Description
Close Pin 1 and Pin 2 of JRU1	Pin 2 of JFP1: used for front UID switch support (Default)
Close Pin 3 and Pin 4 of JRU1	Pin 2 of JFP1: used for BMC Reset support

CPLD JTAG Enable Jumper

Use jumper JPFR1 to enable CPLD (Complex Programmable Logic Device) JTAG support. Connect a cable to JPFR1 to support CPLD JTAG. See the table below for jumper settings.

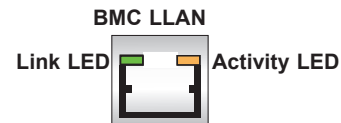
CPLD JTAG Enable Jumper Jumper Settings	
Jumper Setting	Definition
Closed	CPLD JTAG Enabled (Default)
Open	CPLD JTAG Disabled

4.5 LED Indicators

BMC LAN LEDs

A dedicated BMC LAN connection is provided on the low-profile Slim SAS I/O connector (JIO1) located on the rear side of the motherboard. The LED on the right indicates activity, and the LED on the left indicates the speed of the connection. Refer to the table below for more information.

BMC LAN LEDs		
	Color/State	Definition
Link (left)	Green: Solid Amber: Solid	100 Mbps 1Gbps
Activity (Right)	Amber: Blinking	Active



Unit ID LED

The front UID LED indicator is located at LED1. This UID indicator provides easy identification of a system that may need services.

UID LED LED Indicator	
LED Color	Definition
Blue: On	System Identified

Onboard Power LED

The Onboard Power LED is located at LEDPWR (LED2) on the motherboard. When this LED is on, the system power is on. Be sure to turn off the system power and unplug the power cords before removing or installing components. Refer to the table below for more information.

Onboard Power LED Indicator	
LED Color	Definition
Off	System Power Off (power cable not connected)
Green	System Power On

BMC Heartbeat LED

A BMC Heartbeat LED is located at LEDBMC (LEDM1) on the motherboard. When LEDBMC is blinking green, the BMC is functioning normally.

BMC Heartbeat LED Indicator	
LED Color	Definition
Green: Blinking	BMC Normal

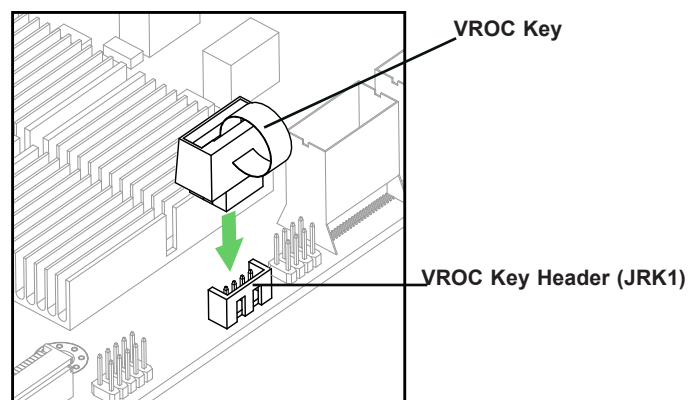
4.6 Storage Ports

VROC RAID Key Header

A VROC RAID Key header is located at JRK1 on the motherboard. Install a VROC RAID key on JRK1 for NVMe RAID support as shown in the illustration below. Please refer to the layout below for the location of JRK1.

Note: For detailed instructions on how to configure VROC RAID settings, please refer to the VROC RAID Configuration User's Guide posted on the web page under the link: <http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/>.

Intel VROC Key Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Ground
2	3.3V Standby
3	Ground
4	PCH RAID Key



Note: The graphics contained in this user's manual are for illustration only. The components installed in your system may or may not look exactly the same as the graphics shown in the manual.

NVMe SMBus Headers

NVMe SMBus (I²C) header (JNV12C1), used for PCIe SMBus clock and data connections, provides hot-plug support via a dedicated SMBus interface. This feature is only available for a Supermicro complete system with an Supermicro proprietary NVMe add-on card and a proper cable installed. See the table below for pin definitions.

NVMe SMBus Header Pin Definitions	
Pin#	Definition
1	Data
2	Ground
3	Clock
4	VCCIO

NVMe VPP Bus Connector

A NVMe VPP Bus connector is located at JNVVPP1 on the motherboard. The NVMe VPP connector provides hot plug support for the NVMe devices, which will allow the user to replace NVMe devices without shutting down and powering off the system.

PCIe 3.0 M.2-H1/M.2-H2 Slots

Two PCIe 3.0/SATA3 Hybrid M.2 slots are located at M.2-H1 and M.2-H2 on the motherboard. These M.2/SATA3 Hybrid slots support PCIe 3.0 x4 M.2 NVMe/SATA3 SSDs in the 2280 and 22110 form factors. Mounting support bracket, MCP-240-11910-0N, provides mounting points for both M.2 sizes.

MCIO NVMe Connectors

MCIO NVMe connectors, located at P1_NVME 0-3 and P2_NVME 0-3, provide eight PCIe 5.0 x8 connections on the motherboard. P1_NVME 0~3 connections are supported by CPU1, and P2_NVME 0-3 connections supported by CPU2. Use these MCIO connectors to support high-speed PCIe storage devices.

Note: When installing an NVMe device on a motherboard, please be sure to connect the first NVMe port (P1_NVME0) first for your system to work properly.

SATA 3.0 0-7 Ports

A SATA 3.0 header, located at JS1, supports eight SATA 3.0 connections (SATA0-7) on the motherboard. These SATA 3.0 ports are supported by the Intel C741 PCH chipset. Connect a proper SATA cable to JS1 to use SATA 3.0 connections.

Low-profile (LP) Slim SAS I/O Connector

A low-profile slim SAS I/O connector, located on JIO1, provides dedicated BMC LAN/USB/VGA support on the rear side of the motherboard.

Chapter 5

Software

After the hardware has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings, and install the drivers.

5.1 Microsoft Windows OS Installation

If you will be using RAID, you must configure RAID settings before installing the Windows OS and the RAID driver. Refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at www.supernmicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the OS

1. Create a method to access the Microsoft Windows installation ISO file. That can be a USB flash or media drive.
2. Retrieve the proper drivers. Go to the Supermicro web page for your motherboard and click on "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities", select the proper driver, and copy it to a USB flash drive.
3. Boot from a bootable device with Windows OS installation. You can see a bootable device list by pressing **F11** during the system startup.

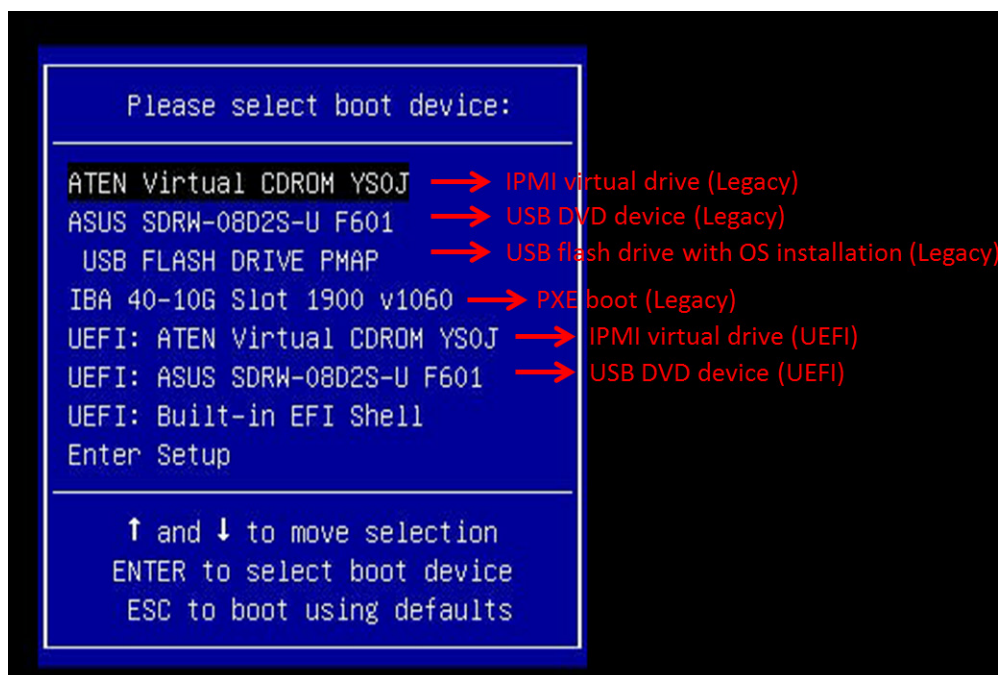


Figure 5-1. Select Boot Device

4. During Windows Setup, continue to the dialog where you select the drives on which to install Windows. If the disk you want to use is not listed, click on “Load driver” link at the bottom left corner.

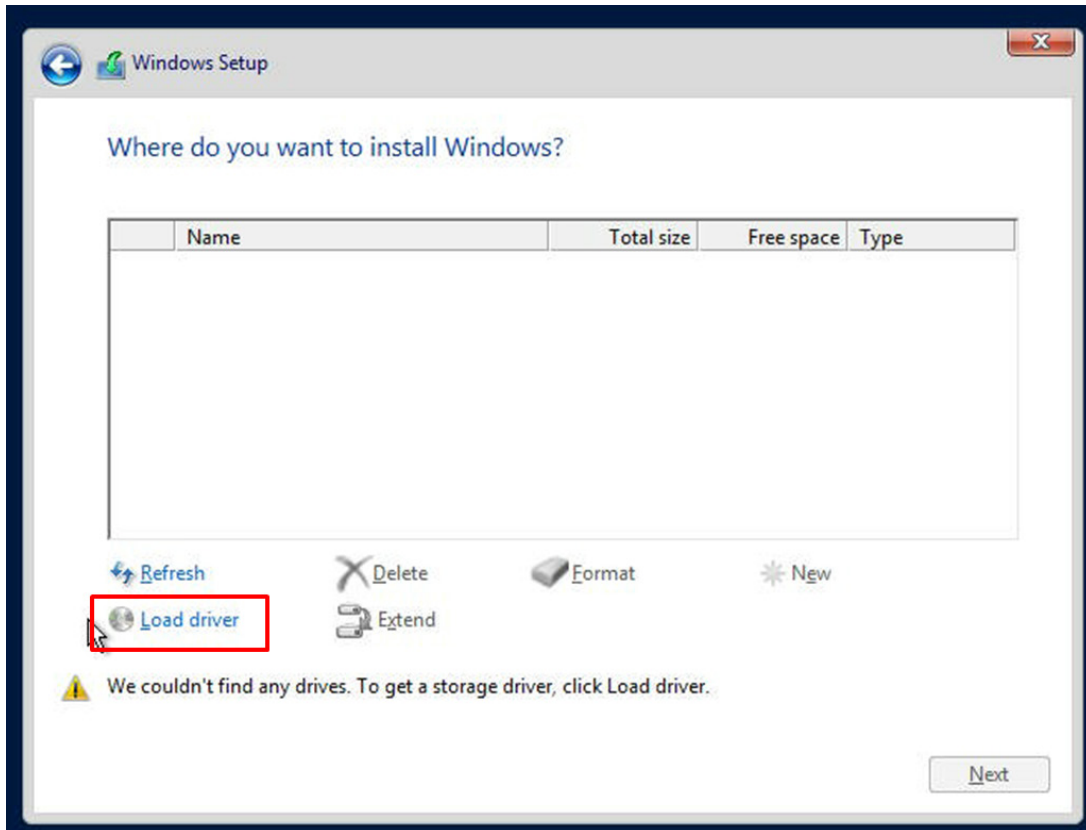


Figure 5-2. Load Driver Link

To load the driver, browse the USB flash drive for the proper driver files.

- For RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA RAID driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
 - For non-RAID, choose the SATA/sSATA AHCI driver indicated then choose the storage drive on which you want to install it.
5. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
 6. After the Windows OS installation has been completed, the system will automatically reboot multiple times.

5.2 Driver Installation

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at [https:// www. supermicro. com/wdl/driver](https://www.supermicro.com/wdl/driver). Some of these must be installed, such as the chipset driver.

After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images (in the parent directory of the above link) and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to a USB flash or media drive. (You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.)

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/>. Find the product page for your motherboard, and "Download the Latest Drivers and Utilities". Insert the flash drive or disk, and the screenshot shown below should appear.

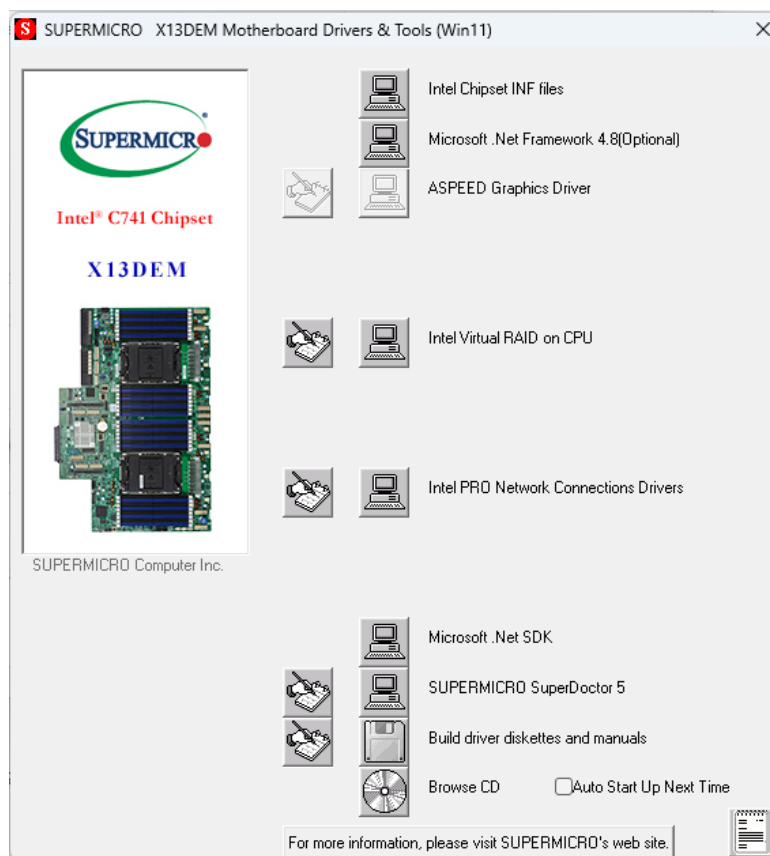


Figure 5-3. Driver and Tool Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing handwriting on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. **After installing each item, you must reboot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.** The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire content.

5.3 SuperDoctor® 5

The Supermicro SuperDoctor 5 is a program that functions in a command-line or web-based interface for Windows and Linux operating systems. The program monitors such system health information as CPU temperature, system voltages, system power consumption, fan speed, and provides alerts via email or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

SuperDoctor 5 comes in local and remote management versions and can be used with Nagios to maximize your system monitoring needs. With SuperDoctor 5 Management Server (SSM Server) IPMI, you can remotely control power ON/OFF and reset chassis intrusion for multiple systems. SuperDoctor 5 Management Server monitors HTTP, FTP, and SMTP services to optimize the efficiency of your operation.

[SuperDoctor® Manual and Resources](#)

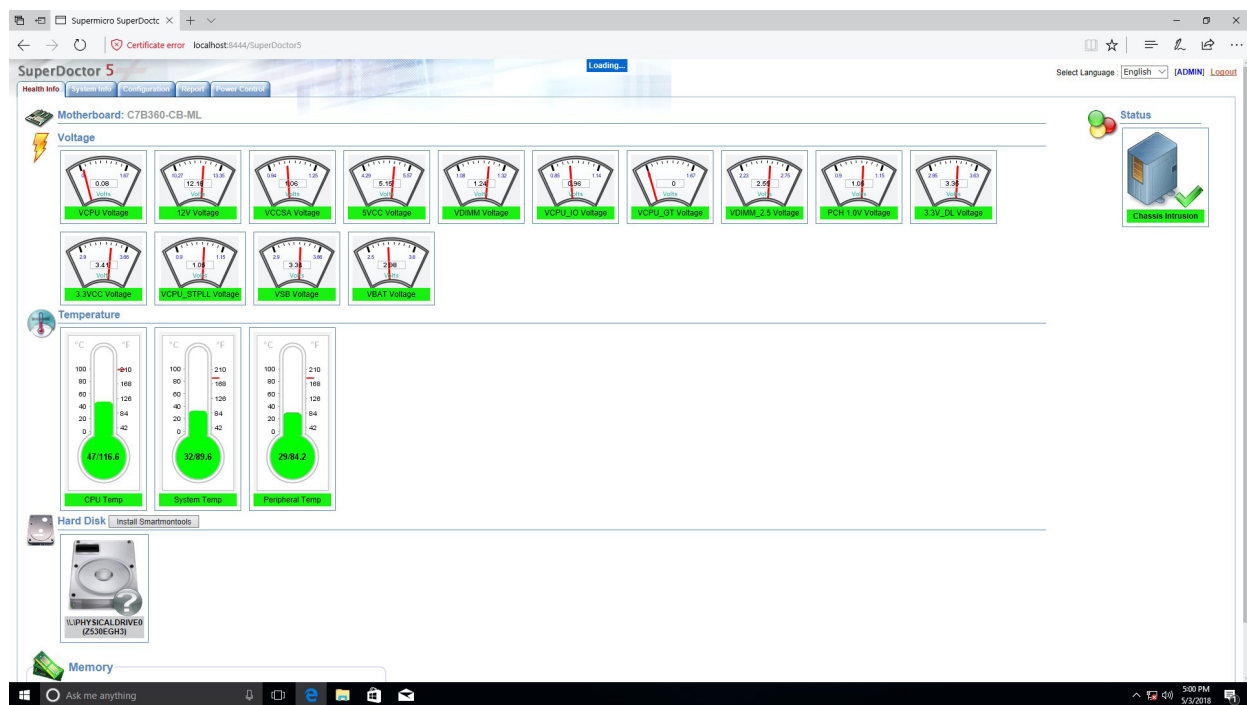


Figure 5-4. SuperDoctor 5 Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

5.4 BMC

The motherboard provides remote access, monitoring and management through the baseboard management controller (BMC) and other management controllers distributed among different system modules. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC. For general documentation and information on BMC, visit our website at: www.supermicro.com/en/solutions/management-software/bmc-resources.

BMC ADMIN User Password

For security, each system is assigned a unique default BMC password for the ADMIN user. This can be found on a sticker on the chassis and a sticker on the motherboard. The sticker also displays the BMC MAC address. If necessary, the password can be reset using the Supermicro IPMICFG tool.



Figure 5-5. BMC Password Label

The sticker can be found on the pull-out service tag at the front of the chassis. See [Chapter 1](#) for label location.

Chapter 6

Optional Components

This chapter describes alternate configurations and optional system components.

Optional Parts
Storage drive options
Power options
Cable Management Arm
TPM security module
Intel VROC RAID Key

6.1 Storage Drive Options

The storage drive bays can support SATA, SAS, and NVMe in any combination. To enable SAS, SATA, and NVMe, additional hardware is required.

SATA – The system can support up to eight SATA drives from the onboard Intel PCH SATA controller.

SAS – The system can support eight or twelve SAS drives with one of the supported add-on storage controller cards in section 6.2 Storage Control Cards.

NVMe – The system can support eight or twelve NVMe drives.

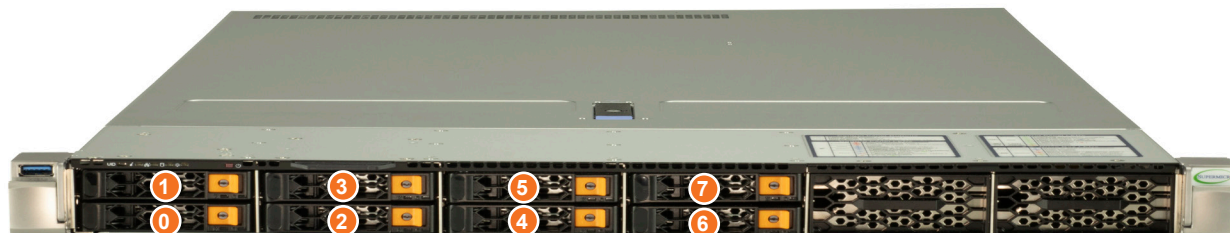
6.2 Storage Control Cards

Storage Control Card Options	
AOC SKU	Description
AOC-S3908L-H8iR-16DD	SAS RAID Adapter (RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, 60), eight internal SAS3 ports, Supports up to 16 physical devices with expander, One SlimSAS and eight black (100-Ohm) connector
AOC-S3916L-H16iR-32DD	SAS RAID Adapter (RAID 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, 60), 16 internal SAS3 ports, Supports up to 32 physical devices with expander, Two SlimSAS eight black (100-Ohm) connectors
AOC-S3808L-L8iT	SAS Host Bus Adapter (IT mode), eight internal SAS3 ports, Supports up to 122 physical devices with expander, One SlimSAS and eight black (100-Ohm) connectors
AOC-S3816L-L16iT	SAS Host Bus Adapter (IT mode), 16 internal SAS3 ports, Supports up to 122 physical devices with expander, Two SlimSAS and eight black (100-Ohm) connectors

6.3 Configuration Ordering Information

8 Drive Bay Configurations

The following details show the possible configurations and the part numbers of the cables required.



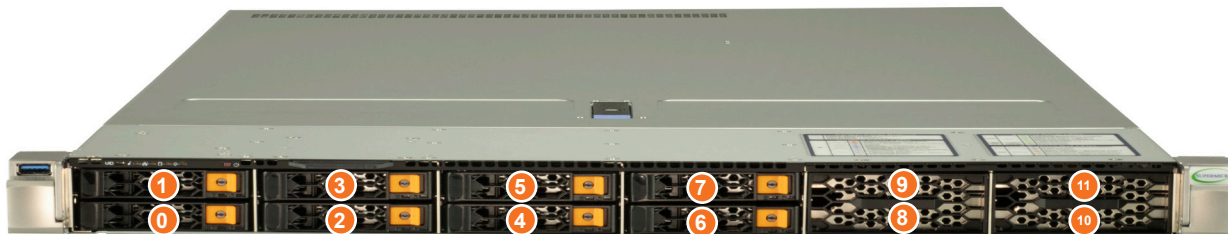
8 NVMe		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-3	NVMe (CPU1)	CBL-MCIO-1216M5FD1 CBL-MCIO-1220M5FD2
Drive Bays 4-7	NVMe (CPU2)	CBL-MCIO-1244M5FD3 CBL-MCIO-1239M5FD4

8 SAS/SATA		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-7	SAS/SATA	CBL-SAST-1273LP-100 CBL-CDAT-1062 For Non-RAID: AOC-S3816L-L16IT-O For Hardware RAID: AOC-S3916L-H16IR-32DD-O

8 SATA		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-7	SATA	CBL-SAST-1237LP-100 CBL-CDAT-1062

12 Drive Bay Configurations

The following details show the possible configurations and the part numbers of the cables required.



12 NVMe		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-3	NVMe (CPU1)	MCP-220-00178-0B (x4) BPN-NVME5-HS119N-S4R
Drive Bays 4-11	NVMe (CPU2)	CBL-MCIO-1216M5FD1 CBL-MCIO-1220M5FD2 CBL-MCIO-1244M5FD3 CBL-MCIO-1239M5FD4 CBL-MCIO-1233M5FF5 CBL-MCIO-1225M5FF6 CBL-PWEX-1136-40

12 SAS/SATA		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-11	SAS/SATA	MCP-220-00178-0B (x4) BPN-NVME5-HS119N-S4R CBL-SAST-1273LP-100 CBL-SAST-1262LP-100 CBL-PWEX-1136-40 CBL-CDAT-1062Y-45 For Non-RAID: AOC-S3816L-L16IT-O For Hardware RAID: AOC-S3916L-H16IR-32DD-O

8 SAS/SATA + 4 NVMe		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-7	SAS/SATA	MCP-220-00178-0B (x4) BPN-NVME5-HS119N-S4R
Drive Bays 8-11	NVMe (CPU2)	CBL-MCIO-1233M5FF5 CBL-MCIO-1225M5FF6 CBL-SAST-1273LP-100 CBL-PWEX-1136-40 CBL-CDAT-1062 For Non-RAID: AOC-S3808L-L8IT-O For Hardware RAID: AOC-S3908L-H8IR-16DD-O

8 SATA + 4 NVMe		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-7	SATA	MCP-220-00178-0B (x4) BPN-NVME5-HS119N-S4R
Drive Bays 8-11	NVMe (CPU2)	CBL-MCIO-1233M5FF5 CBL-MCIO-1225M5FF6 CBL-SAST-1237LP-100 CBL-PWEX-1136-40 CBL-CDAT-1062

8 NVMe + 4 SAS/SATA		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-3	NVMe (CPU1)	MCP-220-00178-0B (x4) BPN-NVME5-HS119N-S4R
Drive Bays 4-7	NVMe (CPU2)	CBL-MCIO-1216M5FD1 CBL-MCIO-1220M5FD2 CBL-MCIO-1244M5FD3 CBL-MCIO-1239M5FD4
Drive Bays 8-11	SAS/SATA	CBL-SAST-1262LP-100 CBL-PWEX-1136-40 CBL-CDAT-1062 For Non-RAID: AOC-S3808L-L8IT-O For Hardware RAID: AOC-S3908L-H8IR-16DD-O

8 NVMe + 4 SATA		
Drive Bay Number	Drive Type	Part Numbers
Drive Bays 0-3	NVMe (CPU1)	MCP-220-00178-0B (x4) BPN-NVME5-HS119N-S4R
Drive Bays 4-7	NVMe (CPU2)	CBL-MCIO-1216M5FD1 CBL-MCIO-1220M5FD2 CBL-MCIO-1244M5FD3 CBL-MCIO-1239M5FD4
Drive Bays 8-11	SATA	CBL-SAST-1282ELQLL4-100 CBL-PWEX-1136-40 CBL-CDAT-1062

6.4 Power Supply Modules

Power Supply Module Options		
Watts	Part Number	80Plus Level
1200	PWS-1K24A-1R (default)	Titanium
1600	PWS-1K63A-1R	Titanium
2000	PWS-2K07A-1R	Titanium
2600	PWS-2K63A-1R	Titanium

6.5 Cable Management Arm

The system supports a cable management arm (CMA), which keeps the rear cables organized and clear of the rail mechanisms when the system is extended out the front of the rack for maintenance.

The CMA attaches to the rack mounting rails using four connectors. They are labeled on the connectors 1, 2, 3, and 4.

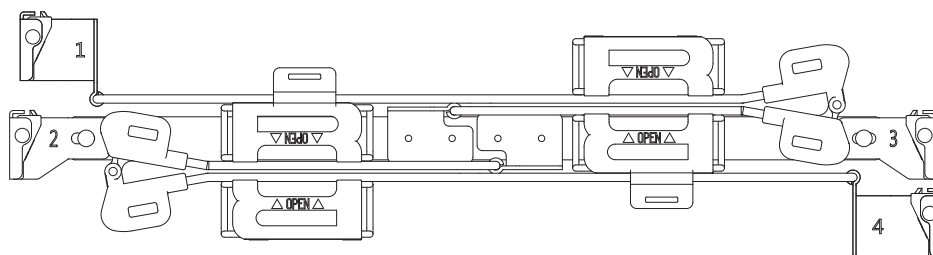


Figure 6-1. Cable Management Arm

Cable Arm Details		
Optional Part	Part Number	Description
Cable Arm	MCP-290-00168-0N	7.5" deep cable arm
Rail Set	MCP-290-11901-0N	41.2" rails (optimized for 1200 mm deep racks)

Installing the Cable Management Arm

1. Slide CMA connector #1 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the right *inner* rail (right side when viewed from the front). It snaps into place.
2. Slide CMA connector #2 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the right *middle* rail. It snaps into place.

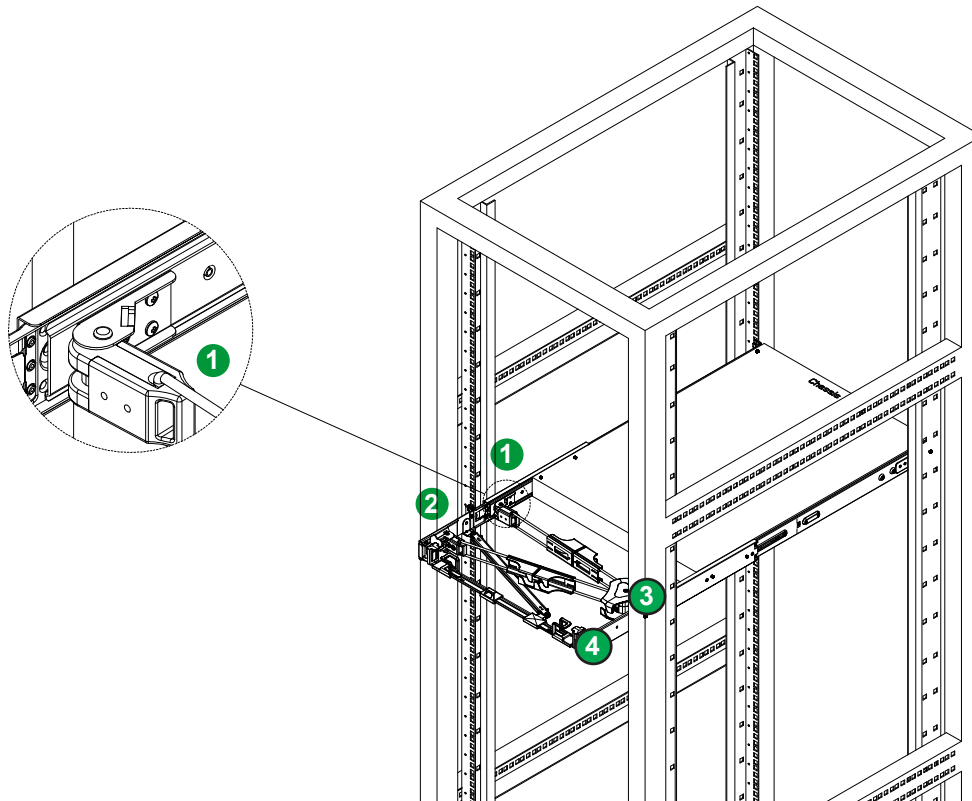


Figure 6-2. Installing the Connectors

3. Slide CMA connector #3 forward onto the two posts on the rear of the left middle rail. It snaps into place.
4. For CMA connector #4, align the metal tabs with the slots on the rear of the left outer rail and push it forward. It snaps into place.
5. Route the cables through the holding brackets, leaving enough slack.

Removing the Cable Management Arm

1. Remove cables from the CMA,
2. For CMA connector #4, pull the metal release tab toward the center of the rack and slide the connector toward the rear to release it.
3. For CMA connectors #3, #2, and #1, depress the front edge of the yellow plastic rocker lock and slide the connector toward the rear to release it.

6.6 TPM Security Module

SPI capable TPM 2.0 (or 1.2) with Infineon 9670 controller, vertical form factor

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM). A TPM is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It enables the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system.

Details and installation procedures are at:

<http://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/TPM.pdf>.

- AOM-TPM-9670V
- AOM-TPM-9671V

6.7 Intel Virtual RAID on CPU (VROC)

Intel® Virtual RAID on CPU (Intel VROC) is an enterprise RAID solution for NVMe SSDs directly attached to Intel Xeon Scalable processors. Intel Volume Management Device (VMD) is an integrated controller inside the CPU PCIe root complex.

- A single processor supports up to 12 NVMe SSDs and up to 6 RAID arrays.
- A dual processor system supports up to 24 NVMe SSDs and 12 RAID arrays.

Stripe sizes are 4K, 8K, 16K, 32K, 64K, 128K.

Requirements and Restrictions

- **Intel VROC is only available when the system is configured for UEFI boot mode.**
- To enable the **mdadm** command and support for RSTe, install the patch from
 - Linux: <https://downloadcenter.intel.com/download/28158/Intel-Virtual-RAID-on-CPU-Intel-VROC-and-Intel-Rapid-Storage-Technology-enterprise-Intel-RSTe-Driver-for-Linux->
 - Windows: <https://downloadcenter.intel.com/download/28108/Intel-Virtual-RAID-on-CPU-Intel-VROC-and-Intel-Rapid-Storage-Technology-enterprise-Intel-RSTe-Driver-for-Windows->
- To enable Intel VROC, a hardware key must be inserted on the motherboard, and the appropriate processor's Virtual Management Devices must be enabled in the BIOS setup.
- It is possible to enable Intel VROC without a hardware key installed, but only RAID0 will be enabled.
- Intel VROC is not compatible with secure boot. This feature must be disabled.
- When creating bootable OS RAID1 devices, you must have both devices on the same CPU, and a VMD on that CPU.
- Spanning drives when creating RAID devices is not recommended due to performance issues, even though it is supported.

Supported SSDs and Operating Systems

To see the latest support information: <https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/support/articles/000030310/memory-and-storage/ssd-software.html>

Additional Information

Additional information is available on the product page for the Supermicro add-on card and the linked manuals.

www.supermicro.com/products/accessories/addon/AOC-VROCxxxMOD.cfm

Hardware Key

The Intel VROC hardware key is a license key that detects the Intel VROC SKU and activates the function accordingly. The key must be plugged into the Supermicro motherboard (connector JRK1). The key options are:

Intel® VROC Keys			
VROC Package	Description	Part Number	Intel MM Number
Standard	RAID 0, 1, 10 Supports 3rd party SSDs	AOC-VROCSTNMOD	951605
Premium	RAID 0, 1, 5, 10 Supports 3rd party SSDs	AOC-VROCPREMOD	951606

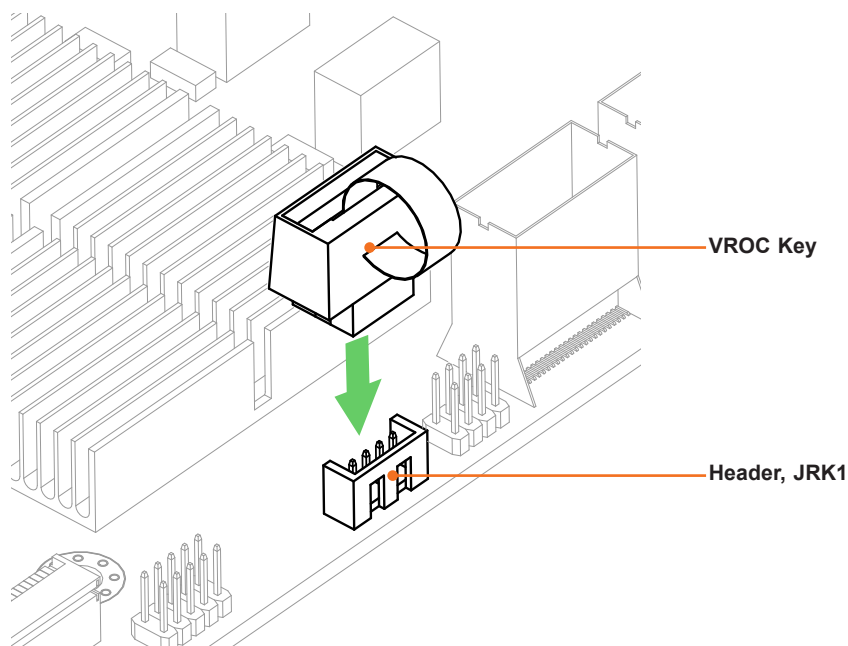


Figure 6-3. Intel VROC RAID Key and Motherboard Connector JRK1

Configuring Intel VMD

VMD must be enabled on PCIe ports which have NVMe drives attached to them in order for those drives to be added to a VROC RAID configuration. The default BIOS setting for the NVMe Mode Switch is **Auto** which automatically enables VMD on all installed NVMe drives.

NVMe Mode Switch :

- **Auto** Enables VMD for all NVMe ports if VROC Key is installed.
- **VMD** Enables VMD for all NVMe ports despite the lack of the VROC Key.
- **Manual** Allows the user to select specific NVMe ports on which to enable VMD.

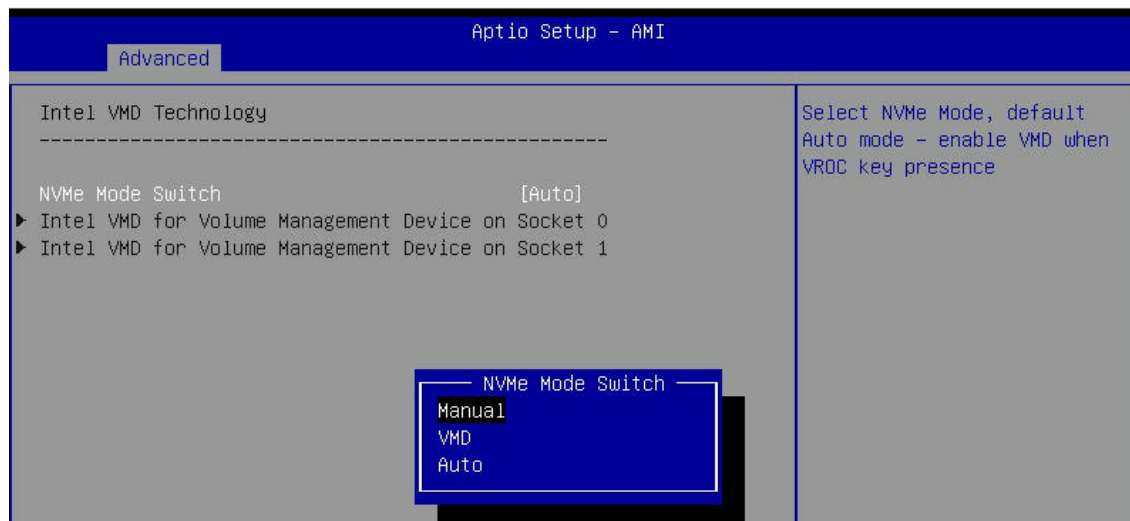
The NVMe Mode Switch can be viewed or selected at **BIOS > Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > Intel® VMD Technology**.

Note: Without a VROC Key, there is no RAID support with the **Auto** switch. Only RAID 0 is supported with the **VMD** and **Manual** switches.

Configuring VMD Manually

The steps for manually configuring VMD on specific NVMe ports in UEFI BIOS are shown below. Example screenshots may differ from your server.

1. Reboot the server and press [DEL] key to access the BIOS options.
2. Switch to **Advanced > Chipset Configuration > North Bridge > IIO Configuration > Intel® VMD Technology**.
3. Select **VMD Mode Switch**, then select **Manual**.



Note that Socket 0 contains CPU1; Socket 1 contains CPU2

Figure 6-4. BIOS, Selecting VMD Mode

This table identifies the NVMe Port Resources in the X13 Hyper servers. Enable VMD on the NVMe drive's corresponding hardware stack according to the VMD BIOS Settings table.

Intel VMD BIOS Settings for X13 Hyper Systems				
Model	CPU1	NVMe Slots	CPU2	NVMe Slots
SYS-121H-TNR 8 NVMe (0-7) 12 NVMe (0-11) 8 SAS/SATA + 4 NVMe (8-11) 8 SATA + 4 NVMe (8-11) 8 NVMe (0-7) + 4 SAS/SATA 8 NVMe (0-7) + 4 SATA	VMD Config for PCH ports: PCH Root Port 8 PCH Root Port 9	M.2 A,B	VMD Config for IOU 0: Socket 1 IOU0 port A Socket 1 IOU0 port C Socket 1 IOU0 port E Socket 1 IOU0 port G	NVMe 4,5,6,7
	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 0 IOU3 port E Socket 0 IOU3 port G	NVMe 0,1.	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 1 IOU3 port E Socket 1 IOU3 port G	NVMe 8,9.
	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 0 IOU4 port A Socket 0 IOU4 port C	NVMe 2, 3	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 1 IOU4 port E Socket 1 IOU4 port G	NVMe 10,11
SYS-621H-TN12R 12 NVMe (0-11) 8 SAS/SATA + 4 NVMe (8-11) 8 SATA + 4 NVMe (8-11)	VMD Config for PCH ports: PCH Root Port 8 PCH Root Port 9	M.2 A,B	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 1 IOU3 port E Socket 1 IOU3 port G	NVMe 6, 7
	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 0 IOU3 port E Socket 0 IOU3 port G	NVMe 0,1	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 1 IOU4 port A Socket 1 IOU4 port C Socket 1 IOU4 port E Socket 1 IOU4 port G	NVMe 8,9,10,11
	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 0 IOU4 port A Socket 0 IOU4 port C Socket 0 IOU4 port E Socket 0 IOU4 port G	NVMe 2,3,4,5		
SYS-621H-TN12R 2 Rear NVMe (12-13) 4 Rear NVMe (12-15)	VMD Config for PCH ports: PCH Root Port 8 PCH Root Port 9	M.2 A,B	VMD Config for IOU 0: Socket 1 IOU0 port A Socket 1 IOU0 port C Socket 1 IOU0 port E Socket 1 IOU0 port G	NVMe 12,13,14,15
SYS-221H-TN24R 24 NVMe (0-23) 16 NVMe (8-23) + 8 SAS/SATA 16 NVMe (8-23) + 8 SATA 16 SAS/SATA + 8 NVMe (16-23)	VMD Config for PCH ports: PCH Root Port 8 PCH Root Port 9	M.2 A,B	VMD Config for IOU 0: Socket 1 IOU0 port A Socket 1 IOU0 port C Socket 1 IOU0 port E Socket 1 IOU0 port G	NVMe 10,11,12,13
	VMD Config for IOU 1: Socket 0 IOU1 port A Socket 0 IOU1 port C Socket 0 IOU1 port E Socket 0 IOU1 port G	NVMe 0,1,2,3	VMD Config for IOU 2: Socket 1 IOU2 port A Socket 1 IOU2 port C Socket 1 IOU2 port E Socket 1 IOU2 port G	NVMe 14,15,16,17
	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 0 IOU3 port E Socket 0 IOU3 port G	NVMe 4,5.	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 1 IOU3 port E Socket 1 IOU3 port G	NVMe 18,19
	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 0 IOU4 port A Socket 0 IOU4 port C Socket 0 IOU4 port E Socket 0 IOU4 port G	NVMe 6,7,8,9	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 1 IOU4 port A Socket 1 IOU4 port C Socket 1 IOU4 port E Socket 1 IOU4 port G	NVMe 20,21,22,23

Intel VMD BIOS Settings for X13 Hyper Systems				
Model	CPU1	NVMe Slots	CPU2	NVMe Slots
SYS-221H-TN24R 2 Rear NVMe (24-25) 4 Rear NVMe (24-27)	VMD Config for PCH ports: PCH Root Port 8 PCH Root Port 9	M.2 A,B	VMD Config for IOU 0: Socket 1 IOU0 port A Socket 1 IOU0 port C Socket 1 IOU0 port E Socket 1 IOU0 port G	NVMe 24,25,26,27
SYS-221H-TNR 16 NVMe (0-15) 8 NVMe (8-15) + 8 SAS/SATA 8 NVMe (8-15) + 8 SATA	VMD Config for PCH ports: PCH Root Port 8 PCH Root Port 9	M.2 A,B	VMD Config for IOU 2: Socket 1 IOU2 port A Socket 1 IOU2 port C Socket 1 IOU2 port E Socket 1 IOU2 port G	NVMe 6,7,8,9
	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 0 IOU3 port E Socket 0 IOU3 port G	NVMe 0,1	VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 1 IOU3 port E Socket 1 IOU3 port G	NVMe 10,11
	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 0 IOU4 port A Socket 0 IOU4 port C Socket 0 IOU4 port E Socket 0 IOU4 port G	NVMe 2,3,4,5	VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 1 IOU4 port A Socket 1 IOU4 port C Socket 1 IOU4 port E Socket 1 IOU4 port G	NVMe 12,13,14,15
SYS-221H-TNR 8 NVMe	VMD Config for PCH ports: PCH Root Port 8 PCH Root Port 9	M.2 A,B	VMD Config for IOU 2: Socket 1 IOU2 port E Socket 1 IOU2 port G	NVMe 0,1
			VMD Config for IOU 3: Socket 1 IOU3 port E Socket 1 IOU3 port G	NVMe 2,3
			VMD Config for IOU 4: Socket 1 IOU4 port A Socket 1 IOU4 port C Socket 1 IOU4 port E Socket 1 IOU4 port G	NVMe 4,5,6,7

Caution: VMD must only be enabled on NVMe port resources. If VMD is enabled on other PCIe ports, the functionality of those ports will be impacted.

Caution: VMD must only be enabled on NVMe port resources. If VMD is enabled on other PCIe ports, the functionality of those ports will be impacted. See the table below.

4. Select “Intel VMD for Volume Management Device on” on Socket 0 (CPU1) or Socket 2 (CPU2) to enable VMD for devices under the respective CPU.

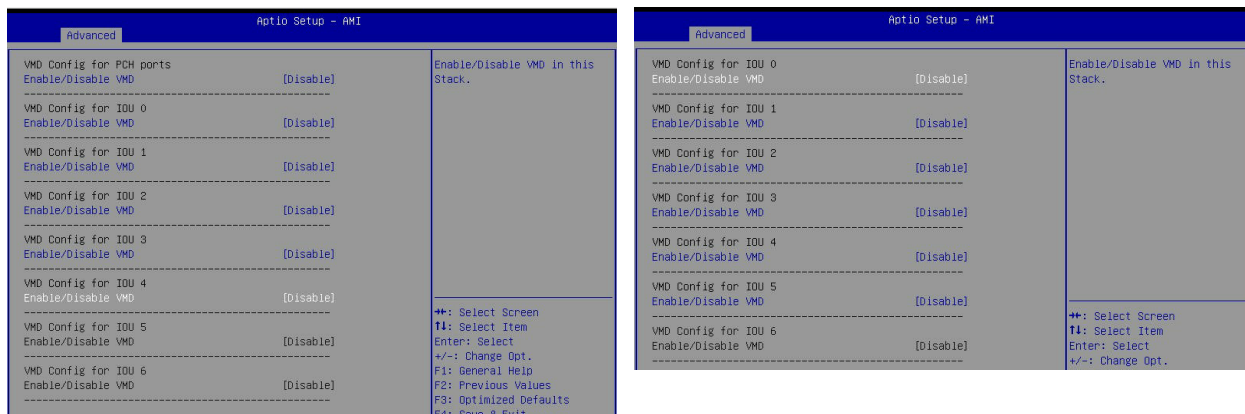


Figure 6-5. Intel VMD for Volume Management Device on Socket 0 and Socket 1

5. Choose Enable for “Enable/Disable VMD” for IOU 3 to list the available devices under IOU 3.

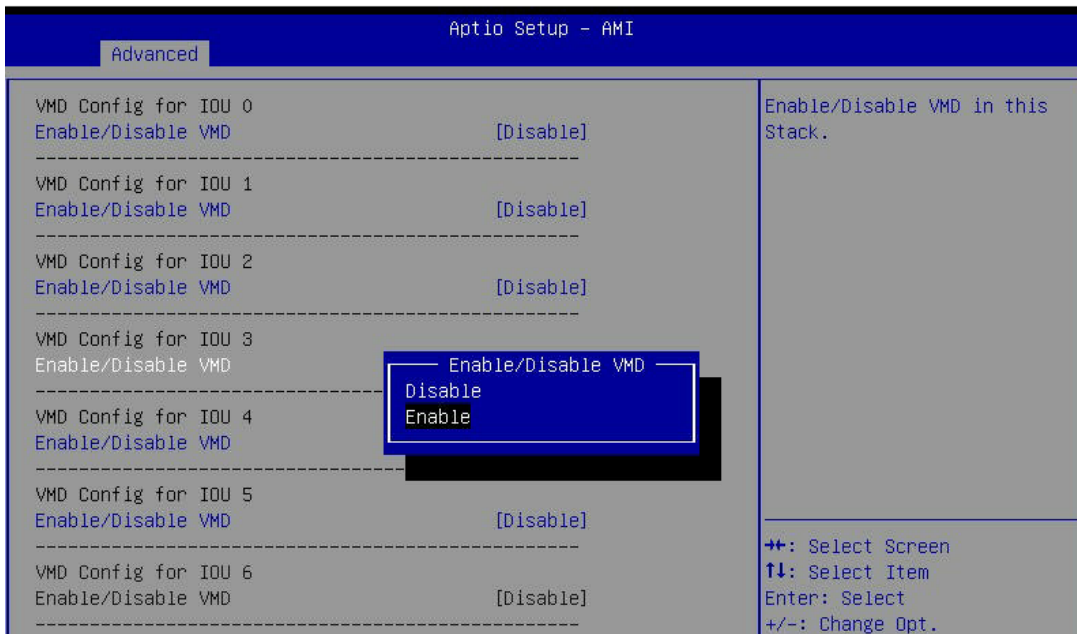


Figure 6-6. BIOS, Enabling VMD on Socket 1 (CPU2) (Example)

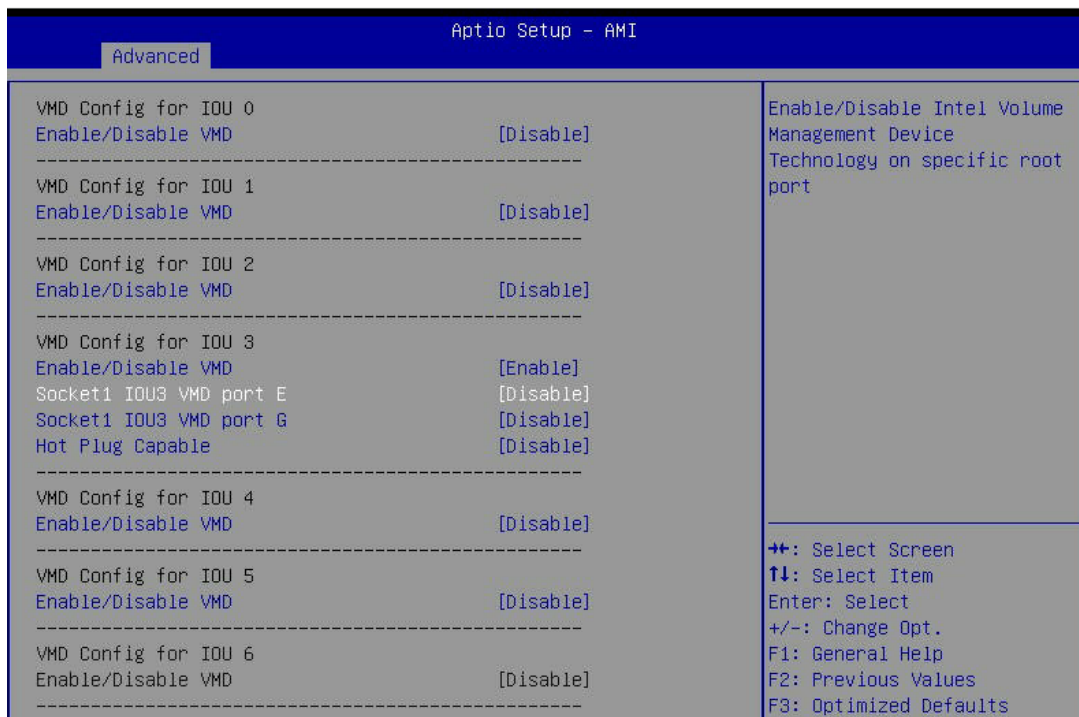


Figure 6-7. BIOS, Enabling VMD on Socket 1 (Example)

6. Enable the NVMe port resource according to table above for the NVMe drives that will be used in a RAID configuration.

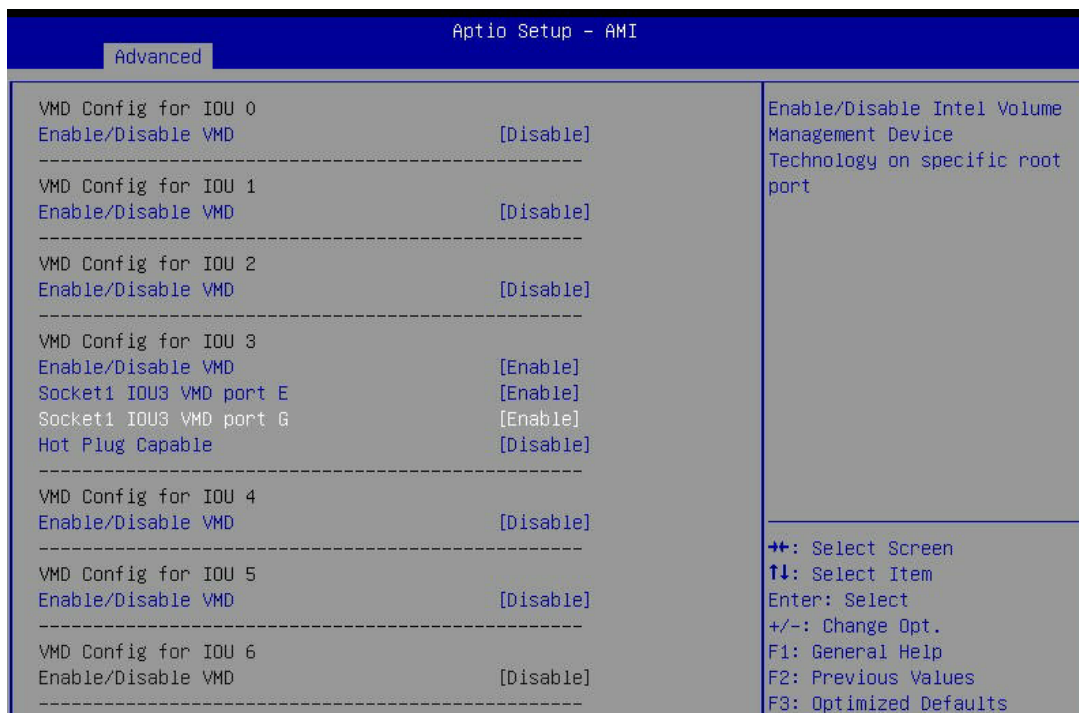


Figure 6-8. BIOS, Enabling Socket 1 (Example)

7. Choose whether to make the NVMe drives in this IOU **Hot Plug Capable** by selecting Enabled or Disabled.
8. Repeat steps 4 through 7 for each IOU # on each CPU to enable VMD on the desired NVMe ports.

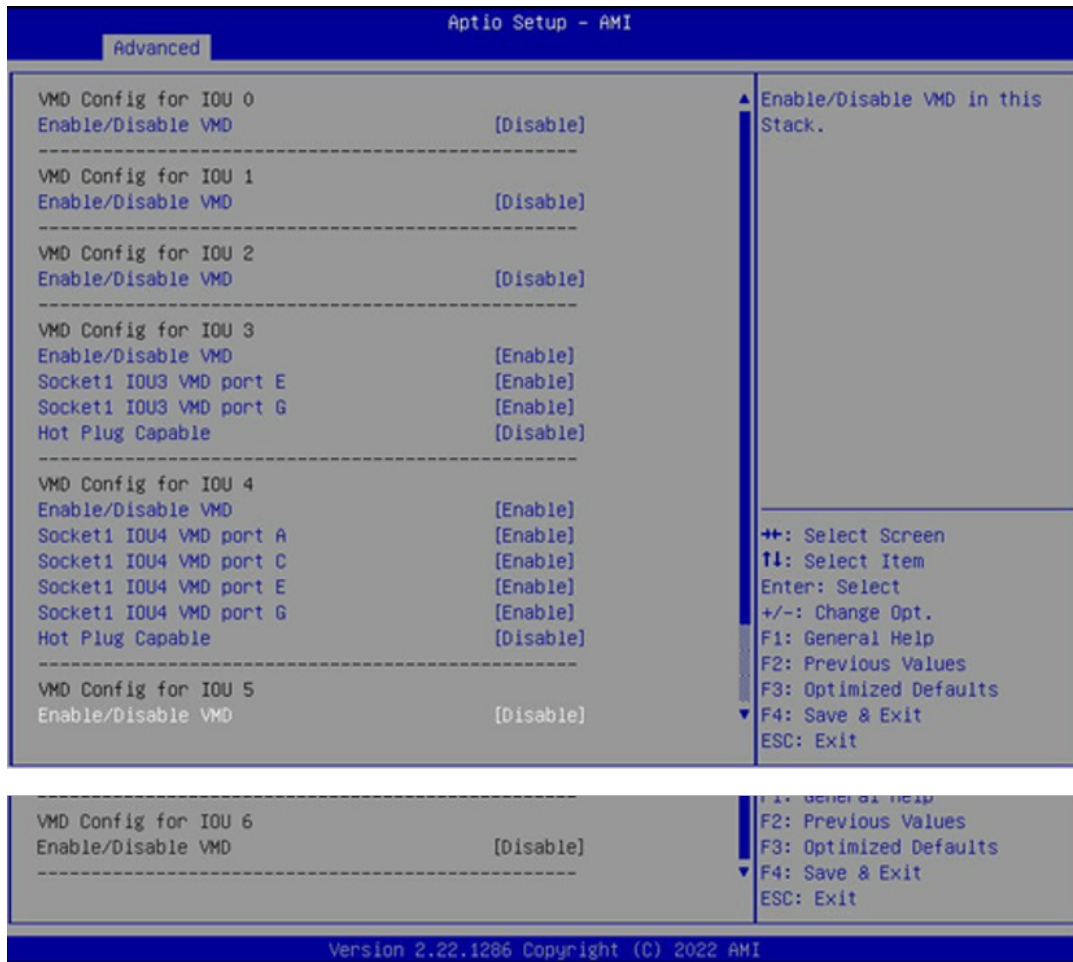


Figure 6-9. BIOS, Enabling Socket 1 Completed (Example)

(This example shows SYS-621H-TN12R with 12 NVMe. Other systems will look different.)

9. Press [F4] to save the configuration and reboot the system.

Note: If there is an existing RAID configuration, delete the RAID volume associated with the VMD controller before disabling the controller. Failure to do so may lead to unexpected behavior.

Note: The effects of physically changing or swapping a CPU on the VMD controller have not been thoroughly tested or documented.

Creating NVMe RAID Configurations

1. Open **Advanced > Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU > All Intel VMD Controllers > Create RAID Volume**.

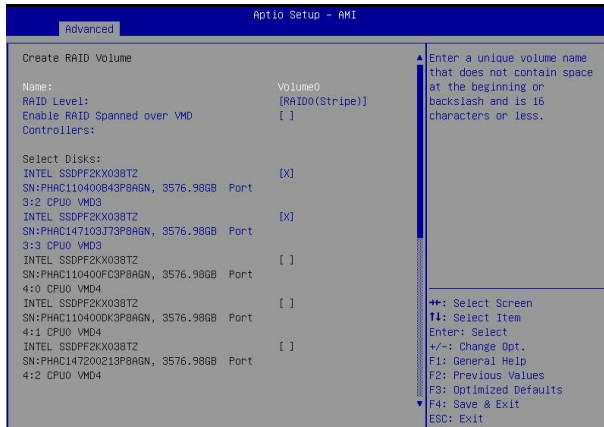


Figure 6-13. Created Volume *without* enabling RAID spanned over VMD controller

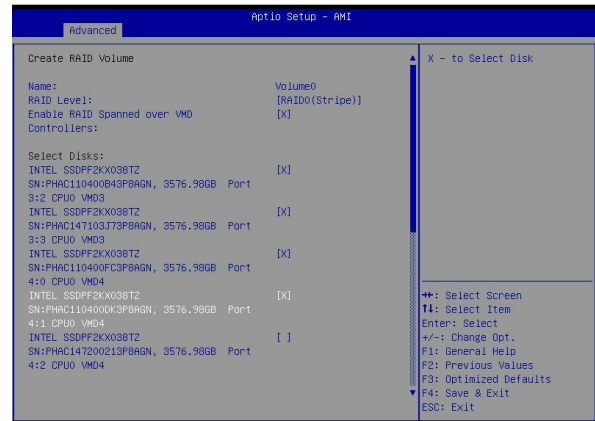


Figure 6-14. Created Volume *with* enabling RAID spanned over VMD controller

2. Set **Name**.
3. Set **RAID Level**.
4. If cross-controller RAID is required, select **Enable RAID spanned over VMD Controller**.
5. Select specific disks for RAID with an [X].
 - RAID0: Select at least two disks
 - RAID1: Select only two disks
 - RAID5: Select at least three disks
 - RAID10: Select only four disks
6. Select **Strip Size** (Default 64KB).
7. Select **Create Volume**.
8. If another RAID is needed, start again at step 1.

Status Indications

An LED indicator on the drive carrier shows the RAID status of the drive.

Drive Carrier Status LED Indicator	
Status	State (red)
Normal function	OFF
Locating	4 Hz blink
Fault	Solid ON
Rebuilding	1 Hz Blink

IBPI SFF 8489 Defined Status LED States

Hot-Swap Drives

Intel VMD enables hot-plug and hot-unplug for NVMe SSDs, whether from Intel or other manufacturers. Under vSphere ESXi, several steps are necessary to avoid potential stability issues. See the information at the link [1] below.

Hot-unplug

1. Prevent devices from being re-detected during rescan:

```
esxcli storage core claiming autoclaim --enabled=false
```

2. Unmount the VMFS volumes on the device. Check [2] for details.
3. Detach the device. Check [3] for details.
4. Physically remove the device.

Hot-plug

- Physically install the device.

ESXi will automatically discover NVMe SSDs, but a manual scan may be required in some cases.

Related Information Links

[1] <https://kb.vmware.com/s/article/2151404>

[2] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-1B56EF97-F60E-4F21-82A7-8F2A7294604D.html>

[3] <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.5/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-F2E75F67-740B-4406-9F0C-A2D99A698F2A.html>

Chapter 7

Troubleshooting and Support

7.1 Information Resources

Website

A great deal of information is available on the Supermicro website, supermicro.com.

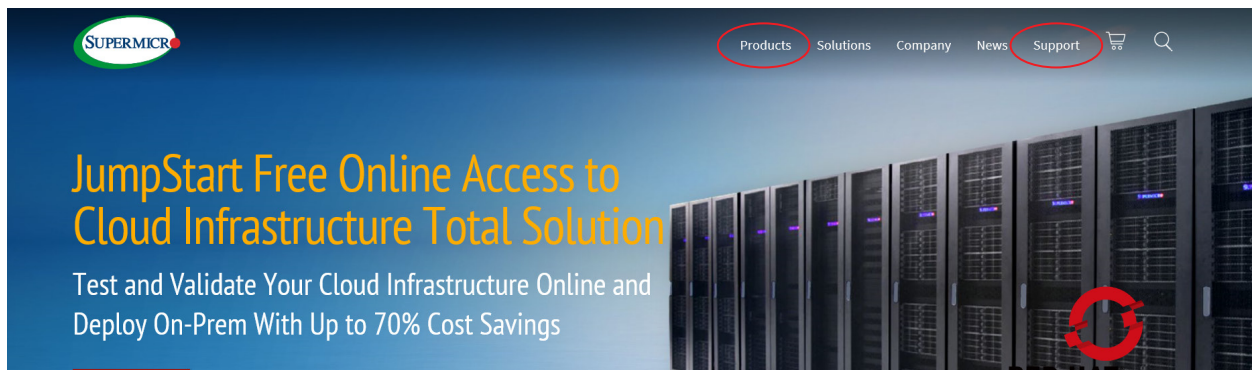


Figure 7-1. Supermicro Website

- Specifications for servers and other hardware are available by the **Products** option.
- The **Support** option offers downloads (manuals, BIOS/BMC, drivers, etc.), FAQs, RMA, warranty, and other service extensions.

Direct Links for the SYS-121H-TNR System

[SYS-121H-TNR](#) specifications page

[X13DEM](#) motherboard page for links to the Quick Reference Guide, User Manual, validated storage drives, etc.

Direct Links for General Support and Information

[Frequently Asked Questions](#)

[Add-on card descriptions](#)

[TPM User Guide](#)

General Memory Configuration Guide: [X13](#)

[BMC User Guide](#)

[SuperDoctor5 Large Deployment Guide](#)

Direct Links (continued)

For validated memory, use our [Product Resources page](#)

[Product Matrices](#) page for links to tables summarizing specs for systems, motherboards, power supplies, riser cards, add-on cards, etc.

[Security Center](#) for recent security notices

[Supersmicro Phone and Addresses](#)

7.2 Baseboard Management Controller (BMC)

The system supports the Baseboard Management Controller (BMC). BMC is used to provide remote access, monitoring and management. There are several BIOS settings that are related to BMC.

For general documentation and information on BMC, please visit our website at: https://www.supersmicro.com/manuals/other/BMC_Users_Guide_X13.pdf.

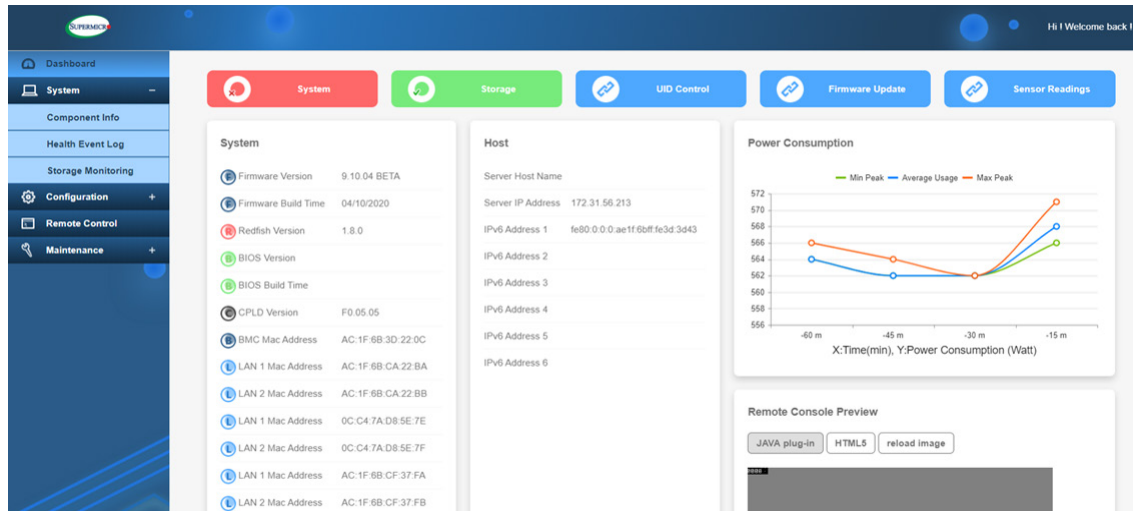


Figure 7-2. BMC Sample

7.3 Troubleshooting Procedures

Use the following procedures to troubleshoot your system. If you have followed all of the procedures below and still need assistance, refer to the [Technical Support Procedures](#) or [Returning Merchandise for Service](#) section(s) in this chapter. [Power down](#) the system before changing any non hot-swap hardware components.

General Technique

If you experience unstable operation or get no boot response, try:

1. With power off, remove all but one DIMM and other added components, such as add-on cards, from the motherboard. Make sure the motherboard is not shorted to the chassis.
2. Set all jumpers to their default positions.
3. Power up. If the system boots, check for memory errors and add-on card problems.

No Power

- Check that the power LED on the motherboard is on.

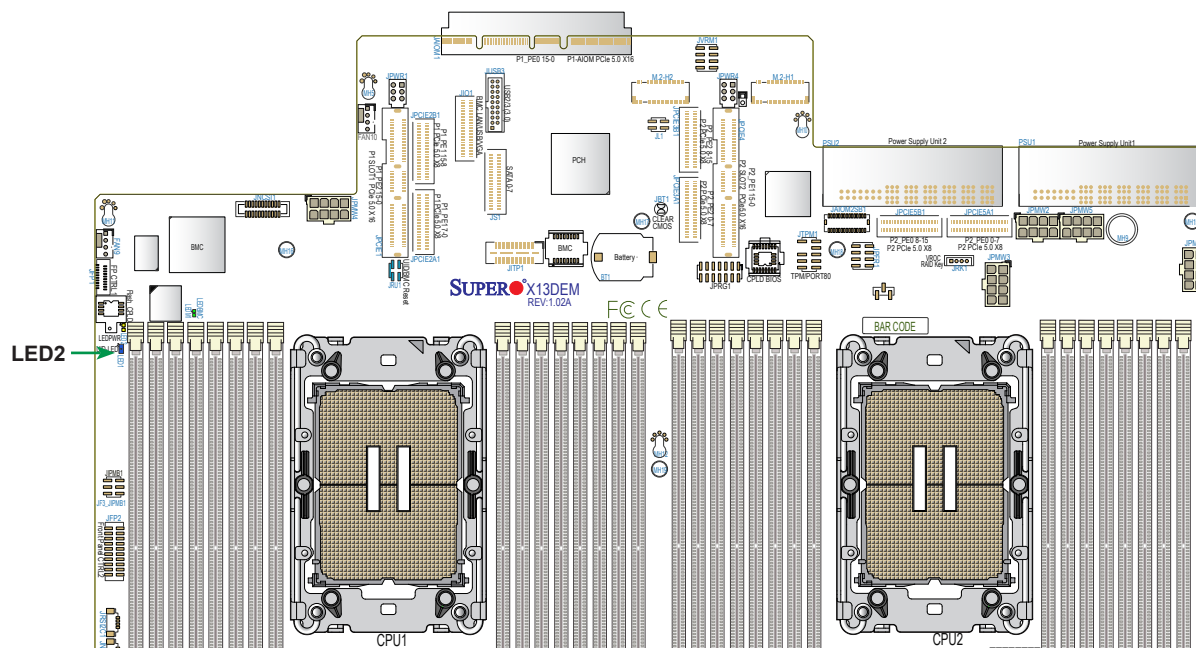


Figure 7-3. Location of the MB Power LED

- Make sure that the power connector is connected to the power supply.
- Check that the motherboard battery still supplies approximately 3 VDC. If it does not, replace it.
- Check that the system input voltage is 100-120 VAC or 180-240 VAC.
- Turn the power switch on and off to test the system

No Video

If the power is on but you have no video, remove all add-on cards and cables.

System Boot Failure

If the system does not display Power-On-Self-Test (POST) or does not respond after the power is turned on, try the following:

- Turn on the system with only one DIMM module installed. If the system boots, check for bad DIMM modules or slots by following the Memory Errors Troubleshooting procedure below.

Memory Errors

- Make sure that the DIMM modules are properly and fully installed.
- Confirm that you are using the correct memory. Also, it is recommended that you use the same memory type and speed for all DIMMs in the system. See [Section 3.4](#) for memory details.
- Check for bad DIMM modules or slots by swapping modules between slots and noting the results.

Losing the System Setup Configuration

- Always replace power supplies with the exact same model that came with the system. A poor quality power supply may cause the system to lose the CMOS setup configuration.
- Check that the motherboard battery still supplies approximately 3 VDC. If it does not, replace it.

If the above steps do not fix the setup configuration problem, contact your vendor for repairs.

If the System Becomes Unstable

If the system becomes unstable during or after OS installation, check the following:

- CPU/BIOS support: Make sure that your CPU is supported and that you have the latest BIOS installed in your system.
- Memory: Make sure that the memory modules are supported. Refer to the product page on our website at www.supermicro.com. Test the modules using **memtest86** or a similar utility.
- Storage drives: Make sure that all drives work properly. Replace if necessary.

- System cooling: Check that all heatsink fans and system fans work properly. Check the hardware monitoring settings in the BMC to make sure that the CPU and system temperatures are within the normal range. Also check the Control panel Overheat LED.
- Adequate power supply: Make sure that the power supply provides adequate power to the system. Make sure that all power connectors are connected. Refer to the Supermicro website for the minimum power requirements.
- Proper software support: Make sure that the correct drivers are used.

If the system becomes unstable before or during OS installation, check the following:

- Source of installation: Make sure that the devices used for installation are working properly, including boot devices.
- Cable connection: Check to make sure that all cables are connected and working properly.
- Use the minimum configuration for troubleshooting: Remove all unnecessary components (starting with add-on cards first), and use the minimum configuration (but with a CPU and a memory module installed) to identify the trouble areas.
- Identify a bad component by isolating it. Check and change one component at a time.
 - Remove a component in question from the chassis, and test it in isolation. Replace it if necessary.
 - Or swap in a new component for the suspect one.
 - Or install the possibly defective component into a known good system. If the new system works, the component is likely not the cause or the problem.

7.4 Crash Dump Using BMC

In the event of a processor internal error (IERR) that crashes your system, you may want to provide information to support staff. You can download a crash dump of status information using BMC. The BMC manual is available at https://www.supermicro.com/manuals/other/BMC_Users_Guide_X13.pdf.

Check BMC Error Log

1. Access the BMC web interface.
2. Click the **Server Health** tab, then **Event Log** to verify an IERR error.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Severity	Date/Time	Sensor Type Categories	Description	Event Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	Yellow	2020-10-15 18:57:06	ACPowerOn	[OEM] First AC Power on - Assertion	Sensor-specific
<input type="checkbox"/>	Green	2020-10-15 18:56:43	System NIC	[OEM] Dedicated LAN Link Up - Assertion	Sensor-specific
<input type="checkbox"/>	Yellow	2020-10-15 17:41:37	ACPowerOn	[OEM] First AC Power on - Assertion	Sensor-specific
<input type="checkbox"/>	Green	2020-10-15 17:41:17	System NIC	[OEM] Dedicated LAN Link Up - Assertion	Sensor-specific
<input type="checkbox"/>	Yellow	2020-10-15 17:41:14	System NIC	[OEM] Dedicated LAN Link Down - Assertion	Sensor-specific
<input type="checkbox"/>	Green	2020-10-15 17:41:12	System NIC	[OEM] Dedicated LAN Link Up - Assertion	Sensor-specific

Figure 7-4. BMC Event Log

In the event of an IERR, the BMC executes a crash dump. You must download the crash dump and save it.

7.5 UEFI BIOS Recovery

Warning: Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall Supermicro be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from a BIOS update. If you do update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is updating to avoid possible boot failure.

Overview

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) provides a software-based interface between the operating system and the platform firmware in the pre-boot environment. The UEFI specification supports an architecture-independent mechanism that will allow the UEFI OS loader stored in an add-on card to boot the system. The UEFI offers clean, hands-off management to a computer during system boot.

Recovering the UEFI BIOS Image

A UEFI BIOS flash chip consists of a recovery BIOS block and a main BIOS block (a main BIOS image). The recovery block contains critical BIOS codes, including memory detection and recovery codes for the user to flash a healthy BIOS image if the original main BIOS image is corrupted. When the system power is turned on, the recovery block codes execute first. Once this process is complete, the main BIOS code will continue with system initialization and the remaining POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines.

Note 1: Follow the BIOS recovery instructions below for BIOS recovery when the main BIOS block crashes.

Note 2: When the BIOS recovery block crashes, you will need to follow the procedures to make a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request. Also, you may use the Supermicro Update Manager (SUM) Out-of-Band (https://www.supermicro.com.tw/products/nfo/SMS_SUM.cfm) to reflash the BIOS.

Recovering the Main BIOS Block with a USB Device

This feature allows the user to recover the main BIOS image using a USB-attached device without additional utilities used. A USB flash or media drive can be used for this purpose. However, a USB Hard Disk drive cannot be used for BIOS recovery at this time.

The file system supported by the recovery block is FAT (including FAT12, FAT16, and FAT32) which is installed on a bootable or non-bootable USB-attached device. However, the BIOS might need several minutes to locate the SUPER.ROM file if the media size becomes too large due to the huge volumes of folders and files stored in the device.

To perform UEFI BIOS recovery using a USB-attached device, follow the instructions below.

1. Using a different machine, copy the "Super.ROM" binary image file into the disc Root "\ " directory of a USB flash or media drive.

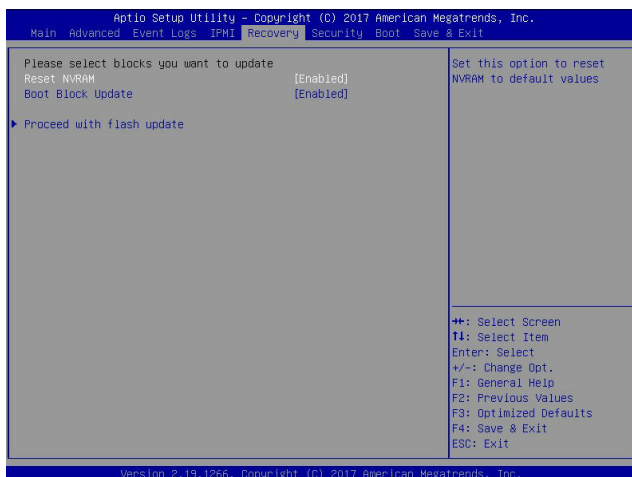
Note 1: If you cannot locate the "Super.ROM" file in your drive disk, visit our website at www.supermicro.com to download the BIOS package. Extract the BIOS binary image into a USB flash device and rename it "Super.ROM" for the BIOS recovery use.

Note 2: Before recovering the main BIOS image, confirm that the "Super.ROM" binary image file you download is the same version or a close version meant for your motherboard.

2. Insert the USB device that contains the new BIOS image ("Super.ROM") into your USB drive and reset the system when the following screen appears.
3. After locating the healthy BIOS binary image, the system will enter the BIOS Recovery menu as shown below.



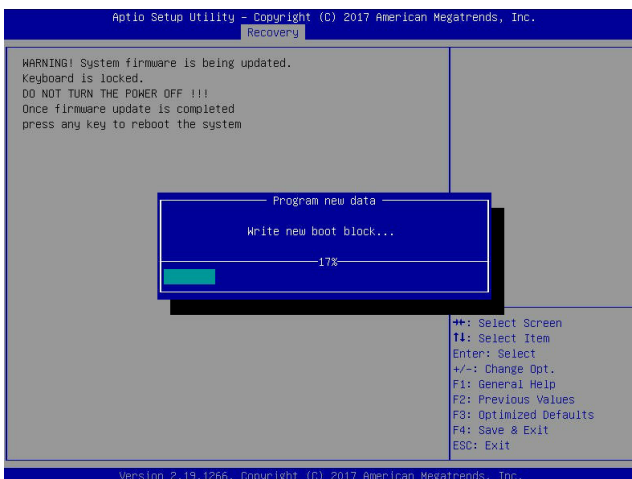
Note: At this point, you may decide if you want to start the BIOS recovery. If you decide to proceed with BIOS recovery, follow the procedures below.



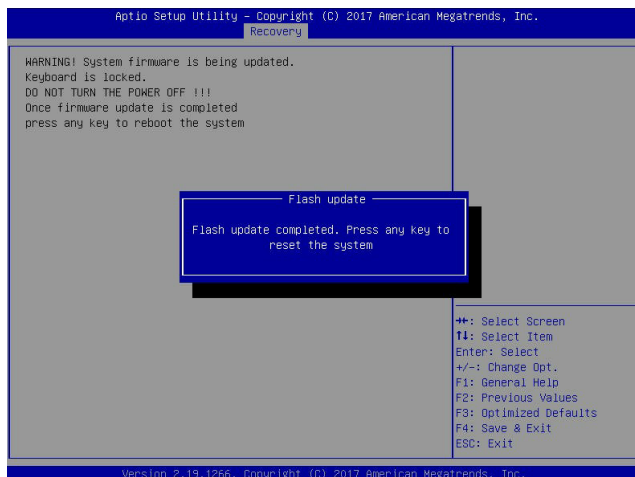
4. When the screen as shown above displays, use the arrow keys to select the item "Proceed with flash update" and press the <Enter> key. You will see the BIOS recovery progress as shown in the screen below.

Note: Do not interrupt the BIOS flashing process until it has completed.

5. After the BIOS recovery process is complete, press any key to reboot the system.
6. Using a different system, extract the BIOS package into a USB flash drive.

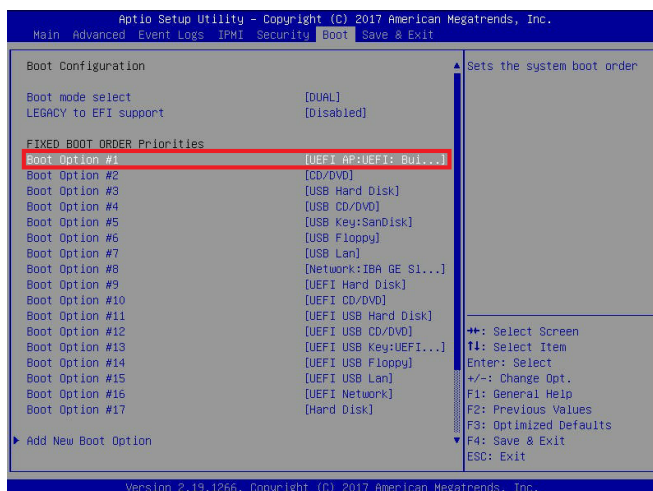


7. Press continuously during system boot to enter the BIOS Setup utility. From the top of the tool bar, select Boot to enter the submenu. From the submenu list, select Boot



Option #1 as shown below. Then, set Boot Option #1 to [UEFI AP:UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell]. Press <F4> to save the settings and exit the BIOS Setup utility.

8. When the UEFI Shell prompt appears, type fs# to change the device directory path. Go to the directory that contains the BIOS package you extracted earlier from Step 6. Enter flash.nsh BIOSname.### at the prompt to start the BIOS update process.



Note: Do not interrupt this process until the BIOS flashing is complete.

```

UEFI Interactive Shell v2.1
EDK II
UEFI v2.50 (American Megatrends, 0x0005000C)
Mapping table
  FS0: Alias(s):HD0:0:0:BLK1:
        PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x14,0x0)/USB(0x11,0x0)/HD(1,MBR,0x37901D72,0x800,0x1
DR9592)
  BLK0: Alias(s):
        PciRoot(0x0)/Pci(0x14,0x0)/USB(0x11,0x0)
Press F8 in 1 seconds to skip startup.nsh or any other key to continue.
Shell: fs0:
FS0:\> cd \AFUDOS
FS0:\AFUDOS> cd SNIJPM2_03162017
FS0:\AFUDOS\SNIJPM2_03162017> flash.nsh X110PU7_314

```

9. The screen above indicates that the BIOS update process is complete. When you see the screen above, unplug the AC power cable from the power supply, clear CMOS, and plug

```

Done.
[ Access Cmos Port Ex ]
<Read>
Index 0x51: 0x10

Done.
*****
* Program BIOS and ME (including FDT) regions...
*****
| AMT Firmware Update Utility v5.09.01.1917 |
| Copyright (C)2017 American Megatrends Inc. All Rights Reserved. |
-----
CPUID = 50652
Reading flash ..... done
- ME Data Size checking - ok
- FFS checksums ..... ok
- Check RomLayout ..... Ok
Erasing Boot Block ..... done
Updating Boot Block ..... done
Verifying Boot Block ..... done
_Erasing Main Block ..... 0x00132000 (0x)

```

the AC power cable in the power supply again to power on the system.

10. Press continuously to enter the BIOS Setup utility.

```

Verifying NDB Block ..... done
- Update success for FDR
- Update success for IE
- Successful Update Recovery Loader to OPR!!
- Successful Update MFSBI!
- Successful Update FPR!!
- Successful Update MFS, IVBI and IVB2!!
- Successful Update FLOG and UTDK!!
- ME Entire Image update success !!
WARNING : System must power-off to have the changes take effect!
Moving FS0:\AFUDOS\SNIJPM2_03162017\Fdtv64.efi -> FS0:\AFUDOS\SNIJPM2_03162017\
dt1.smc
- [ok]
Moving FS0:\AFUDOS\SNIJPM2_03162017\Fuef1x64.efi -> FS0:\AFUDOS\SNIJPM2_0316201
7\Fuef1.smc
- [ok]
*****
* Please ignore this 'Shell: Cannot read from file - Device Error'
* warning message due to it does not impact flashing process.
*****
Deleting " "
Delete successful.
FS0:\>

```

11. Press <F3> to load the default settings.

12. After loading the default settings, press <F4> to save the settings and exit the BIOS Setup utility.

7.6 CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

To Clear CMOS

1. First [power down](#) the system completely.
2. [Remove chassis cover](#) to access the motherboard.
3. [Remove the onboard battery](#) from the motherboard.
4. Short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.
5. Remove the screwdriver or shorting device.
6. Re-install the battery.
7. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cords and power on the system.

Notes: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS.



JBT1 contact pads

7.7 Where to Get Replacement Components

If you need replacement parts for your system, to ensure the highest level of professional service and technical support, purchase exclusively from our Supermicro Authorized Distributors/System Integrators/Resellers. A list can be found at: <http://www.supermicro.com>. Click the "Where to Buy" tab.

7.8 BMC

The BMC can be reset using the button on the front control panel or on the chassis rear.

- Reset—Press and hold the button. After six seconds, the LED blinks at 2 Hz. The BMC resets and the reset duration is approximately 250 ms. Then the BMC starts to boot.
- Restore factory default configuration—Hold the button for twelve seconds. The LED blinks at 4 Hz while defaults are configured.
- Firmware update—the UID LED blinks at 10 Hz during a firmware update.

BMC Reset Options	
Event	LED (Green)
Reset	Blinks at 2 Hz
Restore Defaults	Blinks at 4 Hz
Update	Blinks at 10 Hz

7.9 Reporting an Issue

Technical Support Procedures

Before contacting Technical Support, please take the following steps. If your system was purchased through a distributor or reseller, please contact them for troubleshooting services. They have the best knowledge of your specific system configuration.

1. Please review the [Troubleshooting Procedures](#) in this manual and [Frequently Asked Questions](#) on our website before contacting Technical Support.
2. BIOS upgrades can be downloaded from our website. **Note:** Not all BIOS can be flashed depending on the modifications to the boot block code.
3. If you still cannot resolve the problem, include the following information when contacting us for technical support:
 - System, motherboard, and chassis model numbers and PCB revision number
 - BIOS release date/version (this can be seen on the initial display when your system first boots up)
 - System configuration

An example of a Technical Support form is posted on our [website](#). Distributors: For immediate assistance, please have your account number ready when contacting our technical support department by email.

Returning Merchandise for Service

A receipt or copy of your invoice marked with the date of purchase is required before any warranty service will be rendered. You can obtain service by calling your vendor for a Returned Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number. When returning to the manufacturer, the RMA number should be prominently displayed on the outside of the shipping carton, and mailed prepaid or hand-carried. Shipping and handling charges will be applied for all orders that must be mailed when service is complete.

For faster service, RMA authorizations may be requested online (<http://www.supermicro.com/support/rma/>).

Whenever possible, repack the chassis in the original Supermicro carton, using the original packaging material. If these are no longer available, be sure to pack the chassis securely, using packaging material to surround the chassis so that it does not shift within the carton and become damaged during shipping.

This warranty only covers normal consumer use and does not cover damages incurred in shipping or from failure due to the alteration, misuse, abuse or improper maintenance of products.

During the warranty period, contact your distributor first for any product problems.

Vendor Support Filing System

For issues related to Intel, use the Intel IPS filing system:

<https://www.intel.com/content/www/us/en/design/support/ips/training/welcome.html>

For issues related to Red Hat Enterprise Linux, since it is a subscription based OS, contact your account representative.

7.10 Feedback

Supermicro values your feedback as we strive to improve our customer experience in all facets of our business. Please email us at techwriterteam@supermicro.com to provide feedback on our manuals.

Appendix A

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm.

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告!この警告サインは危険を意味します。人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

警告! 此警告符号代表危险。您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前, 必须充分意识到触电的危险, 并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

警告! 此警告符号代表危险。您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前, 請注意觸電的危險, 並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明內容。

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE.

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden. BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD.

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo. GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ.

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement. CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים. יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

אֵלָּהּ בְּחַלָּה וְיִי אֵי תִּסְבֵּב בְּאִיבָה גִּסְדָּה זֶה הַזְהַר עָ חֶזֶק! תְּחַזְּרִי .
 קִבֵּל אֵי תְּעוֹל עַל אֵי הַעֲדָת, יִי עַל עֵלֶן בַּלּוֹחַאֲזֵר אֶל אֲבוֹתָ עֵי הַדְּוֹאֲרֵי
 הַכְּהִיבָאֵי

וְיִי עַל דְּרָהּ בַּלּוֹוֹאֲרֵסַת הַנְּקִאֵי לֹו עָ וּפְעַח אֵי חֲאֻדַּת
 אִסְתַּחֲזֵם רִקֵּן הַבֵּי אֵי הַלּוֹ וְסֻסֵּב בְּהָהּ כָּל תְּחַזְּרִי לְלַעֲשֵׁר תְּזַגְוֹתָהּ

안전을 위한 주의사항.

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

警告!

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告!

将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告!

將系統與電源連接前，請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung!

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention!

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

אזהרה!

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

تحذير!

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

경고!

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

警告!

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。
保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告!

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供, 确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于250 V、20 A。

警告!

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供, 確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於250 V、20 A。

Warnung!

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention!

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à: 250 V, 20 A.

אזהרה!

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי
המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250 V, 20 A.

تحذیر!

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معدات الحماية مه الدوائر القصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في

المبنى

تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20 A, 250 V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다.
보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250 V(볼트), 20 A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw elektrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde apparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250 V, 20 A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components (except for hot-swap components).



警告!

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシ内部にアクセスするには、システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要があります。

警告!

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前，必须将系统完全断电，并移除电源线。

警告！

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前，必須將系統完全斷電，並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention!

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chasis pour installer ou enlever des composants de système.

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

تحذير!

يجب فصل انظاؤ من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد انطاقت قيم

انصل إلى امناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتشيج أو إزانت مكناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 쉐시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only authorized personnel and qualified service persons should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

警告!

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告!

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告!

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung!

Nur autorisiertes Personal und qualifizierte Servicetechniker dürfen dieses Gerät installieren, austauschen oder warten.

¡Advertencia!

Sólo el personal autorizado y el personal de servicio calificado deben poder instalar, reemplazar o dar servicio a este equipo.

Attention!

Seul le personnel autorisé et le personnel de maintenance qualifié doivent être autorisés à installer, remplacer ou entretenir cet équipement.

אזהרה!

יש לאפשר רק צוות מורשה ואנשי שירות מוסמכים להתקין, להחליף או לטפל בציוד זה.

تحذير!

ينبغي السماح فقط للموظفين المعتمدين وأفراد الخدمة المؤهلين بتركيب هذا الجهاز أو استبداله أو صيانته.

경고!

승인된 직원과 자격을 갖춘 서비스 담당자만이 이 장비를 설치, 교체 또는 서비스할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Alleen geautoriseerd personeel en gekwalificeerd onderhoudspersoneel mag deze apparatuur installeren, vervangen of onderhouden.

Rack Stability Hazard



Warning! Stability hazard. The rack may tip over causing serious personal injury. Before extending the rack to the installation position, read the installation instructions.

警告!

安定性に危険があります。ラックが転倒して、重大な人身事故を引き起こす可能性があります。ラックを設置位置まで伸ばす前に、設置手順をお読みください。設置位置にあるスライド レールに取り付けられた機器に負荷をかけないでください。スライド レールに取り付けられた機器を設置位置に放置しないでください。

警告!

稳定性危険。机架可能会翻倒，造成严重的人身伤害。在将机架延伸到安装位置之前，请阅读安装说明。请勿在安装位置对滑轨安装的设备施加任何负载。请勿将滑轨安装的设备留在安装位置。

警告!

穩定性危險。機架可能會翻倒，造成嚴重的人身傷害。將機架延伸至安裝位置前，請先閱讀安裝說明。請勿在安裝位置的滑軌安裝設備上放置任何負載。請勿將滑軌安裝設備留在安裝位置。

Warnung!

Gefahr der Instabilität. Das Rack kann umkippen und schwere Verletzungen verursachen. Lesen Sie die Installationsanweisungen, bevor Sie das Rack in die Einbauposition ausfahren. Belasten Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition. Lassen Sie die auf den Gleitschienen montierten Geräte nicht in der Einbauposition.

¡Advertencia!

Peligro de inestabilidad. El rack podría volcarse y causar lesiones personales graves. Antes de extender el rack a la posición de instalación, lea las instrucciones de instalación. No coloque ninguna carga sobre el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación. No deje el equipo montado sobre rieles deslizantes en la posición de instalación. Sólo el personal autorizado y el personal de servicio calificado deben poder instalar, reemplazar o dar servicio a este equipo.

Avertissement!

Danger d'instabilité. Le rack peut basculer et provoquer des blessures corporelles graves. Avant d'étendre le rack en position d'installation, lire les instructions d'installation. Ne pas charger l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation. Ne pas laisser l'équipement monté sur rail de glissière en position d'installation.

אזהרה!

סכנת חוסר יציבות

המתלה עלול להתהפך ולגרום לפציעה חמורה

לפני הארכת המתלה למצב ההתקנה, קרא את הוראות ההתקנה

אין להעמיס כל עומס על הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

אל תשאיר את הציוד המותקן על מסילת ההחלקה במצב ההתקנה

تحذير!

خطر عدم الاستقرار.

قد ينقلب الرف مسبباً إصابات جسدية خطيرة.

قبل تمديد الرف إلى موضع التركيب، اقرأ تعليمات التركيب.

لا تضع أي حمولة على الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب.

لا تترك الجهاز المثبت على سكة الانزلاق في موضع التركيب.

경고!

안정성 위험. 랙이 넘어져 심각한 개인 부상을 입을 수 있습니다. 랙을 설치 위치까지 확장하기 전에 설치 지침을 읽으십시오. 설치 위치에서 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비에 하중을 가하지 마십시오. 슬라이드 레일 장착 장비를 설치 위치에 두지 마십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaar voor instabiliteit. Het rek kan kantelen en ernstig persoonlijk letsel veroorzaken. Lees de installatie-instructies voordat u het rek uitschuift naar de installatiepositie. Plaats geen last op de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur in de installatiepositie. Laat de op de glijrail gemonteerde apparatuur niet in de installatiepositie staan.

Restricted Area



Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

警告！

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告！

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所。限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告！

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域。進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung!

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention!

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזהרה!

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת 'כלי אבטחה בלבד' (מפתח, מנעול וכד.).

تحذير!

اتخصيص هذه انحدة نتركُ بها ف مناطق محظورة تم .
مَكن انصل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخداو أداة خاصت،
أو أ وس هُت أخري نلالأما قفم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing!

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



CAUTION: There is risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by an incorrect type. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

警告!

バッテリーを間違ったタイプに交換すると爆発の危険があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告!

如果更换的电池类型不正确，则存在爆炸危险。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告!

如果更換的電池類型不正確，則有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

WARNUNG!

Es besteht Explosionsgefahr, wenn die Batterie durch einen falschen Typ ersetzt wird. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

ATTENTION!

Il existe un risque d'explosion si la batterie est remplacée par un type incorrect. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

ADVERTENCIA!

Existe riesgo de explosión si la batería se reemplaza por un tipo incorrecto. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ אם הסוללה תוחלף בסוג שגוי. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת. סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן.

تحذير!

هناك خطر الانفجار إذا تم استبدال البطارية بنوع غير صحيح.

استبدال البطارية

فقط بنفس النوع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصت به الشركة المصنعة

جخلص من البطاريات المسحمة وفقا لتعليمات الشركة الصانعة

경고!

배터리를 잘못된 종류로 교체하면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

WAARSCHUWING!

Er bestaat explosiegevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een verkeerd type. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

警告!

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告!

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个。必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告!

此装置连接的电源可能不只一个。必须切断所有电源才能停止对该装置的供电。

Warnung!

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein Strom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention!

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אזהרה!

ליחידה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן את היחידה.

تحذير!

قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة .
يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

警告!

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。修理する際には注意ください。

警告!

当系统正在进行时，背板上有很危险的电压或能量，进行维修时务必小心。

警告!

當系統正在進行時，背板上有很危險的電壓或能量，進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung!

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention!

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך העבודה.

تحذير!

هناك خطر من التيار الكهربائي أو الطاقة المخزنة على اللوحة عندما يكون النظام يعمل. كن حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاز.

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다.
서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

警告!

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告!

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告!

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung!

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention!

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

אזהרה!

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تحذير!

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقوايه المحلية والوطنية المتعلقة

بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal



Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

警告!

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告!

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告!

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung!

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention!

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

אזהרה!

סילוק המוצר

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

تحذير!

عند التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القوانين والأنظمة الوطنية

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing!

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Fan Warning



Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

警告!

回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。当您从机架移除风扇装置，风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇。

警告!

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。當您從機架移除風扇裝置，風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung!

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite ell montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mandtenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention!

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'écart des lames du ventilateur Il est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולה כאשר מסירים את חלקי המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير!

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطيرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة. من الممكن أن المراوح لا تزال تدور عند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة.

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 새시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조립품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing!

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the cord) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

警告!

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを、該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケーブルやアダプターを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSAマークがコードに表記)をSupermicroが指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告!

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线、电源线和电源适配器,包含遵照当地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头。使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告!

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線、電源線和電源適配器,包含遵照當地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭。使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號)。

Warnung!

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapter, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention!

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropries. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifiés- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

!הרהזא

רְחוּצָה וּמֵאֲתוֹהּ וְאוֹ שֶׁכֶּרְנֵי רֶשֶׁא AC מִימֵאֲתָמוּ מִיִּקְפֵס, מִיִּלְבֵּכֵב שֶׁמִּתְשֶׁהֵל שִׁי, רְצוּמָה תֵא מִיִּנִיקְתָּמ רֶשֶׁאֵכ לֵכֵב שׁוּמִיִּשׁ . עֵקֶתְהוּ לִבְכָה לֶשׁ הַנוֹכֵחַ הַדִּימ לִלּוֹךְ, תּוּיִמּוֹקְמָה תּוּחִיטְבָה תּוּשִׁירְדֵל וּמֵאֲתוֹהּ רֶשֶׁאוּ, הַנִּקְתָּהּ לְמִשְׁחָה יִרְשַׁכְמֵב שׁוּמִיִּשָּׁה יִקּוּחֵל מֵאֲתָהֵב . יִלְמִשַׁח רֶצֶק וְאוֹ הִלְקֵתֵל מִוִּרְגֵל לּוֹלַע, רְחֵא גּוֹסֵם מֵאֲתָם וְאוֹ לִבֵּכ לֶשׁ דּוֹק מֵהִילַע עִיפּוֹם רֶשֶׁאֵכ) UL-ב וְאוֹ UL-ב מִיִּכְמִסּוּמָה מִיִּלְבֵּכֵב שֶׁמִּתְשֶׁהֵל רוּסִיא מִיִּיק, תּוּחִיטְבָה יִקּוּחוּ דִּבְלֵב Supermicro י"ע מֵאֲתוֹהּ רֶשֶׁא רְצוּמֵב קֶר אֵלֵא, רְחֵא יִלְמִשַׁח רְצוּמֵב לֵכ רוּבַע UL/CSA)

!رذحت

عند تركيب المنتج، قم باستخدام التوصيلات المتوفرة أو المحددة أو قم بشراء الكابلات الكهربائية ومحولات التيار المتردد مع الالتزام بقوانين ومتطلبات السلامة المحلّية بما في ذلك حجم الموصل والقابس السليم. استخدام أي كوابلات ومحولات أخرى قد يتسبب في عطل أو حريق. UL أو CSA يحظر قانون السلامة للأجهزة الكهربائية والمعدات استخدام الكابلات المعتمدة من قبل مع أي معدات أخرى غير المنتجات المعنية والمحددة من قبل (UL/CSA) والتي تحمل علامة.

경고!

경고! 제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Waarschuwing!

Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA -gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix B

System Specifications

Processors

Supports dual 4th and 5th Gen Intel Xeon Scalable Processors (in Socket E LGA 4677) with four UPIs (maximum 20 GT/s) and a thermal design power (TDP) up to 350 W; SP XCC, SP MCC, and Max Series (HBM) SKUs supported

Note: Refer to the motherboard specifications pages on our website for updates to supported processors.

Chipset

Intel C741

BIOS

AMI SPI BIOS

EFI GUI, SPI dual/quad speed control, riser card auto detection support, RTC (Real Time Clock) wakeup, IPMIView, SMCIPMITOOL, IPMI CFG, SuperDoctor5, SD3 (for Windows OS), Redundant power supply unit detection, SPM, SUM-OOB/InBand

Memory

Up to 8 TB of 3DS RDIMM/RDIMM DDR5 (288-pin) ECC memory

4th Gen: memory speeds of up to 4800 MT/s in 16 DIMM slots (DDR5-4400 MT/s when fully populated)

5th Gen: memory speeds of up to 5600 MT/s in 16 DIMM slots (DDR5-4400 MT/s when fully populated)

Storage Drives

Eight 2.5" hot-swap NVMe/SATA/SAS hybrid drive bays

Four optional front 2.5" hot-swap NVMe/SATA/SAS hybrid drive bays (see section 6.3 for options)

Two M.2 NVMe or Two M.2 SATA3

PCI Expansion Slots

Two PCIe 5.0 x16 FH, 10.5"L

One PCIe 5.0 x16 FHHL

Input/Output

Network: One AIOM (Slim) slot for flexible networking (OCP 3.0 compatible)

LAN: One RJ45 Dedicated BMC LAN port

USB: Two rear USB 2.0 and one front USB 3.1

Video: One rear VGA port

Motherboard

X13DEM; Length 17.0", Width 11.5" (431.8 mm x 292.1 mm)

Chassis

CSE-HS119-R1K24P2 1U Rackmount, 1.7 x 17.2 x 29.3 in / 43 x 437 x 746 mm (H x W x D)

System Cooling

Eight 4-cm heavy duty fans with optimal fan speed control

Two air shrouds

Power Supply

Model: (default) PWS-1K24A-1R 1200 W redundant modules, 80Plus Titanium level

AC Input

800 W: 100-127 Vac / 50-60 Hz

1200 W: 200-240 Vac / 50-60 Hz

+12 V

Max: 83 A (100 Vac - 127 Vac)

Max: 166 A (200 Vac - 240 Vac)

12V SB

Max: 2.1 A / Min: 0 A

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 10°C to 35°C (50°F to 95°F)

Non-operating Temperature: -40°C to 60°C (-40°F to 140°F)

Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)

Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Regulatory Compliance

FCC, ICES, CE, UKCA, VCCI, RCM, NRTL, CB

Applied Directives, Standards

EMC/EMI: 2014/30/EU (EMC Directive)

Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016

FCC Part 15 Subpart B

ICES-003

VCCI-CISPR 32

AS/NZS CISPR 32

BS/EN 55032

BS/EN 55035

BS/EN 61000-3-2

BS/EN 61000-3-3

BS/EN 61000-4-2

BS/EN 61000-4-3

BS/EN 61000-4-4

BS/EN 61000-4-5

BS/EN 61000-4-6

BS/EN 61000-4-8

BS/EN 61000-4-11

Product Safety: 2014/35/EU (LVD Directive)

UL/CSA 62368-1 (USA and Canada)

Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016

IEC/BS/EN 62368-1

Environment:

Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863

Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS)

REACH Regulation EC 1907/2006

WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

California Proposition 65

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. "Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate"

この装置は、クラスA機器です。この装置を住宅環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

VCCI — A

BSMI/RoHS

限用物質含有情況標示聲明書

Declaration of the Presence Condition of the Restricted Substances Marking

設備名稱: 伺服器/ Server Equipment name						
型號 (型式) : HS119- R12X13 (系列型號: HS119- 20, SYS-121H- TNR) Type designation (Type)						
單元 Unit	限用物質及其化學符號 Restricted substances and its chemical symbols					
	鉛Lead (Pb)	汞Mercury (Hg)	鎘Cadmium (Cd)	六價鉻 Hexavalent chromium (Cr ⁺⁶)	多溴聯苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)
機殼 (Chassis)	○	○	○	○	○	○
機殼風扇 (Chassis Fan)	-	○	○	○	○	○
線材 (Cable)	○	○	○	○	○	○
主機板 (Motherboard)	-	○	○	○	○	○
電源供應器 (Power Supply)	-	○	○	○	○	○
電源背板 (PDB)	-	○	○	○	○	○
硬碟 (SSD, M.2)	-	○	○	○	○	○
附加卡 (Add-on Card)	-	○	○	○	○	○
<p>備考1. “超出0.1 wt %” 及 “超出0.01 wt %” 係指限用物質之百分比含量超出百分比含量基準值。 Note 1 : “Exceeding 0.1 wt %” and “exceeding 0.01 wt %” indicate that the percentage content of the restricted substance exceeds the reference percentage value of presence condition.</p> <p>備考2. “○” 係指該項限用物質之百分比含量未超出百分比含量基準值。 Note 2 : “○” indicates that the percentage content of the restricted substance does not exceed the percentage of reference value of presence.</p> <p>備考3. “-” 係指該項限用物質為排除項目。 Note 3 : The “-” indicates that the restricted substance corresponds to the exemption.</p>						

警告：為避免電磁干擾，本產品不應安裝或使用於住宅環境。

輸入額定：

PWS-2K07A-1R

100-127V ~, 60-50Hz, 12-9A (x2)

200-240V ~, 60-50Hz, 10-9.8A (x2)

*使用者不能任意拆除或替換內部配備

*報驗義務人之姓名或名稱：美超微電腦股份有限公司

*報驗義務人之地址：新北市中和區建一路 150 號 3 樓

經濟部標準檢驗局

BUREAU OF STANDARDS, METROLOGY AND INSPECTION,
MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

商品驗證登錄證書

CERTIFICATE OF THE REGISTRATION OF PRODUCT CERTIFICATION



證書號碼：CI362061993230 號 00

Certificate No.

茲據

美超微電腦股份有限公司

申請驗證登錄，經審查結果符合規

定，准予登錄並使用商品安全標章及識別號碼：

R36199

。其登錄事項如下：

The application made by

SUPER MICRO COMPUTER, INC. TAIWAN

for Registration of Product

Certification has been reviewed and found to be in compliance with related regulations. Therefore, registration is granted with the

Product Safety Mark and the Identification No.

R36199

. Details of the registration are follows:

申請人：美超微電腦股份有限公司

Applicant

統一編號：12729477

Uniform No.

地址：新北市中和區建一路150號3樓

Address

生產廠場：詳如附表

Factory

廠址：詳如附表

Factory Address

商品種類名稱：

Type/name of product

商品分類號列：8471.49.00.00.7

C.C.C Code

中文名稱：伺服器

Chinese name

英文名稱：Server

English name

型式：HS119- R20X13

Type

系列型式：HS119- 20, SYS-121H- TNR(以下空白)

Series of the type

依據標準：CNS15598-1 (109年06月)、CNS15936 (105年09月)、符合CNS 15663第5節「

Standards 含有標示」規定 102年7月

標準檢驗局發證(發證地址：100臺北市中正區濟南路1段4號)

This certificate is issued by the BSMI. (No.4, Sec. 1, Jinan Rd., Zhongzheng Dist., Taipei City 100, Taiwan)

本證書以電子文件行之，所載內容若有不符之處，以標準檢驗局系統登錄資料為主，查詢證書資料網址：<https://civil.bsmi.gov.tw>

登錄日期：中華民國	112	年	09	月	21	日
Registration Date	2023	(year)	09	(month)	21	(day)
本證書有效期限至	115	年	09	月	20	日
Expiration Date	2026	(year)	09	(month)	20	(day)
發證日期：中華民國	112	年	09	月	21	日
Date of issue	2023	(year)	09	(month)	21	(day)

註1：持本證書進口驗證登錄商品時，進口人須與本證書名義人相同。

註2：次年度商品驗證登錄年費繳納期限為當年11月30日，逾期未繳納者，經限期繳納屆期未繳納，即依商品檢驗法第42條第7款規定廢止驗證登錄，並自次年度1月1日起生效。

註3：本證書僅代表完成檢驗程序，不作為其他(如產地)證明。



列印序號:7346514999013292063

第1頁，共2頁

經濟部標準檢驗局

BUREAU OF STANDARDS, METROLOGY AND INSPECTION,
MINISTRY OF ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

商品驗證登錄證書

CERTIFICATE OF THE REGISTRATION OF PRODUCT CERTIFICATION

證書號碼： CI362061993230 號 00

Certificate No.

- 生產廠場： 1. SUPER MICRO COMPUTER, INC. TAIWAN
Factory： No.1899, Xingfeng Road, Da An Vil, Bade District,
Taoyuan City 33463, Taiwan
2. SUPER MICRO COMPUTER, INC.
980 Rock Ave, San Jose, CA95131, USA
3. Compuware Technology Inc.
3F., No. 306, Changan St., Bade District, Taoyuan City
33463, Taiwan
4. SUPER MICRO COMPUTER B. V.
Het Sterrenbeeld 12-16, 5215 ML 'S-Hertogenbosch, The
Netherlands
5. SUPER MICRO COMPUTER, INC.
782 Ridder Park Drive, San Jose, CA95131, USA

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